

"To learn something new, take the path you took yesterday"

∼ *John Burroughs*

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



CITY OF SAN CLEMENTE, CALIFORNIA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013



Prepared By: Finance and Administrative Services

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report June 30, 2013

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>PAGE</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal	iii-vi
Principal Official's	vii
Organization Chart	viii
GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	ix
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	3
Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)	
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements:	_
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental	
Funds to the Statement of Net Position	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	24
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	26
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	28
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in	
Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	32
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	34
Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position – Pension Trust Fund – Fiduciary Fu	ınd40
Statement of Changes in Net Position – Successor Agency to the San Clemente	_
Redevelopment Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund	41
Notes to the Financial Statements	45
Required Supplementary Information (unaudited):	
Note to the Required Supplementary Information	81
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual General Fund	82
Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – Developers Improvement Capital Project Fund	85
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – Public Facilities Construction Capital Project Fund	86

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Continued) June 30, 2013

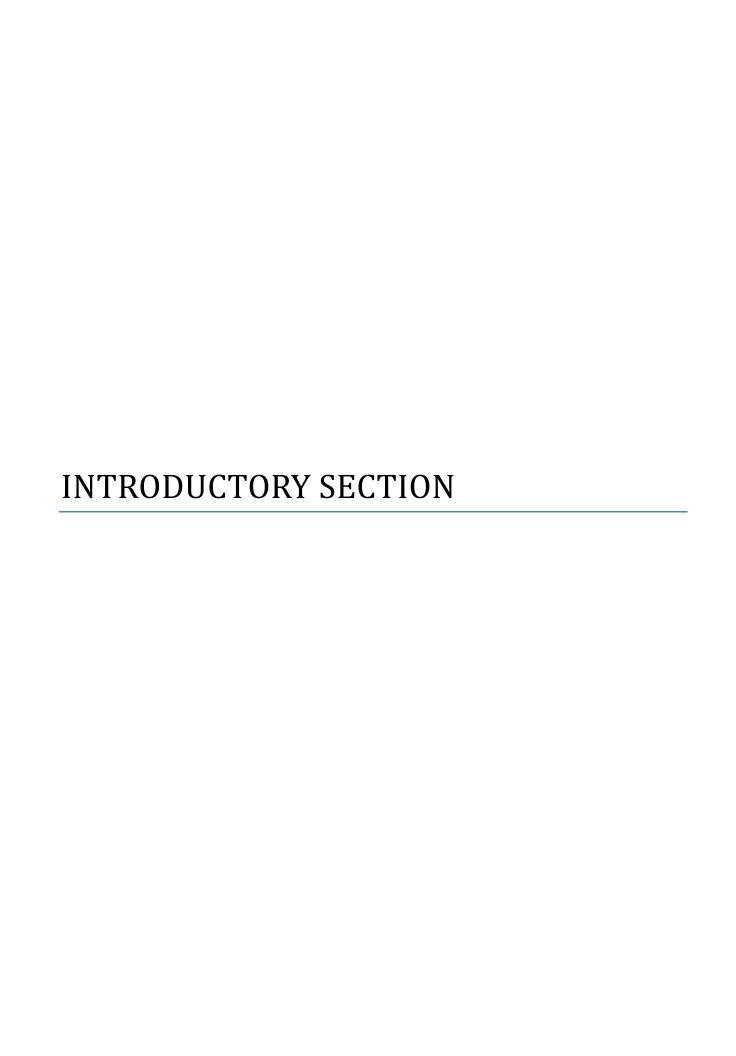
TABLE OF CONTENTS

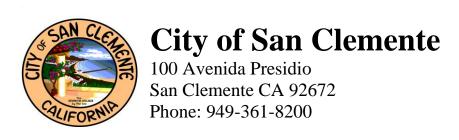
<u>PAGE</u>	3
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Descriptions of Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual:	
Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund	
Air Quality Improvement Special Revenue Fund	
Street Improvement Special Revenue Fund	
Police Grants Special Revenue Fund	
Miscellaneous Grants Special Revenue Fund	
Negocio Building Debt Service Fund	
Reserve Capital Project Fund	
Local Drainage Facilities Capital Project Fund	
RCFPP Capital Project Fund	
Parks Acquisition and Development Capital Project Fund	
Nonmajor Proprietary Funds:	
Description of Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Position – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds110	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
Fund Net Position – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds111	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	
Internal Service Funds:	
Description of Internal Services Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Position – Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and	
Changes in Net Position – Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds	
Agency Funds:	
Description of Agency Funds	
Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Agency Funds	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Report	
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Continued) June 30, 2013

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>PAGE</u>
STATISTICAL SECTION (unaudited)	
Financial Trends:	
Net Position by Component – Last Ten Fiscal Years	134
Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Governmental Fund Tax Revenues by Source – Last Ten Fiscal Years	140
Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Year	142
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds-Last Ten Fiscal Years	144
Revenue Capacity:	
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property – Last Ten	
Fiscal Years	146
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments -	
Last Ten Fiscal Years	148
Principal Property Taxpayers – Current and Nine Years Ago	150
Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Debt Capacity:	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type – Last Ten Fiscal Years	152
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt	
Legal Debt Margin – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Demographic and Economic Information:	
Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Fiscal Years	156
Principal Employers – Current and Nine Years Ago	
Operating Information:	
Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function	
– Last Ten Fiscal Years	158
Operating Indicators by Function – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Capital Asset Statistics by Function – Last Ten Fiscal Years	





December 13, 2013

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and Citizens of the City of San Clemente:

It is our pleasure to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of San Clemente (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient, reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatements. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Van Lant and Fankhanel, LLP, certified public accountants. The independent auditor concluded, based on the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A, which follows the independent auditor's report, and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the City of San Clemente

The City of San Clemente, incorporated on February 28, 1928, is located along the California coast, at the southern tip of Orange County, about 60 miles south of Los Angeles and 60 miles north of San Diego. The City currently occupies a land area of 18.45 square miles.

The City operates under a council-manager form of government, with a five-member council elected at large for four-year overlapping terms. The mayor is elected by the City Council for a one-year term and is the presiding officer of the Council. The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City Manager and City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Council, overseeing day-to-day City operations, and appointing the heads of the various departments. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis.

The City provides a full range of services which include general government, public safety (police, fire, and marine safety), disaster preparedness, building inspection, construction and maintenance of streets, economic development, beaches, parks and recreation, water, sewer, storm drain, clean ocean and golf. In addition to general City activities, the Council is financially accountable for the San Clemente Public Financing Authority and the Successor Agency to the San Clemente Redevelopment Agency, which was dissolved during Fiscal Year 2012. These entities are included as an integral part of the City's financial statements. Additional information on these legally separate entities can be found in Note I in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City Manager presents the proposed budget to the City Council for review prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than June 30, the close of the City's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and department. The City Manager may make both transfers of appropriations within a department and transfers of appropriations between departments.

Financial Overview and Policies

Local economy. The City, with a current population of 64,542, is located at the southern tip of Orange County, and borders the County of San Diego. Its mild, temperate climate and unsurpassed beaches attract more than 1.5 million visitors annually.

Property taxes and sales taxes are the main sources of revenue for the General Fund. The City experienced a period of rapid growth during the development of Talega, a planned community annexed into the City from the County of Orange. The development of Talega, which is approaching build out, increased property taxes



significantly during the last ten years. Recently, the overall instability in the economy resulted in the City experiencing slower property and sales tax revenue growth. However, as the economy rebounds and the last undeveloped area, Marblehead Coastal, is developed with retail and residential development total property taxes and sales tax revenue in the City are expected to improve significantly.

Overall, the City of San Clemente finances are stable and the operating position remains positive which is a direct result of the city's focus on planning for the future, as summarized below:

Long-term financial planning. The City conducts an annual financial planning process, with results presented to the City Council for review and consideration each February. The plan is intended to be a well thought-out analysis of issues that may affect the finances of the City of San Clemente. The Long Term Financial Plan (the "LTFP") is broad in scope and includes analysis of various items, including a five year financial forecast, trends history, reserves, financial policies, capital project funding, and other strategic issues. The financial forecast provides a frame of reference for evaluating the City's financial condition on an on-going basis to assist with decision making. The forecast is developed using a baseline environment, that is, revenues and expenditures are projected based primarily on key economic indicators, local growth patterns, and the present level of services provided by the City.

Any policy changes with fiscal impact are incorporated into the upcoming budget through the LTFP process. Financial policy requires that the City shall adopt a balanced operating position. This means that budgeted revenues are sufficient to support current operating expenditures while maintaining a positive operating position. Any one-time revenues that are received are to be used for one-time costs.

The City of San Clemente received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for Fiscal Year 2013. To qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

Capital planning. Major capital projects are also considered as part of the LTFP process, to assure funds are available not only for the construction of facilities, but also available to maintain and operate these facilities in the future.

Capital projects in progress during the year include the expansion of Recycled Water production and the Ole Hanson Beach Club renovation. The recycled water expansion project is essentially three projects: expansion of the treatment facility, expanding a recycled water distribution system, and adding recycled water storage capacity. Overall, the recycled water project will lower the city's dependence on external water supplies whose costs continue to increase. The Ole

Hanson Beach Club which was built in 1928 and is listed as a Historic Resource on the National Register of Historic Places has never undergone a complete restoration. This project incorporates a renovation of the building and pool complex while preserving the historic nature of the facility.

In 2012, the City completed Vista Hermosa Sports Park and San Clemente Aquatics Center, which includes various amenities. Operational costs were funded in Fiscal Year 2013 through funds set-aside by the City Council until the future development at Marblehead Coastal generates revenue.



Priorities for the future. The City Council's priorities for the future include the following:

- General Plan Update The General Plan, which was last updated in 1993, identifies goals, policies and implementation strategies for the City. The General Plan Update incorporates information from the community's strategic vision and develops the guiding principles for land use, urban design, housing, mobility, economic development, public health and safety, environmental resources, utilities, recreation and historic/cultural resources. This process is underway and is currently under Council review.
- Facilities Management The City is performing evaluations of various City locations, taking into consideration the accessibility, use and the aging of city facilities. This process identified the Ole Hanson Beach Clubhouse and beach restrooms as strategic priorities for renovation or improvements.
- Sand Replenishment Project San Clemente has suffered severe erosion of beach sand in recent years, which has resulted in the loss of recreational beach, damage, destruction to beachfront facilities, and increased risk to beach patrons due the exposure of underlying rock base. The City and the Army Corps of Engineers are engaged in ways to identify and quantify the best way to protect the shoreline and develop a plan for sand replenishment.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of San Clemente for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. This was the twenty-seventh consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. The City received this award for publishing an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. This award is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the GFOA requirements. The City will submit the CAFR to GFOA again this year.

Preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance and Administrative Services Department, and we would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted in its preparation. We would also like to thank the Mayor, City Council and City Manager for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Erik Sund

Assistant City Manager

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

CITY COUNCIL

Robert "Bob" Baker, Mayor Tim Brown, Mayor Pro Tem Lori Donchak Jim Evert Chris Hamm

PLANNING COMMISSION

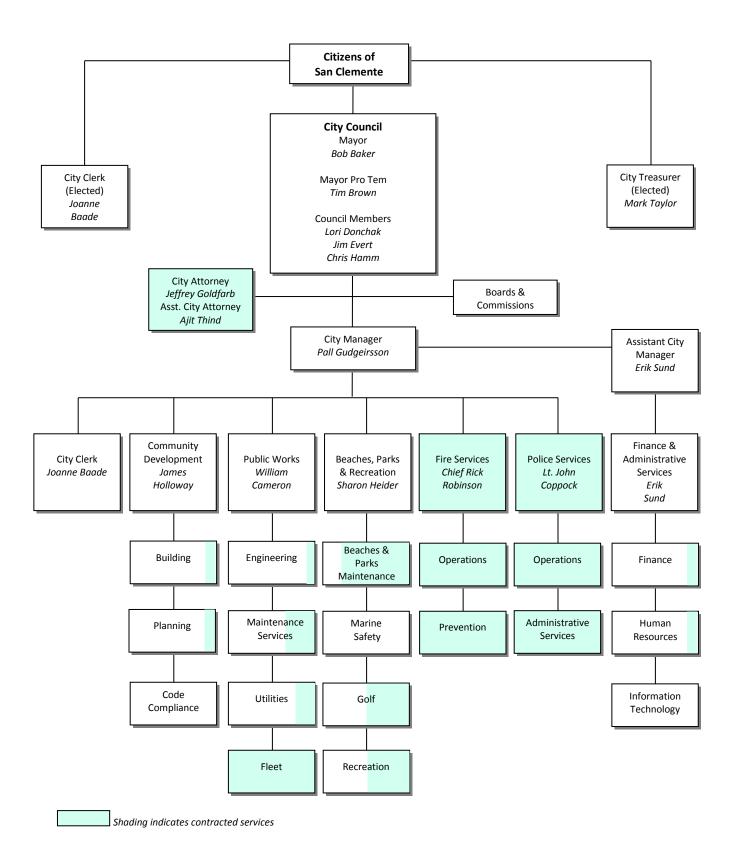
Nesa Anderson Lewis Avera Jim Ruehlin Michael Kaupp Julia Darden Barton Crandell Donald Brown

PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION

Dagmar Foy Chris McCormack Michael Smith Bill Thomas Eric Swartz Steven Streger Thomas Wicks

CITY STAFF

Pall Gudgeirsson, City Manager
Erik Sund, Assistant City Manager
Mark Taylor, City Treasurer
Joanne Baade, City Clerk
Jeff Goldfarb, City Attorney
William E. Cameron, City Engineer/Public Works Director
Sharon Heider, Beaches, Parks & Recreation Director
James S. Holloway, Community Development Director
Lt. John Coppock, Chief of Police Services/Lieutenant
Rick Robinson, Division Fire Chief





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

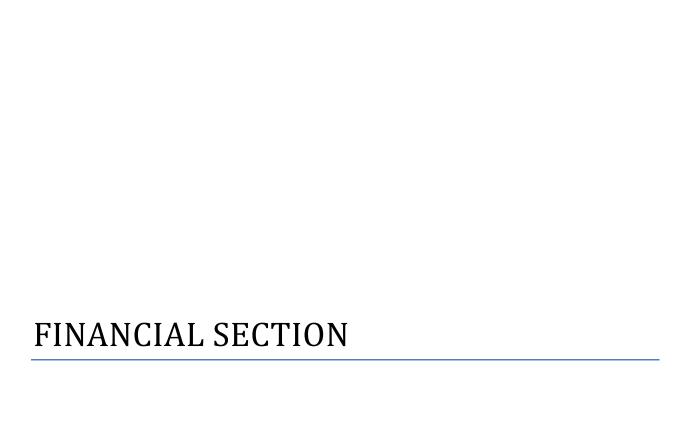
Presented to

City of San Clemente California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2012

Executive Director/CEO





Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable City Council City of San Clemente, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of San Clemente (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of San Clemente, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, and,

where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the schedules listed in the "Supplementary Information" section of the table of contents, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedules listed in the Supplementary Information section of the table of contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules listed in the Supplementary Information section of the table of contents are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated December 11, 2013 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

December 11, 2013

Van Laut + Fankhanel, 11P

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of San Clemente, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information furnished in our letter of transmittal beginning on page iii and the City's financial statements, which begin on page 17.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's net position increased \$2.4 million or 0.5% to \$479.6 million as a result of this year's operations.
- Net position totals \$280.6 million for governmental and \$199.0 for business-type funds.
- The total program revenues and general revenues were \$93.1 million.
- The total cost of all City programs, excluding program revenues, was \$43.8 million.
- During the year, the City's taxes and other governmental revenues exceeded expenditures by \$3.1 million.
- The General Fund reported a net change in fund balance of \$1.6 million.
- For the General Fund, actual resources were greater than the final budget by \$3.0 million and actual expenditures were \$8.8 million less than final budget.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of San Clemente's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements; 2) Fund financial statements; and 3) Notes to the financial statements. This report contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements and required information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of San Clemente's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These government-wide financial statement can be found starting on page 17 of this report.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents financial information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decrease in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety (police and fire), public works, community development, and beaches, parks and recreation. The business-type activities include water, sewer, and storm drain utilities, and the clean ocean, solid waste management, and golf course funds.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of San Clemente itself (known as the primary government), but also all legal entities for which the City is financially accountable. Accordingly, the financial information for the Successor Agency of the San Clemente Redevelopment Agency (RDA) which was dissolved in FY 2012 and the San Clemente Public Financing Authority are included as an integral part of the City's financial statements and reported as blended component units. Separately issued financial statements are available for the Public Financing Authority and can be obtained from the City.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds are used to account for the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions.

Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are required because the government-wide statements are prepared on the full accrual basis of accounting while the fund statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. These reconciliations

can be found on pages 22 and 26, immediately following the Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for Governmental Funds.

Proprietary Funds are Enterprise and Internal Service funds. The City uses an Enterprise Fund to account for its Water, Sewer, Storm Drain, Clean Ocean, Solid Waste and Golf Operations. Internal Service Funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally to various functions. The City uses Internal Service Funds to allocate central mail, reprographic services, communications, fleet maintenance and replacements, information technology, liability, medical and workers' compensation insurance costs.

The proprietary fund statements provide information for the Water, Sewer, Storm Drain, Clean Ocean, Solid Waste, Golf and the Internal Service funds. All of the Internal Service Funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the Internal Service Funds is provided in the form of combining statements.

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the City. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government-wide and primary governmental fund financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. Fiduciary Funds are reported in the Financial Section.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to the reader for a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its pension benefits to employees, OPEB benefits to its employees, and information on the budget to actual comparisons for major funds.

The other supplementary information provides combining statements that were referred to earlier in connection with the non-major governmental funds, the non-major proprietary funds and the Internal Service funds. The inclusion of the Statistical Section provides useful historical trend data on the City.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following summaries of net position and of changes in net position are presented for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012.

Table 1 Net Position (in millions)

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	oe Activities	<u>Total</u>	
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 105.6	\$ 101.6	\$ 52.1	\$ 49.5	\$157.7	\$151.1
Capital assets, net	188.3	193.2	<u>152.1</u>	148.5	340.4	341.7
Total assets	293.9	294.8	204.2	198.0	498.1	492.8
Current liabilities	7.9	8.1	4.6	2.3	12.5	10.4
Long-term liabilities	5.4	4.6	0.6	0.6	6.0	5.2
Total liabilities	13.3	12.7	5.2	2.9	18.5	15.6
Net position:						
Net investment in						
capital assets	186.6	191.3	152.1	148.5	338.7	339.8
Restricted	56.3	51.6	11.0	11.6	67.3	63.2
Unrestricted	<u>37.7</u>	39.2	35.9	35.0	73.6	74.2
Total Net Position	<u>\$280.6</u>	<u>\$ 282.1</u>	<u>\$ 199.0</u>	<u>\$ 195.1</u>	<u>\$ 479.6</u>	<u>\$ 477.2</u>

City asset's exceeded liabilities by \$479.6 million at June 30, 2013 as compared to \$477.2 million at June 30, 2012. The City's net position increased \$2.4 million during the current fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position (71 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (i.e., land buildings, machinery, equipment and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens: consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The total investment in capital assets decreased \$1.1 million, with a decrease of \$4.7 million in governmental activities due to a full year of depreciation on large capital projects completed in the previous fiscal year (a fire station, senior center, and sports park). The business-type activities investment in capital assets increased \$3.6 million due to a project under construction related to recycled water expansion.

The restricted portion of the City's net position (14 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. These restricted net position increased \$4.1 million due to developer contributions and receipts of restricted revenues.

The unrestricted net position balance of \$73.6 million may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Of this amount, almost \$36 million is held by the business-type activities (with amounts set-aside for capital replacement) and \$37.7 million by the governmental activities.

The condensed summary of activities, which follows, shows that net position decreased by \$3.2 million during the year.

Table 2 Summary of Activities (in millions)

	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	<u>To</u>	otal
Revenues	<u>2013</u>	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Program revenues:	<u> </u>					· <u></u>
Charges for services	\$ 8.3	\$ 10.4	\$ 33.1	\$ 30.2	\$ 41.4	\$ 40.6
Operating grants/contrib.	4.8	3.2	0.1	0.3	4.9	3.5
Capital grants/contrib.	1.2	2.7	3.4		4.6	2.7
General revenues:						
Property taxes	25.6	25.7			25.6	25.7
Sales taxes	7.6	7.1			7.6	7.1
Other taxes and fees	4.9	4.8			4.9	4.8
Other	3.9	1.3	0.2	0.4	4.1	1.7
Total revenues	56.3	55.2	36.8	30.8	93.1	86.0
Expenses:						
General government	6.2	7.5			6.2	7.5
Public safety	19.9	19.6			19.9	19.6
Public works	10.7	11.5			10.7	11.5
Community development	8.0	5.3			8.0	5.3
Beaches, parks & recreation	13.1	11.8			13.1	11.8
Interest and fiscal charges	0.1	0.2			0.1	0.2
Water			17.6	16.6	17.6	16.6
Sewer			11.0	10.6	11.0	10.6
Golf			2.3	2.2	2.3	2.2
Clean Ocean			1.6	1.8	1.6	1.8
Solid Waste			0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3
Total expenses	58.0	55.9	32.7	31.5	93.4	87.4
Net position change before						
extraordinary items/transfers	(1.7)	(0.7)	4.1	(0.7)	2.4	(1.4)
Extraordinary item ¹	-	(1.8)	-	-	-	(1.8)
Transfers	0.2	0.2	(0.2)	(0.2)	-	-
Change in net position	(1.5)	(2.3)	3.9	(0.9)	2.4	(3.2)
Net position – July 1	<u>282.1</u>	284.4	<u>195.1</u>	<u>196.0</u>	477.2	480.4
Net position – June 30	<u>\$ 280.6</u>	<u>\$ 282.1</u>	<u>\$ 199.0</u>	<u>\$ 195.1</u>	<u>\$ 479.6</u>	<u>\$ 477.2</u>

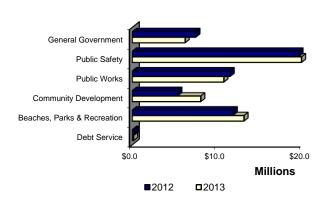
¹ Extraordinary item is a result of the dissolution of the San Clemente Redevelopment Agency in FY 2012.

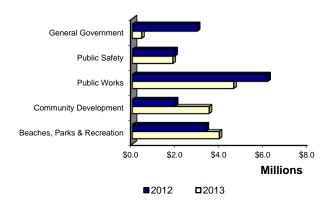
Governmental activities

Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$1.5 million as compared to a \$2.3 million decrease in the previous year. Revenues were \$56.3 million in Fiscal Year (FY) 2013 as compared to \$55.2 million in FY 2012. The City received less in capital grants during the year and experienced a small increase in taxes. Expenses increased by \$2.1 million from the prior fiscal year, and expenses were \$1.5 million more than revenues in the current year. Expense increases were due to higher fire contract costs, costs related to the General Plan and a full year of operations at a new park opened in the last half of FY 2012.

Expenses – Governmental Activities

Program Revenues – Governmental Activities



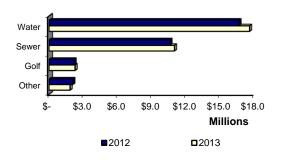


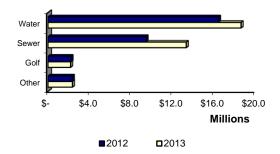
Business-type activities

Business-type activities net position increased by \$3.9 million as compared to a decrease of (\$0.9) million in the previous year. The overall change is attributed to higher program revenues as a result of changes to the rate structure for utilities and operating costs continually being monitored on an ongoing basis.

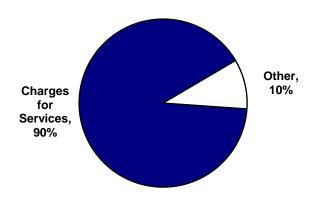
Expenses – Business-type activities

Program Revenues – Business-type activities





Revenues by Source – Business-type Activities



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on the near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$84.3 million. Unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion, constitutes \$3.6 million. The remainder of fund balance is not available for new spending because it has already been either: 1) in a nonspendable form such as loans receivable (\$4.1 million), 2) restricted based on legislation or under agreements with external parties (\$47.7 million), 3) committed based on City Council action (\$17.5 million), or 4) assigned for specific purposes based on the Council appointed designee (\$11.4 million). Governmental fund balances, in total, increased by \$2.7 million during the fiscal year due primarily to the State's repayment of borrowed property taxes. A large portion of the other governmental fund balances were from development fees received which were restricted for the use of capital projects.

Governmental funds, in total, had \$55.3 million of revenues and taxes represented 69% of the revenues. The change from the prior year was mostly in property taxes and service charges. Property taxes increased as a result of the State's repayment of a prior years borrowing of the City's property taxes. Service charges changed as a result of the full year's operation of a new park and aquatics center and the reporting of overhead reimbursements as a reduction to governmental costs.

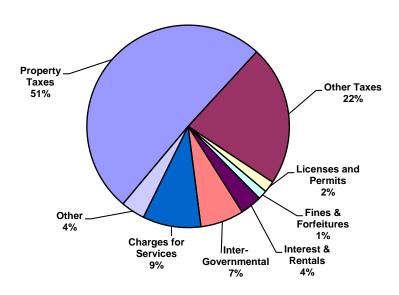
Total governmental fund expenditures were \$52.4 million in FY 2013 compared to last year's amount of \$63.3 million, which was a decrease of \$10.9 million. This decrease occurred primarily in capital outlay, which went from \$25.6 million to \$13.8 million as a result of the completion of the following capital projects during the prior year: fire station, senior center, and the sports park including the aquatics center.

Other significant governmental fund activity that occurred during the year as follows:

- Developers Improvement Capital Project fund received a developer fee and provided an affordable housing subsidy to a senior housing development through a long term residual receipts loan agreement.
- Gas Tax Special Revenue fund increased fund balance by \$1.0 million as a result of restricted revenues received, while street projects have been delayed due to pipelines to be installed under streets due to the recycled water expansion project. This delay has also contributed to an increase in the Street Improvement Fund.
- Other significant changes are the result of development fees received in the current year in the Public Facilities and the Parks Acquisition and Development Capital Project Funds.

A summary of the revenues by source for the governmental funds is as follows:

Revenues by Source – Governmental Funds Fiscal Year 2013



	2013	% OI	2012	% OI
Function	Amounts	Total	Amounts	Total
Property Taxes	\$ 27.8	51 %	\$ 25.7	46 %
Other Taxes	12.3	22 %	11.9	21 %
Licenses & Permits	1.0	2 %	0.9	2 %
Fines & Forfeitures	0.8	1 %	0.9	2 %
Investment & Rentals	2.4	4 %	2.6	5 %
Intergovernmental	3.8	7 %	4.8	8 %
Charges for Services	5.1	9 %	7.5	13 %
Other	2.2	4 %	<u>1.8</u>	3 %
	<u>\$ 55.3</u>	<u>100 %</u>	<u>\$ 56.3</u>	<u>100 %</u>

0/ of

2012

0/ of

2012

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water, Sewer and Golf operations at the end of the year amounted to \$15.4 million, \$19.4 million and (\$0.8) million, respectively. In total, unrestricted net position for all proprietary funds increased from the previous year. A large portion of these unrestricted net position are set aside for infrastructure replacement. The total Enterprise Fund's Net Position increased from \$195.2 million to \$199.0 million or by 2%.

Last year's change in net position was decrease of (\$607,993) and this year's increase was \$4.6 million. This increase is a largely due to higher service charges as a result of rate increases and changes to the rate structure as a result of a rate study. Water service charges increased from \$15.5 to \$17.6 million and sewer charges from \$9.3 to \$10.1. Total operating expenses only increased from \$31.4 million to \$31.5 million.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General fund is the main operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund's fund balance was \$30.1 million. Unassigned fund balance represents \$3.6 million or 12% of the total fund balance. In total, the General Fund balance increased by \$1.6 million over the prior year and represents 35% of all governmental fund balances.

The original budget for General Fund revenues was \$45.8 million. When compared to the final budgeted amounts there was a \$0.2 million increase, with most of this reflected in taxes and intergovernmental. Increases were related to grants revenues received during the year and as a result of a mid-year review adjusting property and transient occupancy taxes up by \$0.1 million.

The actual fiscal year revenues were in line with budgeted expectations in most categories. The largest budget variance was in taxes. Other budget variances included lower fine revenues and investment income and higher charges for services revenue as the result of exceeding original budget expectations in recreation charges, ambulance charges, and planning/building fees. Additional information on these revenues variances are summarized below:

- Property taxes were higher by \$2.9 million due to a repayment of property taxes borrowed by the State of California in the amount of \$2.2 million and \$0.3 million of administration fees collected by the County, which were refunded.
- Sales taxes were higher based on taxable sales within the City.
- Fines were lower as a result of police vacancies resulting in a lower number of tickets.
- Investment income was lower than budget due to the weak interest rate environment, lower cash balances and shortening of duration of the investment portfolio.
- Charges for services were due to higher recoveries on ambulance service charges, increased recreation service charges based on usage at the aquatic center, and planning/building fees as a result of a slight improvement in development from prior years.

The budgeted expenditures increased from the original \$53.4 million to final budget amount of \$54.4 million in the General Fund. The major changes were in capital outlay and public works, as a result of capital related items, including the Ole Hanson Beach Club renovation. Other changes from the original budgeted expenditures were minor during the year.

Actual expenditures in the General Fund ended the year \$8.7 million lower than the final budget, \$5.8 million of this amount will be reappropriated in FY 2014. Budget variances were in multiple categories, as explained below:

- City General costs came in lower by \$0.5 million as result of the continuing update to the General Plan which was still in progress at the end of the year. Budgeted costs were also included in Community Development to implement the zoning and other aspects of the General Plan.
- Police savings from budget were due to vacancies during the course of the year.
- Beaches, Parks and Recreation came in lower than anticipated due to lower than anticipated maintenance projects that have been delayed.
- Capital outlay was lower by \$5.1 million as a result of capital projects that will be started next fiscal year or project savings. Capital projects being reappropriated into FY 2014

include the \$3.0 million Ole Hanson Beach Club renovation and the Pier Restroom replacement for \$0.3 million.

Other financing sources (uses) include transfers in of \$0.7 million to support capital related activity. Transfers out totaled \$2.5 million with \$0.6 million to fund past projects to a capital projects fund, \$0.4 million to the General Liability fund to fund a settlement agreement, \$0.7 million transferred to support street projects, and \$0.3 million to provide funds for debt service.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2013, amounts to \$340.4 million (net of accumulated depreciation) as compared to the June 30, 2012 total of \$341.7 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, infrastructure, buildings and improvements, equipment, and construction-in-progress. The net decrease in the City's net investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$1.3 million. This change was the result of a \$4.9 million decrease in governmental activities and a \$3.6 million increase in business-type activities.

Major capital improvements during the fiscal year included street projects for the governmental type activities and the recycled water expansion capital projects for business type activities. Governmental activities infrastructure amounts capitalized totaled \$2.7 million consisting of streets, sidewalks, and traffic signals. The business type activities largest increase was \$6.7 million in construction in progress due to the recycled water expansion projects, a solids handling project, and other utilities capital projects.

Depreciation expense during the fiscal year was \$7.9 million for governmental activities and \$4.6 million for business-type activities as compared to \$6.4 million and \$4.4 million respectively in the previous fiscal year. The increase on the governmental activities is related to a full year of depreciation on a senior center, fire station, and park assets that were capitalized last fiscal year.

Further information can be found related to the Capital Assets in Note V of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

City of San Clemente Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation, in millions)

	Governmenta	Governmental Activities		e Activities	Total	
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Land	\$ 37.2	\$ 37.2	\$ 4.1	\$ 4.1	\$ 41.3	\$ 41.3
Infrastructure	91.1	92.4	62.5	64.9	153.6	157.3
Buildings &						
Improvements	54.8	57.9	70.6	71.3	125.4	129.2
Equipment	3.3	3.6	0.6	0.6	3.9	4.2
Construction-in-						
progress	<u> </u>	2.1	<u>14.3</u>	<u>7.6</u>	16.2	9.7
Totals	<u>\$ 188.3</u>	<u>\$ 193.2</u>	<u>\$ 152.1</u>	<u>\$ 148.5</u>	\$ 340.4	\$ 341.7

Long-term Liabilities. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt of \$1.6 million outstanding and \$127,026 of capitalized lease obligations. A principal payment of \$95,000 was made against the Certificates of Participation Bonds during the current fiscal year. Further information on the Long Term Liabilities can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements, Long Term Liabilities (Note VII).

Outstanding Del	t
(in millions)	

	Governmental Activities 2013	Governmental Activities 2012	Business-type Activities 2013	Business-type Activities 2011
Certificates of				
Participation	\$ 1.6	\$ 1.7	\$ -	\$ -
Capitalized Lease	<u>0.1</u>	0.2	<u> </u>	
Total	<u>\$ 1.7</u>	<u>\$ 1.7</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

SIGNIFICANT MATTERS

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action created a Successor Agency Trust fund that continues to pay the enforceable obligations that existed at the time of dissolution. Further information on the dissolution process of the former Redevelopment Agency is in Note XI-E.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Assistant City Manager, 100 Avenida Presidio, San Clemente, CA 92672.



CITY OF SAN CLEMENTE Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
<u>ASSETS</u>		_				
Current Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	88,839,388	\$	35,286,012	\$	124,125,400
Receivables		3,943,521		6,475,726		10,419,247
Due from other governments		695,952		359,207		1,055,159
Internal balances		1,486,061		(1,486,061)		-
Inventories		-		279,053		279,053
Land held for resale		410,000		-		410,000
Prepaid items		87,730		2,000		89,730
Non-current Assets:						
Restricted cash and investments		332,206		11,193,045		11,525,251
Loans receivable		9,785,689		_		9,785,689
Non-depreciable capital assets		39,100,919		18,411,807		57,512,726
Depreciable capital assets		, ,				, ,
(net of accumulated depreciation)		149,220,979		133,677,021		282,898,000
Total Assets		293,902,445		204,197,810		498,100,255
		, ,		, , ,		, , ,
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		2,387,310		4,225,891		6,613,201
Accrued wages		393,435		60,359		453,794
Unearned revenue		765,365		-		765,365
Deposits payable		1,927,366		223,776		2,151,142
Current portion of long-term obligations		2,484,340		123,995		2,608,335
Non-current Liabilities:		, ,		,		, ,
Capital lease obligation		88,094		-		88,094
Claims and judgements payable		1,684,371		564,864		2,249,235
Compensated absences		1,511,129		-		1,511,129
OPEB obligation		630,409		_		630,409
Certificates of Participation		1,455,000		_		1,455,000
Total Liabilities		13,326,819		5,198,885		18,525,704
		_				
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		186,634,872		152,088,828		338,723,700
Restricted for:						
Public facilities construction		17,010,967		10,969,269		27,980,236
Local drainage facilities		4,851,408		-		4,851,408
Developer improvements		4,048,600		-		4,048,600
Park acquisition and development		1,080,505		-		1,080,505
Affordable housing		10,177,032		-		10,177,032
Other capital		18,474,408		-		18,474,408
Other purposes		583,641		-		583,641
Unrestricted		37,714,193		35,940,828		73,655,021
Total Net Position	\$	280,575,626	\$	198,998,925	\$	479,574,551

See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements.

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

			Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	6,194,743	\$	398,141	\$	27,078	\$	-
Police		12,141,456		887,830		112,708		-
Fire		7,723,477		834,182		-		-
Public works		10,729,698		998,914		3,164,794		424,469
Community development		8,027,685		1,669,416		1,450,688		356,317
Beaches, parks & recreation		13,092,862		3,472,211		18,266		441,056
Interest and fiscal charges		147,897						<u>-</u>
Total governmental activities		58,057,818		8,260,694		4,773,534		1,221,842
Business-type activities:								
Water		17,583,799		18,479,553		-		159,287
Sewer		10,956,256		10,071,581		-		3,280,448
Golf		2,274,584		2,179,625		-		-
Clean Ocean		1,568,641		2,138,139		56,500		-
Solid Waste		271,321		168,240		-		-
Total business-type activities		32,654,601		33,037,138		56,500		3,439,735
Total	\$	90,712,419	\$	41,297,832	\$	4,830,034	\$	4,661,577

General Revenue

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Sales taxes - in lieu

Transient occupancy taxes

Franchise taxes

Other taxes

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenue and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year

Net Position - End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
\$ (5,769,524) (11,140,918)	\$ -	\$ (5,769,524) (11,140,918)
(6,889,295)	-	(6,889,295)
(6,141,521)	-	(6,141,521)
(4,551,264)	-	(4,551,264)
(9,161,329)	-	(9,161,329)
(147,897)		(147,897)
(43,801,748)		(43,801,748)
-	1,055,041	1,055,041
-	2,395,773	2,395,773
-	(94,959)	(94,959)
-	625,998	625,998
	(103,081)	(103,081)
	3,878,772	3,878,772
(43,801,748)	3,878,772	(39,922,976)
25,613,417	-	25,613,417
5,837,066	-	5,837,066
1,743,745	-	1,743,745
1,587,576	-	1,587,576
2,203,002	-	2,203,002
1,103,570	-	1,103,570
3,950,829	131,675	4,082,504
76,641	-	76,641
175,375	(175,375)	
42,291,221	(43,700)	42,247,521
(1,510,527)	3,835,072	2,324,545
282,086,153	195,163,853	477,250,006
\$ 280,575,626	\$ 198,998,925	\$ 479,574,551

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

June 30, 2013		 Capital
	 General	Developers nprovement
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$ 29,722,008	\$ 7,483,766
Receivables:		
Taxes	2,332,687	-
Accounts	485,298	190,858
Accrued interest	127,267	32,058
Loans	1,979,130	7,315,198
Due from other funds	68,031	-
Due from other governments	160,537	-
Land held for resale	-	410,000
Prepaid items	22,400	-
Restricted assets:		
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	-	-
Total assets	\$ 34,897,358	\$ 15,431,880
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,981,277	\$ -
Accrued wages	181,841	_
Unearned revenue	410,059	_
Deposits payable	1,713,597	169,819
Due to other funds	_	_
Total liabilities	4,286,774	169,819
DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unavailable revenue - receivables	442,331	190,858
Unavailable revenue - loans	-	5,604,545
Unavailable revenue - grants	 62,384	 _
Total deferred inflows of resources	 504,715	 5,795,403
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		
Nonspendable	2,001,530	2,120,653
Restricted	-	7,346,005
Committed	17,450,954	-
Assigned	7,060,897	-
Unassigned	 3,592,488	
Total fund balance	 30,105,869	9,466,658
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 34,897,358	\$ 15,431,880

Proje	ect Funds					
	Public		Nonmajor		Total	
	Facilities	C	overnmental	C	overnmental	
(Construction		Funds		Funds	
				·		
\$	16,938,408	\$	27,355,888	\$	81,500,070	
	-		928		2,333,615	
	-		522,364		1,198,520	
	72,559		117,387		349,271	
	-		491,361		9,785,689	
	-		-		68,031	
	-		535,415		695,952	
	-		-		410,000	
	-		-		22,400	
	_		332,206		332,206	
\$	17,010,967	\$	29,355,549	\$	96,695,754	
					<u> </u>	
\$	-	\$	274,283	\$	2,255,560	
	-		444		182,285	
	-		355,306		765,365	
	-		43,950		1,927,366	
	-		68,031		68,031	
			742,014		5,198,607	
	_		380,600		1,013,789	
	_		491,361		6,095,906	
	_		-		62,384	
-			871,961		7,172,079	
	_		<u>, </u>		· · · · ·	
					4 100 102	
	- 17,010,967		23,307,575		4,122,183 47,664,547	
	17,010,907		23,307,373 77,643		17,528,597	
	_		4,356,356		11,417,253	
	_		-,550,550		3,592,488	
	17,010,967		27,741,574		84,325,068	
\$	17,010,967	\$	29,355,549	\$	96,695,754	
Ψ	17,010,707	Ψ	27,333,347	Ψ	70,073,734	

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

Fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 84,325,068
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are	
not reported in the funds. The following is net of the Internal Service Funds of \$2,779,557	
Governmental capital assets 262,407,136	
Less: accumulated depreciation (76,864,796)	185,542,340
Long-term liabilities, including certificates of participation, are not due and payable in	
the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. The following is net	
of the Internal Service Funds compensated absences balance of \$198,489.	
Certificates of participation (1,560,000)	
Compensated absences (1,636,018)	(3,196,018)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of activities involved in rendering services to departments within the City. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the statement of net assets. Capital assets, net of depreciation 2,779,557 Long term liabilities, current and noncurrent portion (4,657,325) Other internal service assets (liabilities) 8,544,596	6,666,828
Certain revenues in the governmental funds are deferred because they are not collected within the prescribed time period after year-end. However, on the accrual basis they are included as revenue in the government-wide statements.	7,172,079
Deferred charges represent costs that are prepayments in nature and are to be amortized over the period which the benefit is received. Broker commission 141,259 Less: amortization (75,928)	65,331
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 280,575,628



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Capital
	General	Developers Improvement
Revenues:	Ф 40,000,414	Φ
Taxes	\$ 40,009,414	\$ -
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeits	1,042,511 776,634	-
Investment and rentals	1,796,484	
Intergovernmental	574,369	,
Charges for services	4,836,233	
Developers fees	4,030,233	1,301,725
Other	54,366	
	·	-
Total Revenues	49,090,011	1,383,474
Expenditures: Current:		
General government	4,497,265	-
Police	11,973,969	
Fire	7,478,736	-
Public works	6,149,677	-
Community development	4,373,349	3,131,171
Beaches, parks and recreation	10,209,081	-
Capital outlay Debt Service:	996,200	29,306
Principal retirements	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges		
Total Expenditures	45,678,277	3,160,477
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	2 414 524	(1.555.000)
Over (Under) Expenditures	3,411,734	(1,777,003)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	726.056	
Transfers in	726,056	
Transfers out	(2,489,120	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,763,064	(52,190)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,648,670	(1,829,193)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	28,457,199	11,295,851
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 30,105,869	\$ 9,466,658

Project Funds					
Public	Nor	ımajor	Total		
Facilities	Gover	nmental	Governmental		
Construction	Fı	ınds		Funds	
\$ -	\$	8,690	\$	40,018,104	
-		-		1,042,511	
-		-		776,634	
49,314		586,342		2,441,657	
-		3,226,096		3,800,465	
-		254,270		5,090,503	
234,771		71,468		1,607,964	
	-	426,275		552,873	
284,085	4	4,573,141		55,330,711	
-		465,160		4,962,425	
23,964		113,506		12,111,439	
-		-		7,478,736	
-		403,697		6,553,374	
35,510		217,387		7,757,417	
-		-		10,209,081	
18,531	2	2,015,249		3,059,286	
-		95,000		95,000	
		140,683		140,683	
78,005	3	3,450,682		52,367,441	
206,080		1,122,459		2,963,270	
629,650	2	2,261,963		3,617,669	
-	(.	1,303,984)		(3,845,294)	
629,650		957,979		(227,625)	
835,730	2	2,080,438		2,735,645	
16,175,237	25	5,661,136		81,589,423	
\$ 17,010,967	\$ 27	7,741,574	\$	84,325,068	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ 2,735,645
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period, as listed below: Capital outlay 3,059,286 Other maintenance activities included in capital outlay above (407,978) Gain (loss) on removal of capital asset (43,640) Depreciation expense (net of Internal Service Funds of \$653,065) (7,247,030)	(4,639,362)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of activities involved in rendering services to departments within the City. The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(1,005,874)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Principal repayments 95,000 Compensated absences change (governmental) 63,092	158,092
Certain revenues in the governmental funds are deferred because they are not collected within the prescribed time period after year-end. Those revenues are recognized on the accrual basis in the government-wide statements. Prior year deferral (5,902,853) Current year deferral 7,172,079	1,269,226
Some expenditures reported in the governmental funds provide benefits to future periods. This amount represents a commission that will be amortized over the future periods.	(28,252)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (1,510,525)



Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2013

	Enterprise Funds							
		Water		Sewer	Golf			
Assets:		Utility		Utility		Course		
Current Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	13,702,014	\$	19,109,151	\$	30,613		
Receivables	Ψ	2,536,184	Ψ	3,300,290	Ψ	19,172		
Accrued interest		72,212		116,297		131		
Inventory, at cost		221,916		-		57,137		
Due from other governments		358,675		532		-		
Prepaids		2,000		_		_		
Current restricted assets:		_,,,,,						
Cash and investments:								
Water deposits		223,776		_		_		
Developer impact fee reserves		2,931,132		8,038,137				
Total Current Assets		20,047,909		30,564,407		107,053		
Noncurrent Assets:								
Capital Assets:								
Land		3,660,761		410,298		2,011		
Water, sewer and storm lines		27,119,158		69,292,224		· -		
Utility assets		27,932,810		83,600,904		_		
Buildings		205,662		234,370		6,423,954		
Improvements other than buildings		-		-		3,266,622		
Machinery and equipment		635,624		623,321		1,013,530		
Construction in progress		3,238,958		11,083,567		-		
Subtotal		62,792,973		165,244,684		10,706,117		
Less accumulated depreciation		(21,074,640)		(62,299,059)		(3,297,459)		
Capital Assets (net of								
accumulated depreciation)		41,718,333		102,945,625		7,408,658		
Advance to other funds		-						
Total Noncurrent Assets		41,718,333		102,945,625		7,408,658		
Total Assets		61,766,242		133,510,032		7,515,711		

Enterprise Funds

 Enterpri	se Funds	
Nonmajor	Totals	Internal Service
\$ 2,444,234	\$ 35,286,012	\$ 7,339,318
429,921	6,285,567	31,482
1,519	190,159	30,633
-	279,053	-
-	359,207	-
-	2,000	-
-	223,776	-
_	10,969,269	_
	, <u> </u>	_
2,875,674	53,595,043	7,401,433
-	4,073,070	-
-	96,411,382	-
-	111,533,714	-
-	6,863,986	443,134
-	3,266,622	411,227
54,741	2,327,216	5,802,612
16,212	14,338,737	-
70,953	238,814,727	6,656,973
 (54,741)	(86,725,899)	 (3,877,416)
16,212	152,088,828	 2,779,557
 		605,881
16,212	152,088,828	3,385,438
2,891,886	205,683,871	 10,786,871

Statement of Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds June 30, 2013

	Enterprise Funds						
		Water		Sewer	Golf		
Liabilities:	Utility			Utility	Course		
~							
Current Liabilities							
Payable from Current Assets:	Φ.		4	. =	4	10.510	
Accounts payable	\$	1,314,455	\$	2,793,804	\$	49,643	
Accrued wages		26,274		23,356		6,182	
Long-term liabilities, current portion		33,173		49,300		35,958	
Total Current Liabilities							
Payable from Current Assets		1,373,902		2,866,460		91,783	
Payable from Pastricted Assets:							
Payable from Restricted Assets:		222 776					
Deposits payable		223,776				<u> </u>	
Total Current Liabilities		1,597,678		2,866,460		91,783	
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Capitalized lease obligations		_		_		_	
OPEB obligation		_		_		_	
Compensated absences payable		151,120		224,588		163,811	
Claims and judgments payable		-		-		· -	
Advances from other funds		-				605,881	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		151,120		224,588		769,692	
Total Liabilities		1,748,798		3,091,048		861,475	
Total Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets		41,718,333		102,945,625		7,408,658	
Restricted for capital projects		2,931,132		8,038,137			
Unrestricted Unrestricted		15,367,979		19,435,222		(754,422)	
Omesuicieu		13,301,717		17,433,444		(134,444)	
Total Net Position	\$	60,017,444	\$	130,418,984	\$	6,654,236	

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities to related enterprise funds

Net position of business-type activities

Enterpri		
NT .	T 1	Internal
Nonmajor	Totals	Service
\$ 67,989	\$ 4,225,891	\$ 138,259
4,547	60,359	204,641
5,564	123,995	2,084,857
78,100	4,410,245	2,427,757
_	223,776	_
78,100	4,634,021	2,427,757
-	-	88,094
-	-	630,409
25,345	564,864	169,594
-	-	1,684,371
	605,881	
25,345	1,170,745	2,572,468
103,445	5,804,766	5,000,225
16,212	152,088,828	2,652,531
-	10,969,269	-
2,772,229	36,821,008	5,786,646
\$ 2,788,441	199,879,105	\$ 8,439,177
	(880,180)	
	\$ 198,998,925	

(Concluded)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Enterprise Funds					
		Water		Sewer		Golf
		Utility		Utility		Course
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	17,586,556	\$	10,054,320	\$	1,923,725
Concessions		-		-		255,900
Other		892,997		17,261		-
Total Operating Revenues		18,479,553		10,071,581		2,179,625
Operating Expenses:						
Salaries and benefits		2,557,496		2,438,151		854,662
Cost of purchased water		8,016,006		-		-
Cost of materials and supplies		486,708		729,300		151,141
Depreciation		1,078,926		3,148,935		325,739
Insurance premiums		-		-		-
Benefit payments		-		-		-
Maintenance and other operating expenses		5,026,663		4,028,706		881,627
Total Operating Expenses		17,165,799		10,345,092		2,213,169
Operating Income (Loss)		1,313,754		(273,511)		(33,544)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):						
Investment income		49,704		76,648		(43)
Grant income		-				-
Interest and fiscal charges		_		_		(15,000)
Gain (Loss) on sale of capital assets		(20,566)		(328,410)		-
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		29,138		(251,762)		(15,043)
Income (Loss) Before Operating						
Transfers and Capital Contributions		1,342,892		(525,273)		(48,587)
Transfers and Capital Controllons		1,342,072		(323,213)		(40,307)
Capital grants		-		1,952,580		-
Capital contributions		159,287		1,327,868		-
Total Capital Contributions		159,287		3,280,448		-
Transfers in		67,600		693,716		_
Transfers out		(172,665)		(28,000)		_
Total Transfers		(105,065)		665,716		-
Change in Net Assets		1,397,114		3,420,891		(48,587)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		58,620,330		126,998,093		6,702,823
Net Position - End of Year	\$	60,017,444	\$	130,418,984	\$	6,654,236

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities to related enterprise funds

Change in net position of business-type activities

Enterpr	se Funds		
Nonmajor	Totals		Internal Service
			2011100
\$ 1,989,972	\$ 31,554	,573 \$	8,531,001
-	255	•	-
316,407	1,226		125,315
2,306,379	33,037	,138	8,656,316
431,042	6,281		922,196
-	8,016		-
58,600	1,425		557,231
-	4,553	,600	653,065
-		_	3,890,929 2,693,893
1,285,831	11,222	.827	2,188,917
1,775,473	31,499		10,906,231
530,906	1,537		(2,249,915)
	1,007		(=,= :>,> :=)
5,366		,675	26,301
56,500		,500	- (7.014)
-	,	,000)	(7,214)
61 966		<u>,976)</u>	30,860
61,866	(173)	,801)	49,947
592,772	1,361	,804	(2,199,968)
_	1,952	580	_
_	1,487		_
	3,439		-
		<u> </u>	
-		,316	403,000
(736,026)		,691)	-
(736,026)	(175	,375)	403,000
(143,254)	4,626	,164	(1,796,968)
2,931,695			7,583,614
\$ 2,788,441		\$	5,786,646
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			, , -
	(701	002)	
		,092)	
	\$ 3,835	,072	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

			En	terprise Funds	
		Water Utility		Sewer Utility	Golf Course
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers Cash paid to other suppliers for	\$	17,156,550	\$	8,000,907	\$ 1,905,891
goods or services Cash payment to employees		(13,468,276) (2,599,054)		(2,211,367) (2,476,324)	(1,050,190) (853,855)
Cash from rents and concessions Cash from other operating revenues		892,997		17,261	 255,900
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		1,982,217		3,330,477	 257,746
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Cash received from other funds Cash paid to other funds		55,135 (160,200)		693,716 (28,000)	605,881 (750,000)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities		(105,065)		665,716	 (144,119)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Capital contributions and grants Purchase and construction of capital assets		159,287		1,327,868 (5,234,060)	(228 204)
Cash proceeds from sale of capital assets Payment on capital lease payable Interest and fiscal charges Net Cash Provided by (Used for)		(1,234,025)		(3,234,000)	 (228,294) - (15,000)
Capital and Related Financing Activities		(1,074,738)		(3,906,192)	 (243,294)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Maturity (purchase) of investments Investment income received Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities	_	422,905 66,055 488,960		1,400,477 109,618 1,510,095	79,089 710 79,799
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,291,374		1,600,096	 (49,868)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		6,395,382		10,779,067	 63,828
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	7,686,756	\$	12,379,163	\$ 13,960
Reconciliation of Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Total cash and investments per the balance sheet	\$	7,686,756 9,170,166 16,856,922	\$	12,379,163 14,768,125 27,147,288	\$ 13,960 16,653 30,613

	Funds

Nonmajor	Totals	 Internal Service
\$ 1,938,222	\$ 29,001,570	\$ 8,716,108
(1,496,157)	(18,225,990)	(7,644,159)
(426, 349)	(6,355,582)	(899,078)
-	255,900	-
 316,407	 1,226,665	 -
 332,123	 5,902,563	 172,871
-	1,354,732	517,119
 (736,026)	 (1,674,226)	
(736,026)	(319,494)	517,119
56,500	1,543,655	_
186,304	(6,510,075)	(451,896)
-	-	30,860
-	-	(37,665)
 -	 (15,000)	 (7,215)
242,804	 (4,981,420)	(465,916)
222,630	2,125,101	264,948
18,178	 194,561	33,699
 240,808	 2,319,662	 298,647
79,709	2,921,311	522,721
 1,034,862	 18,273,139	 2,820,618
\$ 1,114,571	\$ 21,194,450	\$ 3,343,339
\$ 1,114,571	\$ 21,194,450	\$ 3,343,339
 1,329,663	 25,284,607	 3,995,979
\$ 2,444,234	\$ 46,479,057	\$ 7,339,318

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Enterprise Funds					
		Water		Sewer		Golf
Deconciliation of Operating Income to Not Cook		Utility		Utility		Course
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	1,313,754	\$	(273,511)	\$	(33,544)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash						
Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:		1.070.006		2 1 40 025		225 720
Depreciation expense Change in Assets and Liabilities:		1,078,926		3,148,935		325,739
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(430,006)		(2,053,413)		(17,834)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		(2,000)		-		-
(Increase) decrease in inventories		78,125		9,222		(9,836)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(26,201)		2,537,417		(7,586)
Increase (decrease) in accrued wages		260		1,648		(1,880)
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable		11,177		-		-
Increase (decrease) in OPEB obligation		-		-		-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(41,818)		(39,821)		2,687
Increase (decrease) in claims & judgments payable						
Total Adjustments		668,463		3,603,988		291,290
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)						
Operating Activities	\$	1,982,217	\$	3,330,477	\$	257,746
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:						
Contributions of capital assets from developers	\$	127,930	\$	104,666	\$	_
Unrealized gain (loss) from investments		(98,093)		(168,712)		(1,121)

Nonmajor		Totals	Internal Service
\$ 530,906	\$	1,537,605	\$ (2,249,915)
-		4,553,600	653,065
(51,750)		(2,553,003)	59,792
-		(2,000)	2,585
_		77,511	-
(151,726)		2,351,904	(79,756)
(1)		27	14,785
_		11,177	-
_		-	110,000
4,694		(74,258)	8,333
, -		-	1,653,982
	_		
(198,783)		4,364,958	 2,422,786
\$ 332,123	\$	5,902,563	\$ 172,871

Enterprise Funds

(Concluded)

Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2013

	Pension Trust		RI	DA Successor Agency Trust
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	207,851
Taxes receivable		-		-
Accounts receivable		-		22,391
Accrued interest receivable		-		890
Loan receivable		-		125,530
Restricted cash and investments		_		-
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		_		-
Investments, at fair value:				
Group annunity contract		8,690,075		-
PIMCO Total Return Bond mutual fund		8,703,277		-
U.S. Government Treasury Inflation Bond mutual fund		2,172,265		-
Dodge & Cox International mutual fund		6,516,797		-
Russell 1000 Index mutual fund		15,205,859		-
Russell 2000 Index mutual fund		2,172,265		
Total Assets		43,460,538		356,662
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	326
Accrued wages		-		-
Deposits payable		-		-
Loan from the City of San Clemente		_		1,979,130
Payable to bondholders				<u> </u>
Total Liabilities				1,979,456
Total Net Position:				
Held in trust for pension benefits and for other purposes	\$	43,460,538	\$	(1,622,794)

	Agency Funds	
\$	22,519 47,303 5,453	
	827,931 2,317,008	
	- - -	
	- - -	
\$	3,220,214	
ф	20.505	
\$	29,597 14,389 37,558	
	3,138,670	
\$	3,220,214	

Statement of Changes in Net Position Pension Trust Fund - Fiduciary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 2,266,731
Employee	1,213,642
Total Contributions	3,480,373
	2,100,270
Investment Income:	
Net appreciation (depreciation)	
in fair value of investments	4,779,537
Investment expenses	(113,472)
	_
Total Investment Income (Loss)	4,666,065
Total Additions	 8,146,438
Deductions:	1 000 004
Benefits	1,038,994
Administrative expenses	 48,662
Total Deductions	1,087,656
Change in net position	7,058,782
Net position - Beginning of Year	 36,401,756
Net position - End of Year	\$ 43,460,538

Statement of Changes in Net Position

Successor Agency to the San Clemente Redevelopment Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Additions:	
Property taxes	\$ 413,737
Investment income	96,053
Other	45,790
Total Additions	 555,580
Deductions:	
Program expenses of former redevelopment agency	85,776
Payment to the County of Orange	2,289,120
Total Deductions	 2,374,896
Change in net position	(1,819,316)
Net position - Beginning of Year	 196,522
Net position - End of Year	\$ (1,622,794)





Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

A. Description of government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The financial statements of the City of San Clemente have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

B. Reporting entity:

The City of San Clemente (the "City") was incorporated in February of 1928 under the General Laws of the State of California. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, beaches, parks and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, golf, utilities (water, sewer, storm drain and urban runoff) and general administrative services.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component units, and entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City is considered to be financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of that organization's governing body and the City is either able to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. The City is also considered to be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent upon the City (i.e., it is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes, set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval from the City). In certain cases other organizations are included as component units if the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that their exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The financial statements of the City include the financial activities of the City, the former San Clemente Redevelopment Agency (the "Successor Agency") and the San Clemente Public Financing Authority ("PFA"). The City has accounted for the Successor Agency and the PFA as "blended" component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

reported with the interfund data of the City. The accounting polices of the City, the Successor Agency and the PFA conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governments.

The Redevelopment Agency was established in January 1975 pursuant to the State of California Health and Safety Code, Section 33000 entitled "Community Redevelopment Law". Its purpose was to eliminate blighted areas by encouraging the development of residential, commercial, industrial, recreational and public facilities. All redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012. After the date of dissolution, the assets and activities of the dissolved redevelopment agency were transferred to the Successor Agency and are reported in a fiduciary fund (private-purpose trust fund) in the financial statements of the City until the obligations of the former redevelopment agency are paid in full.

The PFA was created in May 2007 pursuant to the State of California Government Code, Section 6500. The City and the Agency are member agencies. The Agreement provides for the PFA to jointly exercise the powers of the City and the Agency to provide for the financing or refinance of public capital improvements of the City, Agency or other local agencies through the acquisition and or purchase by the Authority of Local Obligations. The PFA has the power to acquire and to finance and refinance the acquisition of public capital improvements necessary or convenient for the operation of the City or the Agency, including the issuance of Revenue Bonds. The PFA is reported as an Agency fund since proceeds were used to refund a conduit debt, which are not obligations of the City. Separate financial statements for the PFA may be obtained from the City.

The City of San Clemente and the City of Dana Point are members of the Coastal Animal Services Authority. For more information on this Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement see Note XI-C.

C. Basis of presentation – government-wide financial statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities and changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements and eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which significantly rely on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Net assets, which is equity, is reported in the following categories: invested in capital assets, net of related debt, represents the City's equity interest in the capital assets; restricted assets are net assets whose use is not subject to the City's own discretion; and, unrestricted net assets are the remaining assets. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then use unrestricted resources as needed.

D. Basis of presentation – fund financial statements:

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statement for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Developers Improvement Capital Project Fund</u> – This capital projects fund is used to account for the proceeds of settlements from developers and the future costs of maintaining and/or improving the streets or other infrastructure in the related development tracts.

<u>Public Facilities Construction Capital Project Fund</u> - This capital projects fund is used to account for developer fees collected to provide for future public facilities necessitated by new development and expenditures for the construction of beach parking facilities, public safety buildings or equipment and public facilities.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

<u>Water Utility Fund</u> - The water utility fund is used to account for financial activity of the City's water utility. The costs of providing these services to the general public are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

<u>Sewer Utility Fund</u> - The sewer utility fund is used to account for the financial activity of the City's sewer utility. The costs of providing these services to the general public are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Golf Course Fund - The golf course fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City owned 18-hole golf course. The costs of providing these services to the general public are financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City considers this a major fund.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - The internal service funds are used to finance and account for self-insurance, employee services, data processing, central services, and fleet service to other departments or agencies of the City, on a cost reimbursement basis.

<u>Pension Trust Fund</u> - The pension trust fund accounts for the activities of the City of San Clemente Employee Retirement Plan (CSCERP), which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified non-public safety city employees.

<u>Private Purpose Trust Fund</u> - The Successor Agency Trust fund holds assets and accumulates resources to pay enforceable obligations and administrative costs of former Redevelopment Agency after the date of dissolution.

<u>Agency Funds</u> – The Agency funds are used to account for taxes received for special assessment debt for which the City is not obligated and monies that are held as part of a joint powers authority agreement.

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statement, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balance between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances, so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminates are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfer in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. On an accrual basis, property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized as revenue once all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recorded when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary, pension trust fund, and the private-purpose trust fund are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Agency funds have no measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

The City applies all applicable GASB pronouncements in accounting and reporting for its operations as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradicts GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARBs) of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

F. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance:

1. Cash and investments:

The City pools cash and investments of all funds, except for assets held by fiscal agents. Cash is considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits. Investments are reported in the accompanying balance sheet at fair value. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as cash and investments.

Investment income includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as investment income reported for that fiscal year. Investment income and interest earned by the pooled investments is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's average cash and investment balance.

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, the propriety funds consider all cash and investments that are maturing within 90 days to be cash equivalents, including amounts invested by fiscal agents, as the deposits can be accessed at any time. Also, the City invests a substantial amount of its portfolio in the California Local Agency Investment Fund, which can be converted to cash within 24 hours notice and is considered a cash and cash equivalent.

2. Inventories and prepaids:

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in the enterprise funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

3. Capital assets:

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government wide-financial statements.

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. Capital assets subject to lease obligations are valued at the present value of future lease payments at the inception of the lease. The City utilizes a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for property, plant, and equipment and \$25,000 for infrastructure assets.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets used by the governmental and business-type activities is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Utility assets	10-60 years
Buildings	30-50 years
Improvements other than buildings	10-50 years
General equipment	10 years
Vehicles	3-25 years
Infrastructure	20-75 years

4. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental fund reports unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

5. Net position flow assumption:

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

6. Fund balance flow assumptions:

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

7. Fund balance policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitation on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The governing council has authorized the city manager to assign fund balance. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment. Further information on the fund balance classifications are reported in Note X.

G. Revenues and expenditures/expenses

1. Program Revenues:

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to members, customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

2. Property taxes:

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of March 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in two installments on December 10 and April 10. The County of Orange bills and collects the property taxes and remits them to the City in installments during the year. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they are available to finance current operations.

The County of Orange is permitted by State law (Proposition 13) to levy taxes at 1% of full market value (at time of purchase) and can increase the assessed values no more than two percent per year. The City receives a share of this basic levy proportionate to what was received in the 1976 to 1978 period.

3. Compensated Absences:

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, sick and compensatory time. The balance of unpaid vacation, sick time for eligible employees, and compensatory time at June 30, 2013 is recorded as a liability. Unpaid compensated absences in proprietary fund types are recorded as a liability in those funds as vested benefits accrue to the employees.

4. Proprietary funds operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations.

5. Claims and Judgments:

When it is probable that a claim liability has been incurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated, the City records the estimated loss, net of any insurance coverage under its self-insurance program. Claims payable, which is an estimate for "incurred but not reported claims" ("IBNR"), are recorded in an internal service fund.

6. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of basic financial statement in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could be different from those estimates.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The City adopts budgets for the governmental funds on an annual basis substantially consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgeted amounts reported are as originally adopted and as further amended by the City Council. The general fund, special revenue funds, and most capital project funds have legally adopted budgets as well as the Negocio Building and debt service funds. The capital project funds adopt project length budgets. The City does not adopt annual budgets for the 99-1 A.D. Capital Improvements Capital Project Fund. The City made supplemental budgetary appropriations during the fiscal year of \$5.4 million.

III. CASH AND INVESTMENTS:

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2013 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 124,125,400
Cash and investments - restricted	11,525,251
Fiduciary funds:	
Cash and investments	207,851
Cash and investments - restricted	827,931
Cash and investments held by bond trustee	2,317,008
Pension trust investments	 43,460,538
Total cash and investments	\$ 182,463,979

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2013 consist of the following:

Cash on hand	\$	5,000
Deposits with financial institutions		3,119,221
Investments held by City and bond trustee		135,879,220
Pension trust investments		43,460,538
m . 1 1 1 1	Φ.	102 462 070
Total cash and investments	<u>\$</u>	182,463,979

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy:

The following table identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where it is more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where it is more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

		Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio*	in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	100%	None
U.S. Agency Securities:	5 years	75%	30%
Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB)			
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)			
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC	C)		
Federal National Mortgage Assoc. (FNMA)			
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	30%	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	15%	\$ 2 Million
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	15%	10%
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	\$ 50 Million
Commercial Paper	270 days	15%	10%
Orange County Investment Pool	N/A	10%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	30%	10%
Insured Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	10%

^{*} Excluding amounts held by bond trustee that are not subject to California Government Code restrictions.

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements:

Investments of debt proceeds held by the bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The following table identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

		Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	Allowed	in One Issuer
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	30%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	15%	None
Investment Contracts	30 years	None	None
LAIF	N/A	None	None

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations based on historical trends. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

		Remaining Maturity (in Months)					
_	Total		12 Months		13 to 24		25 to 60
Investment Type	 Amount		or Less		Months		Months
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 25,020,870	\$	9,038,233	\$	6,995,702	\$	8,986,935
Federal Agency securities:							
Federal Farm Credit Bank	8,969,655		2,007,902		-		6,961,753
Federal Home Loan Bank	12,708,966		6,091,065		1,006,943		5,610,958
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	17,117,332		3,065,220		5,092,168		8,959,944
Federal National Mortgage Assoc.	15,922,519		6,033,128		1,001,955		8,887,436
LAIF	49,430,976		49,430,976		-		-
Medium Term Note	4,059,688		-		2,014,744		2,044,944
Held by bond trustee:							
Money market funds	1,859,041		1,859,041		-		-
U.S. Treasury securities*	457,967		-		-		-
LAIF	 332,206		332,206		-		-
Total	\$ 135,879,220	\$	77,857,771	\$	16,111,512	\$	41,451,970

^{*}Final maturity is 05/15/2019

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk:

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The following presentation is the minimum rating allowed by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual ratings as of year end for each investment type as determined by Standard and Poor's.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

		Minimum	Exempt From	Rat	ings as of Year E	end
Investment Type	<u>Amount</u>	Rating	Rating	AAA	AA+	AA-
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 25,020,870	N/A	\$ 25,020,870	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Federal agency						
securities:						
FFCB	8,969,655	N/A	8,969,655	-	-	-
FHLB	12,708,966	N/A	12,708,966	-	-	-
FHLMC	17,117,332	N/A	17,117,332	-	-	-
FNMA	15,922,519	N/A	15,922,519	-	-	-
LAIF	49,430,976	N/A	49,430,976	-	-	-
Medium Term Notes	4,059,688	A	-	-	3,047,282	1,012,406
Held by Bond trustee:						
Money market						
funds	1,859,041	N/A	-	1,859,041	-	-
U.S. Treasury						
securities	457,967	N/A	457,967	-		-
Local agency						
investment fund	332,206	N/A	332,206			
	\$ 135,879,220	<u>=</u> :	\$ 129,960,491	\$ 1,859,041	\$ 3,047,282	\$ 1,012,406

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The investment policy of the City contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total City's investments are as follows:

		Reported	% of City
<u>Issuer</u>	Investment Type	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Investments</u>
U.S. Treasury	U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 25,020,870	18%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	Federal agency securities	8,969,655	7%
Federal Home Loan Bank	Federal agency securities	12,708,966	9%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	Federal agency securities	17,117,332	13%
Federal National Mortgage Assoc.	Federal agency securities	15,922,519	12%

Custodial Credit Risk:

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. GASB Statement No. 40 requires that the following disclosure be made with respect to custodial credit risks relating to deposits and investments: \$3,354,379 of the City's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits is held in collateralized accounts.

As of June 30, 2013, City investments in the following investment types were held by the safekeeping department of Bank of the West and the City uses other broker-dealers to buy the securities:

	Reported
Investment Type	Amount
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 25,020,870
Federal agency securities:	
Federal Farm Credit Bank	8,969,655
Federal Home Loan Bank	12,708,966
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	17,117,332
Federal National Mortgage Association	15,922,519

Investment in State Investment Pool:

The City is a voluntary participant in the LAIF which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City's investment with LAIF at June 30, 2013, includes a portion of the pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities:

Structured Notes are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

Asset-Backed Securities are generally mortgage-backed securities that entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (for example, Collateralized Mortgage Obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2013, the City had \$49,430,976 invested in LAIF and \$332,206 held by a Bond Trustee invested in LAIF, which had invested 1.88% of the pool investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset Backed Securities. The LAIF fair value factor of 1.0002732 was used to calculate the fair value of the investments in LAIF.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Investments in Pension Trust fund:

The City of San Clemente Employees' Retirement Plan (CSCERP) pension trust investments are not covered by the City's Investment Policy. Investments consist of equity mutual funds, fixed income mutual funds, and an annuity contract. Specific guidelines for the funds are detailed in the prospectus, or declaration of Trust for each individual fund. The target asset allocation of the investment portfolio is an allocation of 55% in equities and 45% in fixed income investments. The City uses an investment advisory firm to assist with the management and oversight of the pension fund investments. A summary of the investments held and the percentage of the pension investment portfolio at June 30, 2013 follows:

		Percent of
		Pension
Pension Trust Fund Investments	Fair value	<u>Portfolio</u>
Equity Investments (55% of pension investments)		
Dodge & Cox International mutual fund	\$ 6,516,797	15%
Russell 1000 Index mutual fund	15,205,859	35%
Russell 2000 Index mutual fund	2,172,265	5%
Fixed Income Investments (45% of pension investments	s)	
Group annuity contract	8,690,075	20%
PIMCO Total Return Bond mutual fund	8,703,277	20%
US Government Treasury Inflation Bond mutual fund	2,172,265	5%
Total pension trust investments (fair value)	\$ 43,460,538	100%

Specifically identifiable investments are recorded by the Trustee in its records. All investments are either held by the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the City's or CSCERP's name directly.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

IV. RECEIVABLES:

Receivables, including restricted amounts, at June 30, 2013 were as follows:

	Taxes	Ac	counts	 Interest		Loans	Total
Governmental Activities:							
General fund	\$ 2,332,687	\$ 4	485,298	\$ 127,267	\$	1,979,130	\$ 4,924,382
Developers improvement fund	-		190,858	32,058		7,315,198	7,538,114
Public facilities fund	-		-	72,559		-	72,559
Nonmajor funds	928	:	522,364	117,387		491,361	1,132,040
Internal service funds			31,482	30,633			62,115
	\$ 2,333,615	\$ 1,2	230,002	\$ 379,904	\$	9,785,689	\$ 13,729,210
	Accounts	In	nterest	Total			
Business-type Activities:							
Water utility	\$ 2,536,184	\$	72,212	\$ 5 2,608,396	5		
Sewer utility	3,300,290		116,297	3,416,587	7		
Golf course	19,172		131	19,303	3		
Nonmajor funds	429,921		1,519	 431,440)		
	\$ 6,285,567	\$.	190,159	\$ 6 6,475,726	5		

Loans receivable in governmental activities consist of a \$1,979,130 due from the Redevelopment Agency Successor Agency approved for payment by the State of California and \$7,806,559 of affordable housing loans.

V. CAPITAL ASSETS:

The City has reported all capital assets including infrastructure in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets. The City elected to use the basic approach as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for all infrastructure reporting, whereby depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation has been recorded.

During the year, in the governmental activity capital assets, the Redevelopment Agency property held at time of the Agency dissolution was transferred to the City through the Successor Agency Trust. The properties transferred to the City are considered public use assets by the City and include the pier and a grassy parkway area. In addition, \$410,000 of land was reclassified from capital assets to land held for resale in the Developers Improvement Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

A summary of changes in capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2013 is as follows:

	Balance				Balance
Governmental Activities	July 1, 2012	 Additions	 Deletions	J	une 30, 2013
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	 	 			
Land	\$ 37,194,934	\$ -	\$ -	\$	37,194,934
Construction in progress	 2,121,806	 2,895,788	 (3,111,609)		1,905,985
Total Capital Assets, Not					
Being Depreciated	39,316,740	 2,895,788	 (3,111,609)		39,100,919
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Buildings	27,505,490	-	-		27,505,490
Improvements other than buildings	52,593,340	181,155	(700,870)		52,073,625
General equipment	8,025,935	472,361	(325,396)		8,172,900
Infrastructure	 139,830,413	 2,665,509	 (284,748)		142,211,174
Total Capital Assets,					
Being Depreciated	 227,955,178	 3,319,025	(1,311,014)		229,963,189
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:					
Buildings	(9,772,116)	(689,865)	-		(10,461,981)
Improvements other than buildings	(12,494,705)	(2,443,814)	669,997		(14,268,522)
General equipment	(4,408,103)	(763,314)	308,857		(4,862,560)
Infrastructure	 (47,434,566)	 (4,003,102)	 288,521		(51,149,147)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	 (74,109,490)	 (7,900,095)	 1,267,375		(80,742,210)
Net Capital Assets,					
Being Depreciated	 153,845,688	 (4,581,070)	 (43,639)		149,220,979
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets	\$ 193,162,428	\$ (1,685,282)	\$ (3,155,248)	\$	188,321,898

Construction in progress consists of various street improvement projects. Construction in progress capitalized during the year consisted of multiple street projects.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

A summary of property, plant and equipment at June 30, 2013 for the City's business-type activities is as follows:

Business-type Activities		Balance July 1, 2012		Additions		Deletions	ī	Balance une 30, 2013
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:		July 1, 2012		Additions		Defetions		unc 30, 2013
Land	\$	4,073,070	\$	_	\$	_	\$	4,073,070
Construction in progress	Ψ	7,630,661	Ψ	8,055,059	Ψ	(1,346,983)	Ψ	14,338,737
Community of London		.,,,,,,,,,,			-	(2,0 10,2 00)		,
Total Capital Assets,								
Not Being Depreciated		11,703,731		8,055,059		(1,346,983)		18,411,807
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Buildings		6,863,986		-		-		6,863,986
Water, sewer, storm lines		95,660,636		1,303,114		(552,368)		96,411,382
Utility assets		111,354,767		223,172		(44,225)		111,533,714
Improvements other than buildings		3,266,622		-		-		3,266,622
Machinery and equipment		2,279,846		228,294		(180,924)		2,327,216
Total Capital Assets,								
Being Depreciated		219,425,857		1,754,580		(777,517)		220,402,920
Deing Depreciated	-	217,423,037		1,734,300		(777,517)		220,402,720
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Buildings		(1,060,316)		(147,854)		-		(1,208,170)
Water, sewer, storm lines		(31,370,684)		(1,398,530)		221,086		(32,548,128)
Utility assets		(46,371,975)		(2,640,258)		26,534		(48,985,699)
Improvements other than buildings		(2,070,599)		(246,398)		-		(2,316,997)
Machinery and equipment		(1,727,269)		(120,560)		180,924		(1,666,905)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(82,600,843)		(4,553,600)		428,544		(86,725,899)
Net Capital Assets,								
Being Depreciated		136,825,014		(2,799,020)		(348,973)		133,677,021
Business-type Activities								
Capital Assets	\$	148,528,745	\$	5,256,039	\$	(1,695,956)	\$	152,088,828

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities
Governmental activities			
General government	\$	15,480	\$ -
Police		8,473	
Fire		227,035	-
Public works		3,867,625	-
Community development		213,631	-
Beaches, parks and recreation		2,914,786	-
Internal service		653,065	-
Water		-	1,078,926
Sewer		-	3,148,935
Golf		_	 325,739
Total depreciation expense	\$	7,900,095	\$ 4,553,600

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

VI. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLE AND TRANSFERS:

The purpose of the interfund transactions is to make short-term and long-term interfund loans from the General Fund to various funds. These interfund loans are to provide for negative cash balances at year-end, operating cash flow and funding for the Agency to consolidate prior long-term loans. Due to/from amounts are short term financing, which are paid within one year, and the advances are for longer term financing.

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	68,031
Advances from/to other funds:			
Advances to	Advances from		Amount
RDA Successor Agency	General fund	\$	1,979,130
Golf fund	Workers' Compensation fund		605,881
Total		\$	2,585,011

On July 1, 2002, the Agency and the City entered into an agreement to advance to the Agency \$3,420,690 at a rate of 2.9% per annum. This advance plus accrued interest was to be repaid to the City from future tax increment revenues. However, on February 1, 2012 the Redevelopment Agency was dissolved and the current outstanding loan amount of \$1,979,130, may be reimbursed to the General Fund through future property taxes.

The Golf Fund advance from the Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund of \$750,000 provided funds for construction costs of the Golf Course Clubhouse. This advance is being fully amortized over five years bearing an interest rate of 2%. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2013 is \$605,881.

Interest and principal payments on the Workers' Compensation loan are as follows:

Year June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2014 2015 2016 2017	\$ 147,001 149,941 152,940 155,999	\$ 12,118 9,178 6,179 3,120	\$ 159,119 159,119 159,119 159,119
Totals	\$ 605,881	\$ 30,595	\$ 636,476

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Interfund Transfers:

		Transfers Out									
<u>Transfers In</u>	General Fund		Improvement Governm		lonmajor vernmental Fund	Water Il Utility Fund		Sewer Utility Fund	Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	Total	
General Fund	\$ -	\$	-	\$	502,946	\$	25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 173,110	\$ 726,056	
Public Facilities											
Construction	629,650		-		-		-	-	-	629,650	
Nonmajor											
Governmental											
Funds	1,298,570		52,190		763,538		147,665	-	-	2,261,963	
Water Utility Fund	64,600		-		-		-	3,000	-	67,600	
Sewer Utility Fund	93,300				37,500		-	-	562,916	693,716	
Internal Service											
Funds	403,000		-				-			403,000	
Total	\$2,489,120	\$	52,190	\$1	,303,984	\$	172,665	\$ 28,000	\$ 736,026	\$4,781,985	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization.

During the year ended June 30, 2013 General Fund transfers included significant transfers of \$756,290 to the Street Improvement Special Revenue Fund to fund continued street rehabilitation, a transfer of \$403,000 to the General Liability Fund to fund a settlement agreement, and a transfer of \$629,650 to the Public Facilities Construction Fund to fund past project costs. Significant transfers in the nonmajor governmental funds were primarily related to street projects as funding was provided to the Street Improvement Fund. Significant transfers in the nonmajor proprietary funds related to activities in the sewer fund supported by the Clean Ocean Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

VII. LONG TERM LIABILITIES:

Governmental:

1. Certificates of Participation:

On June 1, 1994, \$1,240,000 of Series A and \$2,555,000 of Series B Certificates of Participation were issued to provide financing for the acquisition of the Negocio Building Project. The Certificates evidence interests of the owners thereof in a portion of lease payments to be made by the City to the Agency for the use and occupancy of the building, which was leased by the City to the Redevelopment Agency then leased back by the Agency to the City. Interest on Series A and Series B certificates is payable semi-annually each June 1 and December 1 beginning December 1, 1994. Principal maturities on Series A and Series B certificates began June 1, 1994, and continue each June 1 through June 1, 2023 in amounts ranging from \$20,000 to \$85,000 and \$20,000 to \$220,000, respectively. Series A certificates bear interest ranging from 3.5% to 6.0% and Series B bear interest at 8.5%. On June 1, 2012, the tax-exempt, Series A, portion of the Certificates was redeemed in full during the current fiscal year, leaving only the taxable portion, Series B, outstanding.

The City, under the provisions in the Lease-leaseback agreement, has guaranteed to make the lease payments from annual appropriations of monies from the Motor Vehicle Fee Account held by the State of California to which the City is entitled. The revenue is pledged until final maturity of the debt on June 1, 2023. The amount of the pledged revenue cannot currently be estimated. However, the City received Motor Vehicle Fee amounts of \$35,249 from the State of California directly and \$5,179,615 of property taxes in Lieu of the Motor Vehicle Fee through the County during the fiscal year. The debt service principal and interest payments totaled \$235,675 during Fiscal Year 2013. The Bond Reserve is fully funded at June 30, 2013.

\$ 1,560,000

2. Capitalized Lease Obligations:

Central Service Fund – Two lease purchase agreements exist for the leasing of office equipment. These have been capitalized at the original cost of \$196,802. The terms of the leases include 60 monthly payments which include interest. The last lease matures in October 2016. The monthly lease payments are \$417 and \$3,322. The lease payable amounts are recorded on the statement of net assets with the amount applicable to governmental-type activities.

\$ 127,026

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

3. Compensated Absences:

The City's policies relating to compensated absences are described in Note I. This liability will be paid in future years from future resources primarily from the general fund.

\$1,842,840

Annual Amortization Requirements of Governmental Long-Term Liabilities:

The annual requirements to amortize the Certificates of Participation and Capitalized Lease Obligations, as of June 30, 2013 are as follows:

Year					Capitaliz	ed L	ease
Ending	Certificates of	of Par	ticipation		Oblig	ation	ıs
June 30,	Principal		Interest]	Principal]	Interest
2014	\$ 105,000	\$	132,600	\$	38,932	\$	5,335
2015	115,000		123,674		36,612		3,258
2016	125,000		113,900		38,317		1,553
2017	135,000		103,275		13,165		124
2018	145,000		91,800		_		-
2019-2023	 935,000		251,175		-		-
Totals	\$ 1,560,000	\$	816,424	\$	127,026	\$	10,270

Business-type:

1. Compensated Absences:

The City's policies relating to compensated absences are described in Note I. Compensated absences at June 30, 2013 were obligations of the following funds:

Water Utility Fund	\$ 184,293
Sewer Utility Fund	273,888
Golf Course Fund	199,769
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	30,909
Total	\$ 688,859

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

	I	Beginning						Ending	D	ue Within
Governmental Activities		Balance		Additions	R	eductions		Balance		One Year
Certificates of participation	\$	1,655,000	\$	-	\$	95,000	\$	1,560,000	\$	105,000
Capital lease obligations		164,691		-		37,665		127,026		38,932
Claims and judgments										
payable (Note VIII)		2,039,086		2,443,660		789,678		3,693,068		2,008,697
Compensated absences		1,897,599		796,542		851,301		1,842,840		331,711
Governmental Activities	¢	5 756 276	¢	2 240 202	¢	1 772 644	¢	7 222 024	¢	2 494 240
Long-term Liabilities	\$	5,756,376	\$	3,240,202	3	1,773,644	\$	7,222,934	ф	2,484,340
Business-type Activities		Beginning Balance	_	Additions		Reductions	. <u>-</u>	Ending Balance		Oue Within One Year
Compensated absences	\$	728,419	\$	275,440	\$	315,000	\$	688,859	\$	123,995
Business-type Activities										
Long-term Liabilities	\$	728,419	\$	275,440	\$	315,000	\$	688,859	\$	123,995

VIII. INSURANCE:

A. <u>Description of Self-Insurance Pool</u>

The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority ("Authority"). The Authority is composed of 122 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other coverage. The Authority's pool began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee. Copies of the Authority annual financial report may be obtained from their office at 8081 Moody Street, La Palma, CA 90622.

B. <u>Self-Insurance Programs of the Authority</u>

Each member pays an annual contribution to cover estimated losses for the coverage period. This initial funding is paid at the beginning of the coverage period. After the close of the coverage period, outstanding claims are valued. A retrospective deposit computation is then conducted annually thereafter until all claims incurred during the coverage period are closed on a pool-wide basis. This subsequent cost re-allocation among members based on actual claim development can result in adjustments of either refunds or additional deposits required.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

The total funding requirement for self-insurance programs is estimated using actuarial models and pre-funded through the annual contribution. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on exposure and experience relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool. Additional information on the cost allocation methodology is provided below.

General Liability

In the liability program claims are pooled separately between police and non-police exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$30,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$30,000 to \$750,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs in excess of \$750,000 up to the reinsurance attachment point of \$5 million are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers. (5) Costs of covered claims from \$5 million to \$10 million are paid under a reinsurance contract subject to a \$2.5 million annual aggregate deductible. The \$2.5 million annual aggregate deductible is fully covered under a separate policy; as such no portion of it is retained by the Authority. Costs of covered claims from \$10 million to \$15 million are paid under two reinsurance contracts subject to a combined \$3 million annual aggregate deductible. The \$3.0 million annual aggregate deductible is fully retained by the Authority. (6) Costs of covered claims from \$15 million up to \$50 million are covered through excess insurance policies.

The overall coverage limit for each member including all layers of coverage is \$50 million per occurrence.

Costs of covered claims for subsidence losses are paid by reinsurance and excess insurance with a pooled sub-limit of \$25 million per occurrence. This \$35 million subsidence sub-limit is composed of (a) \$5 million retained within the pool's SIR, (b) \$10 million in reinsurance and (c) \$10 million in excess insurance. The excess insurance layer has a \$10 million annual aggregate.

Purchased Insurance

Pollution Legal Liability Insurance – The City participates in the pollution legal liability and remediation legal liability insurance available through the Authority. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$50,000 deductible. The Authority has a limit of \$50 million for the 3-year period from July 1, 2011 through July 1, 2014. Each member of the Authority has a \$10 million sub-limit during the 3-year term of the policy.

Property Insurance – The City participates in the all-risk property protection program of the Authority. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. San Clemente's property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City to the Authority. The City's property currently has all-risk property

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

insurance protection in the amount of \$189,540,486. There is a \$5,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$1,000 deductible. Premiums for the coverage are paid annually and are not subject to retroactive adjustments.

Earthquake and Flood Insurance – The City purchases earthquake and flood insurance on a portion of its property. The earthquake insurance is part of the property protection insurance program of the Authority. The City's property currently has earthquake protection in the amount of \$96,145,680. There is a deductible of 5% of value with a minimum deductible of \$100,000. Premiums for the coverage are paid annually and are not subject to retroactive adjustments.

Crime Insurance - The City purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of \$3,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The fidelity coverage is provided through the Authority. Premiums are paid annually and are not subject to retroactive adjustments.

C. Workers' Compensation

The City was self-insured for workers' compensation prior to fiscal year 1997. In fiscal year 1997, the City became fully insured through California's State Compensation Fund, and remained in that fund through fiscal year 2003. In fiscal year 2004, the City again became self-insured for workers' compensation with a self-insurance retention (SIR) level of \$300,000. Excess insurance coverage for claims above \$300,000 is provided through the CSAC Excess Insurance Authority. The City is fully reserved for self-insurance claims for the period prior to June 30, 1996 and for claims beginning in fiscal year 2004.

D. Adequacy of Protection

At June 30, 2013, the City was a defendant in a number of lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of operations which allege liability on the part of the City in connection with general liability matters. Management believes that potential losses relating to these lawsuits will not materially affect the financial position of the City. The following claims schedule includes workers' compensation and general liability claims for the past two fiscal years.

			Iı	ncurred and				
		Beginning Balance		Changes in	Less Claim		Ending	
				Estimates		Payments	Balance	
2011-2012	\$	2,182,296	\$	973,069	\$	(1,116,279)	\$	2,039,086
2012-2013		2,039,086		2,443,660		(789,678)		3,693,068

For the past three years, covered claims have not exceeded the City's insurance coverage and there have been no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage from coverage in the prior year. As any changes in the estimate are determined adjustments are recorded for the amount of the claim.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

IX. PENSION AND RETIREMENT BENEFITS:

A. PENSION PLANS:

The City has two retirement plans, the California Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and the City of San Clemente Employees' Retirement Plan (CSCERP). All permanent employees are covered by CSCERP except public safety personnel who participate in PERS.

California Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS):

<u>Plan Description</u>: PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. California Government Code allows PERS to create risk pools and mandate public agency participation in those pools. PERS assigns plans to risk pools based on their service retirement formula and with plans with less than 100 active members. The City has less than 100 active safety members and was assigned to the 3% at 55 PERS Risk Pool, which is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERS.

Risk pooling is the process of combining assets and liabilities across employers to produce large risk sharing pools. These risk sharing pools are used to dramatically reduce or eliminate the large fluctuations in the employer's contribution rates caused by unexpected demographic events. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and city ordinance. Copies of the PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their executive office: 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: Participants in PERS are required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary. The City makes the contributions required of City employees on their behalf, except for 2.8% which is paid by the employee. The City is required to contribute an employer contribution at an actuarially determined rate, which is 32.185% of annual covered payroll for marine safety personnel determined as part of the June 30, 2010 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by PERS.

The City's required contributions to PERS for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$131,598, \$130,126, and \$139,168, respectively. These contributions were equal to 100% of the required contributions for each year.

City of San Clemente Employees' Retirement Plan (CSCERP):

<u>Plan Description</u>: CSCERP is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan and is included in the City's financial statements. At July 1, 2012, the plan had 181 active participants and 95 inactive participants with vested benefits. The plan currently is paying benefits to 96 participants. Stand-alone financial statements are not issued for the CSCERP.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

<u>Funding Policy</u>: CSCERP active employee contributions are 7% of their annual covered salary and the City makes these contributions on behalf of the classic employees (hired before January 1, 2013 or employees hired after January 1, 2013 which have been in the PERS Sytem), except for 0.8% that is paid by the employee. Under the California Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA), new members (employees hired after January 1, 2013 and who are new entrants to a public employee retirement system) pay 50% of the normal cost (or 7.5%) of their annual covered salary. Based on the July 1, 2012 actuarial report, the City's employer contribution is an actuarially determined rate of 18.1% and 17.6% of the annual covered payroll for classic and new members, respectively.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation: For 2013, the City's annual pension costs were \$3,480,373 for CSCERP and were the City's required and actual contribution. A summary of the actuarial methods and significant assumptions used to calculate the funded status of the plan and the annual required contribution for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 is as follows:

	CSCERP
Valuation date	July 1, 2012
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percentage of Payroll
Amortization period	20 year closed amortization period
	/ 17 years remaining
Asset valuation method	5 year smoothed market
Investment rate of return	7.25%
Projected salary increases	4.5%
Inflation rate	2.0%
Payroll growth	4.5%
Individual salary growth	4.5%

<u>Trend Information and Schedule of Funding Progress:</u>

SIX-YEAR TREND INFORMATION FOR CSCERP

		Percentage	
	Annual Pension	of APC	Net Pension
Fiscal Year	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
6/30/08	\$ 2,343,464	100%	\$ -
6/30/09	2,550,674	100%	-
6/30/10	2.776,165	100%	-
6/30/11	2,526,667	100%	-
6/30/12	3,194,442	100%	-
6/30/13	3,480,373	100%	-

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - CSCERP

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Date *	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
CSCERP:						
07/01/11	\$ 32,284,398	\$ 46,678,961	\$(14,394,563)	69.2%	\$ 12,798,598	112.5%
07/01/12	36,170,712	52,775,327	(16,604,615)	68.5%	13,542,229	122.6%
07/01/13*	41,346,698	58,124,474	(16,777,776)	71.1%	13,773,828	121.8%
*Most recent	information availa	able				

B. Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB):

<u>Plan Description</u>: The City provides that retirees may elect to continue their health care insurance benefits through the City through a single-employer plan. This benefit coverage is mandated by the City's participation in the Public Employees Medical and Health Coverage Agreement ("PEMHCA") which is administered through PERS. In order to qualify for this coverage, eligible employees must complete up to five years of service and retire from the City. A separate financial statement is not issued.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: The City through PEMCHA is required to pay a minimum employer contribution for retiree coverage. During the year ended June 30, 2013 the City paid \$33,125 of the health insurance benefit with the remaining cost of \$203,788 paid by the retirees. Employers under GASB accounting principles are required to report the annual cost of OPEB's and record any outstanding obligations and commitments in the same manner as they do for pensions.

This annual OPEB actuarial cost does not require that the unfunded liabilities actually be funded, only that employers account for the unfunded accrued liability and compliance in meeting the Annual Required Contribution (ARC). The ARC is the sum of the present value of future benefits being earned by current employees plus amortization of benefits already earned by current and former employees but not yet provided for. The amortization of benefits previously earned (unfunded actuarial liabilities) is being amortized over a closed amortization period of thirty years. An open thirty year amortization is being used for any residual unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: The City's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year:

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 139,542
Interest on net OPEB obligation	3,583
Contributions made	 (33,125)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	110,000
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	 520,409
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 630,409

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

The percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year 2013 is as follows:

		% of Annual	
Fiscal Year	Annual	OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation
06/30/2011	\$160,004	30.6%	\$ 410,709
06/30/2012	139,997	21.6%	520,409
06/30/2013	139,542	23.7%	630,409

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u>: As of May 1, 2012, the last actuarial valuation, there were 185 active employees and 16 retirees. The present value of all expected future benefits based on certain actuarial assumptions was \$2,011,080 as of June 30, 2013. The City is currently funding the program on a pay-as-you-go basis. The Net OPEB Obligation is accrued in the amount of \$630,409 as a part of the liabilities in the Employee Medical Insurance Internal Service Fund. This amount has not been placed into a trust; however, amounts are available in the Employee Medical Insurance Internal Service Fund.

The projection of future benefit payments for the OPEB liability involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future and reflect a long-term perspective. These actuarial estimates are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectation and new estimates are made about the future along with the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the sharing of costs between the employee and plan members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the May 1, 2010 and May 1, 2012 are summarized as follows:

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Interest rate assumption	5%
Projected salary increase assumption	3%
Healthcare cost trend rate	4%
Health inflation assumption	4%
Mortality table	UP94 Mortality Table
Retirement rates	CalPERS 2% at 55 table
Turnover rates	CalPERS Turnover rates for
	Miscellaneous and Public Safety

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Date	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
11/01/2007	\$ -	\$1,270,647	\$1,270,647	0.0%	\$15,357,889	8.27%
05/01/2010	-	\$1,784,217	\$1,784,217	0.0%	\$13,401,356	13.31%
05/01/2012*	-	\$1,432,716	\$1,432,716	0.0%	\$13,708,188	10.45%

^{*} Most recent information available

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

C. Deferred Compensation:

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan established in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan permits all City employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Employees are allowed to borrow up to one-half of their balance. As of January 1, 1999, the City has formally established a trust in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457(g) for all of its deferred compensation assets which are not included on the City's Statement of Net Assets.

X. FUND BALANCE:

GASB 54 establishes Fund Balance Classification based largely upon the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The Governmental Fund statements conform to this classification information on fund type definitions presented in Note I. Fund balance is reported in five components – nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable amounts are either (a) not in spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted amounts have constraints placed on them either externally by third-parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement (compelled by external parties) that those resources are used for specific purposes stipulated in the legislation.

Committed amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the City Council (highest level of decision making authority) through a city charter, ordinances and resolutions. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (city ordinance/resolution) it employed previously to commit those amounts.

Assigned amounts are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the city manager or the appointed designee based on the City's approved policies.

Unassigned amounts are not restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

<u>Spending Policy</u>: When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) as they are needed when expenditures are incurred. When unrestricted resources

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

are available for use it is the City's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as they are needed for expenditures incurred.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy: The governing body has formally adopted through Council action a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund as part of the City's fiscal policy. This minimum fund balance consists of two amounts which committed by the Council. The first amount is a fixed \$10 million and can only be drawn upon through a formal action of the City Council. The second amount is equal to 9% of the operating expenditures of the General Fund. This amount was \$4.5 million as of June 30, 2013. The total committed amount for Sustainability and Emergency is \$14.5 million and is to provide and maintain service levels in the event of financial difficulty or other distress.

			Developers		Public Facilities		ies Non-major			
Fund Balances		General Fund	Im	provement	Construction			Funds		Total
Nonspendable:										
Loans	\$	1,979,130	\$	1,710,653	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,689,783
Land held for resale		-		410,000		-		-		410,000
Prepaids		22,400		-		-		-		22,400
Restricted for:										
Affordable housing		-		2,861,835		-		-		2,861,835
Park development		-		-		-		1,080,505		1,080,505
Highways/streets		-		-		-		17,693,197		17,693,197
Drainage		-		845,471	-			4,005,837		4,851,308
Other capital projects		-		3,638,699		17,010,967		-		20,649,666
Other purposes		-		-		-		528,036		528,036
Committed to:										
Sustainability/Emergency		14,538,000		-		-		-		14,538,000
Capital projects		211,019		-		-		77,643		288,662
La Pata Vista Hermosa		1,978,221		-				-		1,978,221
Other purposes		723,714		-	-		-			723,714
Assigned to:										
Capital projects		4,418,551		-		-		3,282,815		7,701,366
Other purposes		1,055,886		-		-		92,281		1,148,167
Debt service		-		-		-		981,260		981,260
Future budget		1,586,460		-	-		-			1,586,460
Unassigned		3,592,488		-		-		-		3,592,488
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	30,105,869	\$	9,466,658	\$	17,010,967	\$	27,741,574	\$	84,325,068

XI. OTHER NOTE DISCLOSURES:

A. Leases

The City has entered into operating lease contracts where the City leases two floors of an office building used for Community Development operations to third parties and one lease for a portion of a prior fire station.

The first lease commenced on June 14, 2010, with a lease term of five year and an option to extend for five years. The second lease commenced on October 1, 2012, with a lease term of

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

five years. The third lease commenced on May 1, 2012, with a lease term of five years. The future minimum rentals to be received under the leases are listed below:

Fiscal Year	1st Lease	2 nd Lease	3 rd Lease
2014	\$ 253,051	\$ 113,630	\$ 61,042
2015	216,660	118,588	68,908
2016	-	123,547	95,842
2017	-	128,505	91,552

B. Assessment District Bonds

The following bond issues were issued to finance public improvement projects in certain assessment districts, which are liabilities of the property owners and are secured by liens against the assessed property. The City acts as an agent for collection of principal and interest payments by the property owners and remits monies to the bondholders. The City has no obligation or duty to pay any delinquency out of any available City funds. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the City is pledged to the payment of the bonds. Therefore, none of the following obligations are included in the accompanying financial statements.

	Amount of		O	utstanding
Issue		Issue	Jur	ne 30, 2013
City of San Clemente 99-1 Assessment District	\$	1,150,000	\$	295,000
City of San Clemente 99-1 Community Facilities District		5,755,000		4,850,000
City of San Clemente Public Financing Authority				
Reassessment Refunding Revenue Bonds		14,235,000		12,180,000

C. Joint Powers Agreement:

On October 3, 1995, the Coastal Animal Services Authority (CASA) was created by a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement (the JPA) for the purpose of providing and operating an animal sheltering facility located within the City. The City and the City of Dana Point are members of CASA. Members of the Board of Directors consist of one voting member and an alternate appointed by the governing body of each member entity. Annually, the Board adopts a budget and determines the cost of services and rate schedule associated with the facility. CASA commenced operations on January 1, 1996. Funding of the Authority's budgeted amounts is from contributions from nonprofit organizations and charges for services. Member agencies pay for unfunded costs, which is allocated to the City of San Clemente and the City of Dana Point as part of the annual budget process. Separate financial statements are prepared for the Coastal Animal Services Authority and are on file within the City Clerk's office.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

D. Commitments and Contingencies

The City is involved as a defendant in various legal proceedings. While it is not feasible to predict or determine the outcome in these cases, it is the City's opinion that the outcome of the majority of these cases will have no material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

The City has received Federal and State funds for specific purposes that are subject to review by the grantor agencies. These programs are subject to audit by the grantor agencies and upon further examination by the grantors, certain costs could be disallowed. The City expects any such amounts to be immaterial.

In addition, the City has outstanding commitments in the amount of \$26.4 million as of June 30, 2013 related to construction and other contractual arrangements.

E. Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency:

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of San Clemente that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit. On January 17, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency in accordance with the Bill as part of City resolution number 12-04. In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011) all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012. After the date of dissolution, the assets and activities of the dissolved redevelopment agency are reported in a fiduciary fund (private-purpose trust fund) in the financial statements of the City.

After enactment of the law, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Under the direction of an Oversight Board remaining assets can be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution. Successor agencies are allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations are paid in full and all the assets have been liquidated. The City has received a Finding of Completion from the State of California authorizing the City to list the outstanding General fund loan of \$1,979,130 as a valid enforceable obligation to be paid through future installment payments.

The Bill also directs the State of California Controller and Department of Finance to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. Management believes, in consultation with legal counsel, that all land and real property transfers approved by the Oversight Board to the City of San Clemente are valid and legal. However, these transfers are subject to review as part of

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

the Long Range Property Management Plan submitted to the State of California for review. The City's position on this issue is not a position of settled law and there is legal uncertainty regarding this issue.

F. Accounting Change:

The accompanying financial statements reflect the implementation of GASB Statement Nos. 63 and 65. Significant impacts of GASB Statement No. 63 include changing the title of the statement of net assets to the statement of net position and reformatting the statement of net position to add separate sections for the deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources. Significant impacts of GASB Statement No. 65 include reclassifying as deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources certain balances that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

G. New Accounting Pronouncement:

In June 2012, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board approved Statement No. 68 that reflect substantial improvements to the accounting and financial reporting of pensions by state and local governments and pension plans. Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for governments that provide their employees with pensions. The guidance contained in the pension statements will change how governments calculate and report the costs and obligations associated with pensions in important ways. It is designed to improve the decision-usefulness of reported pension information and to increase the transparency, consistency, and comparability of pension information across governments. Statement No. 68 is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2014.

Required Supplementary Information

Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2013

BUDGETARY INFORMATION:

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In May, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted at City Council meetings to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is adopted by Council action. The budget includes amounts for revenues that, along with the appropriations, compute the budgetary fund balance.
- 4. The City Manager is authorized to transfer appropriated funds between major expenditure categories within departments. However, any revisions that alter the total appropriations of any department must be approved by the City Council. For budgeting purposes, the General Fund is composed of several departments while all other budgeted funds are considered a single department.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the governmental funds.
- 6. Budgets for the governmental funds are adopted on a basis substantially consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted and as further amended by the City Council.

The General Fund has a legally adopted budget. The original budget, final budget and actual amounts are presented on the following page for General Fund.

The Developers Improvement Capital Project Fund and the Public Facilities Construction Capital Project Fund major funds have legally adopted budgets. These capital project fund budgetary schedules are presented in the supplementary information section.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 37,001,970	\$ 37,091,970	\$ 40,009,414	\$ 2,917,444
Licenses and permits	976,610	994,610	1,042,511	47,901
Fines and forfeits	939,000	939,000	776,634	(162,366)
Investment and rentals	1,993,910	1,924,410	1,796,484	(127,926)
Intergovernmental	392,640	616,050	574,369	(41,681)
Charges for services	4,477,190	4,423,780	4,836,233	412,453
Other	 51,620	 60,920	 54,366	 (6,554)
Total Revenues	 45,832,940	 46,050,740	 49,090,011	 3,039,271
Expenditures:				
General government:				
Administration				
City council	33,717	34,357	12,680	21,677
City manager	470,011	481,981	444,497	37,484
City clerk	611,388	642,688	446,069	196,619
Finance and administrative services	1,614,911	1,648,591	1,427,294	221,297
City general	2,740,372	2,691,172	2,166,725	524,447
Police	12,544,280	12,568,280	11,973,969	594,311
Fire	7,457,370	7,457,370	7,478,736	(21,366)
Public works	6,532,420	6,893,990	6,149,677	744,313
Community development	4,601,660	4,832,030	4,373,349	458,681
Beaches, parks and recreation	11,124,271	11,033,785	10,209,081	824,704
Capital outlay	5,621,980	6,090,330	996,200	5,094,130
Total Expenditures	53,352,380	54,374,574	45,678,277	8,696,297
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (7,519,440)	 (8,323,834)	 3,411,734	 11,735,568
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	729,230	809,170	726,056	(83,114)
Transfers out	 (1,456,470)	 (2,489,120)	 (2,489,120)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(727,240)	(1,679,950)	 (1,763,064)	 (83,114)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(8,246,680)	(10,003,784)	1,648,670	11,652,454
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	28,457,199	28,457,199	28,457,199	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 20,210,519	\$ 18,453,415	\$ 30,105,869	\$ 11,652,454



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Developers Improvement Capital Project Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Final Budget		Actual	(Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	 			-	, <u> </u>
Investment and rentals	\$ 110,000	\$	9,517	\$	(100,483)
Charges for services	112,000		-		(112,000)
Developer fees	1,331,500		1,301,725		(29,775)
Other	 420,000		72,232		(347,768)
Total Revenues	 1,973,500		1,383,474		(590,026)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Community development	5,983,370		3,131,171		2,852,199
Capital outlay	1,146,250		29,306		1,116,944
Total Expenditures	7,129,620		3,160,477		3,969,143
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,156,120)		(1,777,003)		3,379,117
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers out	(46,040)		(52,190)		(6,150)
	 , , ,		, , ,		() /
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (46,040)	_	(52,190)	_	(6,150)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(5,202,160)		(1,829,193)		3,372,967
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 11,295,851		11,295,851		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 6,093,691	\$	9,466,658	\$	3,372,967

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Public Facilities Construction Capital Project Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Final			Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:	 			 <u>, </u>
Investment and rentals	\$ 180,000	\$	49,314	\$ (130,686)
Developer fees	35,700		234,771	 199,071
Total Revenues	215,700		284,085	68,385
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public safety	26,660		23,964	2,696
Community development	35,610		35,510	100
Capital outlay	 2,701,120		18,531	 2,682,589
Total Expenditures	2,763,390		78,005	2,685,385
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,547,690)		206,080	2,753,770
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in	629,650		629,650	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,918,040)		835,730	2,753,770
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 16,175,237		16,175,237	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 14,257,197	\$	17,010,967	\$ 2,753,770

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted by law or administrative action for specific purposes.

<u>The Gas Tax Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures apportioned under the Street and Highways Code of the State of California. Expenditures may be made for any street-related purpose in the City's system of streets, including maintenance thereof.

<u>The Air Quality Improvement Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures relating to the reduction of vehicle pollution.

<u>The Street Improvement Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the rehabilitation of City streets.

<u>The Police Grants Fund</u> is used to account for federal and state police grants, donations to Police Services and narcotic forfeiture monies.

<u>The Miscellaneous Grants Fund</u> is used to account for various grants, including federal grants received from the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The HUD Grants are to be used for the development of a viable community by providing decent housing, a suitable living environment and expanding economic opportunities, principally for low and moderate income individuals.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on general debt of the City.

<u>The Negocio Building Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for the accumulation of funds for the payment of interest and principal on Certificates of Participation. Proceeds from the COP were used for the purchase of the building located at 910 Negocio in the City of San Clemente. Debt service is financed by revenues generated from the lease of the building.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the purchase or construction of major capital facilities which are not financed by Proprietary Funds.

<u>The Reserve Fund</u> is used to account for expenditures of Capital Equipment Replacement, Facilities Maintenance Reserves, Park Asset Reserves and the Accrued Leave Reserve.

<u>The Local Drainage Facilities Fund</u> is used to account for the drainage fees collected to defray the cost of designing and constructing local drainage facilities and the expenditures for those purposes.

The Regional Circulation Financing and Phasing Program (RCFPP) Fund is used to account for the revenues received from developer traffic impact fees and expenditures for roadway improvements to accommodate new development.

<u>The Park Acquisition and Development Capital Project Fund</u> is used to account for the revenues received from developer fees and the expenditures for the acquisition, construction, improvement or renovation of City-owned parks.



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

	Special Revenue Funds					
		Gas Tax	Air Quality Improvement			
ASSETS:	\ <u></u>	_				
Cash and investments	\$	6,958,619	\$	413,702		
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):						
Taxes		-		-		
Accounts		-		-		
Accrued interest		29,809		1,772		
Loans		-		-		
Due from other governments		440,754		20,281		
Restricted assets:						
Cash and investments with fiscal agent						
Total assets	\$	7,429,182	\$	435,755		
A LA DA MENTO						
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>	Ф	70 475	Ф			
Accounts payable	\$	78,475	\$	-		
Accrued wages		115 021		-		
Unearned revenue		115,831		-		
Deposits payable		-		-		
Due to other funds		104.206				
Total liabilities		194,306				
DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - receivables		154,600		_		
Unavailable revenue - loans		_		-		
Unavailable revenue - grants		_		-		
Total deferred inflows of resources		154,600		-		
FUND BALANCES:						
Restricted for:						
Capital projects		7,080,276		_		
Other purposes		7,000,270		435,755		
Committed to:		_		733,733		
Capital projects		_		_		
Assigned to:						
Capital projects		_		_		
Other purposes		_		-		
Total fund balances		7,080,276		435,755		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources		7,000,270		+33,133		
and fund balances	\$	7,429,182	\$	435,755		
and fand valances	Ψ	7,727,102	Ψ	тээ,гээ		

		Special 1	Revenue Fun	ds		Fund			
Ir	Street mprovement		Police Grants	Mi	scellaneous Grants		Negocio Building		
\$	7,507,954	\$	84,287	\$	-	\$	-		
	928		-		-		-		
	-		- 261		-		522,364		
	32,162		361		- 491,361		202		
	_		413		73,967		_		
			413		13,701				
	_		_		_		332,206		
\$	7,541,044	\$	85,061	\$	565,328	\$	854,772		
\$	29 660	\$	0 021	\$	4 216	\$	15 500		
Ф	28,660	Ф	8,834	Ф	4,216 444	Ф	15,509		
	_		_				239,475		
	_		_		_		43,950		
	-		_		53,253		14,778		
	28,660		8,834		57,913		313,712		
	_		_		_		226,000		
	-		_		491,361		-		
	-		-		_		-		
	_		-		491,361		226,000		
	7,512,384		-		-		-		
	-		76,227		16,054		-		
	-		-		-		-		
	-		_		-		315,060		
	7,512,384		76,227		16,054		315,060		
	7,512,501		, 5,221		10,001		212,000		
\$	7,541,044	\$	85,061	\$	565,328	\$	854,772		

Debt Service

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued) June 30, 2013

	Capital Projects Funds						
ACCETTC		Reserve		Local Drainage Facilities			
ASSETS:	¢	4 225 225	¢	2 000 750			
Cash and investments	\$	4,235,335	\$	3,988,750			
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): Taxes							
Accounts		-		-			
Accounts Accrued interest		10 142		17.007			
Loans		18,143		17,087			
		-		-			
Due from other governments Restricted assets:		-		-			
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	Φ.	4 252 479	Φ.	4 005 927			
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	4,253,478	\$	4,005,837			
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable	\$	134,539	\$	-			
Accrued wages		, _		_			
Unearned revenue		_		_			
Deposits payable		_		_			
Due to other funds		_		_			
Total liabilities		134,539		-			
DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - receivables		_		_			
Unavailable revenue - loans		_		_			
Unavailable revenue - grants		_		_			
Total deferred inflows of resources							
		<u>-</u> _	-	<u>-</u> _			
FUND BALANCES:							
Restricted for:				4.005.927			
Capital projects		-		4,005,837			
Other purposes		-		-			
Committed to:		77.640					
Capital projects		77,643		-			
Assigned to:		2.275.004					
Capital projects		3,375,096		-			
Other purposes		666,200		-			
Total fund balances		4,118,939		4,005,837			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources	_						
and fund balances	\$	4,253,478	\$	4,005,837			

Capital Pro						
RCFPP		ks Acquisition and evelopment		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
 KCITI		evelopment		Tunus		
\$ 3,087,312	\$	1,079,929	\$	27,355,888		
-		-		928		
-		-		522,364		
13,225		4,626		117,387		
-		-		491,361		
-		-		535,415		
 _		_		332,206		
\$ 3,100,537	\$	1,084,555	\$	29,355,549		
\$ -	\$	4,050	\$	274,283		
-		-		444		
-		-		355,306		
-		-		43,950		
				68,031		
		4,050		742,014		
-		-		380,600		
-		-		491,361		
_		-		871,961		
3,100,537		1,080,505		22,779,539		
-		-		528,036		
				,		
-		-		77,643		
_		-		3,375,096		
-		_		981,260		
 3,100,537		1,080,505		27,741,574		
 · · · · · ·				· · · · ·		
\$ 3,100,537	\$	1,084,555	\$	29,355,549		
			(C	Concluded)		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Gas Tax	Air Quality Improvement						
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	- \$						
Investment and rentals	26,77	7 1,316						
Intergovernmental	2,811,91	1 77,455						
Charges for services								
Developer fees								
Other		<u> </u>						
Total Revenues	2,838,68	8 78,771						
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		-						
Police								
Public works	133,59	9 6,598						
Community development								
Capital outlay	660,50	-						
Debt service:								
Principal retirements		-						
Interest and fiscal charges		<u> </u>						
Total Expenditures	794,10	7 6,598						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	2,044,58	1 72,173						
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in	109,94							
Transfers out	(1,125,93	6) (64,000)						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,015,98	8) (64,000)						
Extraordinary gain (loss)		<u> </u>						
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,028,59	8,173						
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	6,051,68	3 427,582						
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 7,080,27	6 \$ 435,755						

	;	Special 1	Revenue Func	ls		Fund				
In	Street Improvement		Police Grants						Negocio Building	
\$	8,690 25,760	\$	(152) 113,719	\$	223,011	\$	509,094 - -			
	34,450		5,618 119,185		5,100 228,111		149 509,243			
	239,240		- 113,506 - -		- - - 151,527		273,209			
	386,020		113,506		21,307		23,412 95,000 140,683			
	(590,810)		5,679		55,277		532,304 (23,061)			
	1,545,795		-		(51,548)		312,030			
	1,545,795		-		(51,548)		312,030			
	954,985 6,557,399		5,679 70,548		3,729 12,325		288,969 26,091			
\$	7,512,384	\$	76,227	\$	16,054	\$	315,060			

Debt Service

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Capital Projects Funds						
		Reserve	Local Drainage Facilities				
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-			
Investment and rentals		6,965		9,775			
Intergovernmental		-		-			
Charges for services		254,270		-			
Developer fees		-		1,985			
Other		40,598					
Total Revenues		301,833		11,760			
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		191,951		-			
Police		-		-			
Public works		-		6,970			
Community development		-		-			
Capital outlay		885,075		-			
Debt service:							
Principal retirements		-		-			
Interest and fiscal charges		1.077.026		-			
Total Expenditures		1,077,026		6,970			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(775,193)		4,790			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		242,000		-			
Transfers out				(37,500)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		242,000		(37,500)			
Extraordinary gain (loss)							
Net Change in Fund Balances		(533,193)		(32,710)			
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		4,652,132		4,038,547			
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	4,118,939	\$	4,005,837			

	Capital Pro	jects Funds		
		Parks Acquisition		tal Nonmajor
		and	G	overnmental
	RCFPP	Development		Funds
\$		\$ -	\$	8,690
Ψ	7,515	(708)	Ψ	586,342
	7,515	(700)		3,226,096
	_	_		254,270
	2,529	66,954		71,468
	-,==>	374,810		426,275
	10,044	441,056		4,573,141
	-	-		465,160
	-	-		113,506
	17,290	-		403,697
	-	65,860		217,387
	9,867	29,060		2,015,249
	_	_		95,000
	-	-		140,683
	27,157	94,920		3,450,682
	(17,113)	346,136		1,122,459
	-	52,190		2,261,963
	<u>-</u>	(25,000)		(1,303,984)
		27,190		957,979
	(17,113)	373,326		2,080,438
	3,117,650	707,179		25,661,136
\$	3,100,537	\$ 1,080,505	\$	27,741,574

(Concluded)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Final				Variance Positive	
	Budget		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
Investment and rentals	\$ 60,800	\$	26,777	\$	(34,023)	
Intergovernmental	3,725,544		2,811,911		(913,633)	
Total Revenues	 3,786,344		2,838,688		(947,656)	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public works	505,140		133,599		371,541	
Capital outlay	6,515,570		660,508		5,855,062	
Total Expenditures	 7,020,710		794,107		6,226,603	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (3,234,366)	_	2,044,581		5,278,947	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	154,830		109,948		(44,882)	
Transfers out	 (1,237,900)		(1,125,936)		111,964	
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)	 (1,083,070)		(1,015,988)		67,082	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,317,436)		1,028,593		5,346,029	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 6,051,683		6,051,683		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,734,247	\$	7,080,276	\$	5,346,029	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Air Quality Improvement Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Final Budget		Actual]	Variance Positive Negative)
Revenues:					
Investment and rentals	\$ 5,500	\$	1,316	\$	(4,184)
Intergovernmental	 80,000	-	77,455		(2,545)
Total Revenues	85,500		78,771		(6,729)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public works	 164,150		6,598		157,552
Total Expenditures	 164,150		6,598		157,552
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	 (78,650)		72,173		150,823
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers out	 (64,000)		(64,000)		_
Net Change in Fund Balance	(142,650)		8,173		150,823
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	427,582		427,582		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 284,932	\$	435,755	\$	150,823

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Street Improvement Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Final Budget Actual				Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:				<u> </u>	(2.10 (3.11.11)		
Taxes	\$ -	\$	8,690	\$	8,690		
Investment and rentals	46,000		25,760		(20,240)		
Total Revenues	 46,000		34,450		(11,550)		
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public works	777,130		239,240		537,890		
Capital outlay	6,382,440		386,020		5,996,420		
Total Expenditures	 7,159,570		625,260		6,534,310		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	(7,113,570)		(590,810)		6,522,760		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in	1,693,130		1,545,795		(147,335)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,693,130		1,545,795		(147,335)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(5,420,440)		954,985		6,375,425		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	6,557,399		6,557,399				
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,136,959	\$	7,512,384	\$	6,375,425		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Police Grants Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive Negative)
Revenues: Investment and rentals Intergovernmental Other	\$ 200 121,820	\$ (152) 113,719 5,618	\$ (352) (8,101) 5,618
Total Revenues	122,020	119,185	(2,835)
Expenditures: Police	 137,920	 113,506	 24,414
Net Change in Fund Balance	(15,900)	5,679	21,579
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 70,548	 70,548	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 54,648	\$ 76,227	\$ 21,579

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Miscellaneous Grants Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Final				Variance Positive
	Budget			Actual		Negative)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	536,390	\$	223,011	\$	(313,379)
Other		20,000		5,100		(14,900)
Total Revenues		556,390		228,111		(328,279)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Community development		230,810		151,527		79,283
Capital outlay		287,100		21,307		265,793
Total Expenditures		517,910		172,834		345,076
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		38,480		55,277		16,797
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers out		(97,580)	-	(51,548)		46,032
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(97,580)		(51,548)		46,032
Net Change in Fund Balance		(59,100)		3,729		62,829
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year		12,325		12,325		
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year	\$	(46,775)	\$	16,054	\$	62,829

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Negocio Building Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Final Budget	Actual	P	ariance Positive (egative)
Revenues:					
Investment and rentals	\$	441,870	\$ 509,094	\$	67,224
Other	,		 149		149
Total Revenues		441,870	509,243		67,373
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government		349,930	273,209		76,721
Capital outlay		75,430	23,412		52,018
Debt service:					
Principal retirement		95,000	95,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		144,680	 140,683		3,997
Total Expenditures		665,040	532,304		132,736
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		(223,170)	 (23,061)		200,109
Other Financing Sources:					
Transfers in	,	312,030	312,030		
Net Change in Fund Balance		88,860	288,969		200,109
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		26,091	 26,091		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	114,951	\$ 315,060	\$	200,109

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Reserve Capital Project Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Final		Variance Positive
	 Budget	 Actual	 (Negative)
Revenues	_	_	_
Investment and rentals	\$ 60,000	\$ 6,965	\$ (53,035)
Charges for services	254,270	254,270	-
Other	 	 40,598	 40,598
Total Revenues	 314,270	 301,833	 (12,437)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General government	180,000	191,951	(11,951)
Capital outlay	1,660,780	 885,075	775,705
Total Expenditures	 1,840,780	1,077,026	763,754
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (1,526,510)	(775,193)	751,317
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	242,000	242,000	_
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,284,510)	(533,193)	751,317
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 4,652,132	4,652,132	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 3,367,622	\$ 4,118,939	\$ 751,317

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Local Drainage Facilities Capital Project Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Final Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Investment and rentals	\$ 61,000	\$ 9,775	\$	(51,225)
Developer fees	 500	 1,985		1,485
Total Revenues	61,500	11,760	_	(49,740)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public works	6,970	6,970		-
Total Expenditures	6,970	6,970		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	54,530	 4,790		(49,740)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out	(180,000)	(37,500)		142,500
Net Change in Fund Balance	(125,470)	(32,710)		92,760
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 4,038,547	 4,038,547		<u>-</u>
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 3,913,077	\$ 4,005,837	\$	92,760

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual RCFPP Capital Project Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Final Budget	Actual		Variance Positive Negative)
Revenues				
Investment and rentals	\$ 45,000	\$ 7,515	\$	(37,485)
Developer fees	 	 2,529	-	2,529
Total Revenues	 45,000	10,044		(34,956)
Expenditures:				
Current:	<i>57</i> 200	17.200		40,000
Public works	57,290	17,290		40,000
Capital outlay	 266,220	 9,867	•	256,353
Total Expenditures	323,510	 27,157		296,353
Net Change in Fund Balance	(278,510)	(17,113)		261,397
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 3,117,650	3,117,650		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 2,839,140	\$ 3,100,537	\$	261,397

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Parks Acquisition and Development Capital Project Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive Negative)
Revenues:	 		 ,
Investment and rentals	\$ 85,000	\$ (708)	\$ (85,708)
Developer fees	23,600	66,954	43,354
Other	 532,614	 374,810	(157,804)
Total Revenues	641,214	 441,056	(200,158)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Beaches, parks, and recreation	65,860	65,860	-
Capital outlay	 550,914	 29,060	 521,854
Total Expenditures	 616,774	94,920	521,854
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	 24,440	 346,136	 321,696
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers in	46,040	52,190	6,150
Transfers out	 (25,000)	(25,000)	
Total Other Financing (Uses)	 21,040	 27,190	 6,150
Net Change in Fund Balance	45,480	373,326	327,846
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 707,179	 707,179	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 752,659	\$ 1,080,505	\$ 327,846



NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for City operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the City in using this type of fund is to determine that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing these services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

<u>The Clean Ocean Fund</u> is used to account for activities associated with managing ocean water runoff in compliance with the State of California clean ocean water quality program.

<u>The Solid Waste Management Fund</u> is used to account for the activities associated with the collection, recycling, and disposal of residential and commercial solid waste within the City.

Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Proprietary Funds June 30, 2013

	Clean Ocean	Solid Waste Management	Totals
Assets:			
Current Assets:	Φ 2.000.501	Φ 254.652	ф <u>0.444.024</u>
Cash and investments	\$ 2,089,581	\$ 354,653	\$ 2,444,234
Receivables (net of allowances for	200 520	41 201	420.021
uncollectible accounts) Accrued interest	388,530	41,391 1,519	429,921 1,519
Accrued interest		1,517	1,517
Total Current Assets	2,478,111	397,563	2,875,674
Capital Assets:			
Machinery and equipment	54,741	_	54,741
Construction in progress	16,212	-	16,212
1 0			
Total Capital Assets	70,953	-	70,953
Less accumulated depreciation	(54,741)		(54,741)
Net Capital Assets	16,212	-	16,212
·			
Total Assets	2,494,323	397,563	2,891,886
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities			
Payable from Current Assets:			
Accounts payable	66,021	1,968	67,989
Accrued wages	3,675	872	4,547
Long-term liabilities, current portion	3,831	1,733	5,564
Total Current Liabilities	73,527	4,573	78,100
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Compensated absences payable	17,450	7,895	25,345
Compensated absences payable	17,430	7,073	23,343
Total Liabilities	90,977	12,468	103,445
Net Assets:			
Net investment in capital assets	16,212	-	16,212
Unrestricted	2,387,134	385,095	2,772,229
Total Net Assets	\$ 2,403,346	\$ 385,095	\$ 2,788,441

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Nonmajor Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Clean		Solid Waste			
		Ocean	Ma	nagement		Totals
Operating Revenues:		_				_
Charges for services	\$	1,848,687	\$	141,285	\$	1,989,972
Other		289,452		26,955	_	316,407
Total Operating Revenues		2,138,139		168,240		2,306,379
Operating Expenses:						
Salaries and benefits		333,708		97,334		431,042
Cost of materials and supplies		45,265		13,335		58,600
Maintenance and other operating expenses		1,141,300		144,531		1,285,831
Total Operating Expenses		1,520,273		255,200		1,775,473
Operating Income (Loss)		617,866		(86,960)		530,906
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):						
Investment income		5,313		53		5,366
Grant income		56,500				56,500
Total Non-Operating Revenues		61,813		53		61,866
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and Capital Contributions		679,679		(86,907)		592,772
Transfers:						
Transfers out		(736,026)				(736,026)
Change in Net Assets		(56,347)		(86,907)		(143,254)
Net Assets - Beginning of Year		2,459,693		472,002		2,931,695
Net Assets - End of Year	\$	2,403,346	\$	385,095	\$	2,788,441

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Clean Ocean	Solid Waste Management	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,830,272	\$ 107,950	\$ 1,938,222
Cash paid to other suppliers for goods or services	(1,340,259)	(155,898)	(1,496,157)
Cash payment to employees	(328,001)	(98,348)	(426,349)
Cash from other operating revenues	289,452	26,955	316,407
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	451,464	(119,341)	332,123
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	(=0 - 00 - 1)		(=2 + 02 +)
Cash paid to other funds	(736,026)		(736,026)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities	(736,026)		(736,026)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Purchase and construction of capital assets	242,804		242,804
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)	242.004		242.004
Capital and Related Financing Activities	242,804		242,804
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Maturity of investments	131,856	90,774	222,630
Investment income received	17,025	1,153	18,178
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities	148,881	91,927	240,808
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	107,123	(27,414)	79,709
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	845,726	189,136	1,034,862
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 952,849	\$ 161,722	\$ 1,114,571
•			
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet:	Φ 050 040	ф. 1 <i>c</i> 1.722	ф. 1.114 <i>57</i> 1
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 952,849	\$ 161,722	\$ 1,114,571
Investments Total each and investments per the belongs sheet	1,136,732	192,931	1,329,663
Total cash and investments per the balance sheet	\$ 2,089,581	\$ 354,653	\$ 2,444,234
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 617,866	\$ (86,960)	\$ 530,906
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Change in Assets and Liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(18,415)	(33,335)	(51,750)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(153,694)	1,968	(151,726)
Increase (decrease) in accrued wages	25	(26)	(1)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	5,682	(988)	4,694
Total Adjustments	(166,402)	(32,381)	(198,783)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ 451,464	\$ (119,341)	\$ 332,123

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are established to finance and account for goods and services provided by one City department to other City departments on a cost-reimbursement basis, including depreciation.

<u>The Employee Benefits Fund</u> is used to finance and account for employee unemployment insurance, life insurance and other benefits.

<u>The Central Services Fund</u> is used to account for the cost of providing a variety of facilities or services to City departments, including central stores, central mailing and reprographic services.

<u>The Information Technology Fund</u> is used to account for the costs associated with the City's technology structure and support systems and distribute these costs to the departments using the system on a pro rata basis. Included are costs for hardware and software maintenance, programming costs and some centralized supplies.

<u>The Fleet Maintenance Fund</u> is used to account for the maintenance and replacement of Cityowned vehicles and equipment.

<u>The Employee Medical Self Insurance Fund</u> is used to account for expenditures for medical benefits offered to all regular full-time employees.

<u>The Workers' Compensation Self Insurance Fund</u> is used to account for the cost to provide Workers' Compensation insurance coverage to all City employees in compliance with State of California requirements.

<u>The General Liability Self Insurance Fund</u> is used to account for City-provided liability and property insurance. Coverage is provided through the City's participation in a joint powers agreement through the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (CJPIA).

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2013

		Employee Benefits		Central Services
Assets:				
Current Assets:	_		_	
Cash and investments	\$	195,700	\$	231,525
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectible accounts):		0.1.60		10
Accounts		8,160		18
Accrued interest		-		992
Prepaid expense		202.960		- 222 525
Total Current Assets		203,860		232,535
Capital Assets:				
Buildings		_		_
Improvements other than buildings		_		-
Machinery and equipment		_		525,078
Total Capital Assets		_		525,078
Less accumulated depreciation		-		(328,644)
Net Capital Assets				196,434
•				,
Noncurrent Assets:				
Advances to other funds		-		-
Total Noncurrent Assets				196,434
		_		,
Total Assets		203,860		428,969
Liabilities:				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		6,509		22,530
Accrued wages		195,850		611
Long-term liabilities, current portion		· -		39,338
Total Current Liabilities		202,359		62,479
Noncurrent Liabilities: Capitalized lease obligations		-		88,094
OPEB obligation		-		-
Compensated absences payable		-		1,848
Claims and judgments payable				_
Total Noncurrent Liabilities				89,942
Total Liabilities		202,359		152,421
Net Assets:				
Net investment in capital assets		-		69,408
Unrestricted		1,501		207,140
Omostilotod		1,501		201,170
Total Net Assets	\$	1,501	\$	276,548

	Self-Insurance									
Information Fleet			Employee	~	Workers'		General			
Te	echnology	Maintenance		Medical	Co	ompensation		Liability		Totals
\$	197,758	\$ 4,040,255	\$	578,308	\$	966,300	\$	1,129,472	\$	7,339,318
										21.102
	224	7,326		15,754		-		4.020		31,482
	847	17,340		2,477		4,139		4,838		30,633
	198,829	4,064,921		596,539		970,439	_	1,134,310	_	7,401,433
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							<u> </u>		
	_	443,134		_		_		-		443,134
	-	411,227		-		-		-		411,227
	539,678	4,737,856		-		-		-		5,802,612
•	539,678	5,592,217		-		_		_		6,656,973
	(403,091)	(3,145,681)		-		_		_		(3,877,416)
	136,587	2,446,536		_						2,779,557
						<i>6</i> 05 001				<i>6</i> 05 991
	126 597	2 446 526				605,881				605,881
	136,587	2,446,536				605,881				3,385,438
	335,416	6,511,457		596,539		1,576,320		1,134,310		10,786,871
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	3,656	62,485		23,037		6,574		13,468		138,259
	6,799			, -		_		1,381		204,641
	33,732					307,700		1,704,087		2,084,857
	44,187	62,485		23,037		314,274		1,718,936		2,427,757
	_	_		_		_		-		88,094
	-	-		630,409		-		_		630,409
	153,668	_		-		-		14,078		169,594
				_		258,028		1,426,343		1,684,371
	153,668			630,409		258,028		1,440,421		2,572,468
	197,855	62,485		653,446		572,302		3,159,357		5,000,225
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							· · · · ·		
	136,587	2,446,536		_		_		_		2,652,531
	974	4,002,436		(56,907)		1,004,018		(2,025,047)		3,134,115
				<u> </u>				<u> </u>		
\$	137,561	\$ 6,448,972	\$	(56,907)	\$	1,004,018	\$	(2,025,047)	\$	5,786,646

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	oloyee nefits	Central Services		
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for current services	\$ -	\$	485,455	
Other	 -			
Total Operating Revenues	 		485,455	
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries and benefits	-		58,300	
Cost of materials and supplies	-		42,418	
Depreciation	-		62,956	
Workers compensation insurance	-		-	
Employee health/life insurance	-		-	
Liability insurance	-		-	
Benefit payments	-		-	
Maintenance and other operating expenses	 -		404,003	
Total Operating Expenses			567,677	
Operating Income (Loss)	 		(82,222)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
Investment income	-		(27)	
Interest and fiscal charges	-		(7,214)	
Gain (loss) on sale of property	-		-	
Total Nonoperating			•	
Revenues (Expenses)			(7,241)	
Income (Loss) Before				
Transfers	_		(89,463)	
Transfers:				
Transfers in	_		_	
Total Transfers	 			
Change in Net Assets	-		(89,463)	
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	 1,501		366,011	
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 1,501	\$	276,548	

			Self-Insurance		
Information	Fleet	Employee	Workers'	General	
Technology	Maintenance	Medical	Compensation	Liability	Totals
\$ 1,329,630	\$ 1,632,260	\$ 3,102,775	\$ 380,881	\$ 1,600,000	\$ 8,531,001
-	33,920	4,833	85,304	1,258	125,315
1,329,630	1,666,180	3,107,608	466,185	1,601,258	8,656,316
736,633	-	-	-	127,263	922,196
10,507	503,263	-	-	1,043	557,231
46,199	543,910	-	-	-	653,065
-	-	-	101,328	-	101,328
-	-	2,810,873	-	-	2,810,873
_	-	-	-	978,728	978,728
-	-	215,392	390,025	2,088,476	2,693,893
648,451	670,862	80,914	93,337	291,350	2,188,917
1,441,790	1,718,035	3,107,179	584,690	3,486,860	10,906,231
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
(112,160)	(51,855)	429	(118,505)	(1,885,602)	(2,249,915)
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(441)	11,394	(618)	17,488	(1,495)	26,301
-	-	-	-	-	(7,214)
-	30,860	-	-	-	30,860
(441)	42,254	(618)	17,488	(1,495)	49,947
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
(112,601)	(9,601)	(189)	(101,017)	(1,887,097)	(2,199,968)
-	<u> </u>			403,000	403,000
				403,000	403,000
					=
(112,601)	(9,601)	(189)	(101,017)	(1,484,097)	(1,796,968)
27017	=^ ===	/ 1 ~:	4.407.007	/= 10 0 = 0°	
250,162	6,458,573	(56,718)	1,105,035	(540,950)	7,583,614
ф 127.561	¢ (440.073	¢ (56.007)	¢ 1.004.010	e (2.025.047)	¢ 5706646
\$ 137,561	\$ 6,448,972	\$ (56,907)	\$ 1,004,018	\$ (2,025,047)	\$ 5,786,646

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Cash Flows from Operating Activities: (1,266) 485,811 Cash paid to other suppliers of goods or services (6,758) (453,320) Cash payment to employees 14,837 (58,427) Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities 6,813 (25,936) Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: - - Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities - - Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities - - Cash Flows from Capital and Related - - Financing Activities: - - Purchase and construction of capital assets - - Sale of capital assets - - Payment on capital lease payable - (37,665) Interest and fiscal charges - (7,215) Net Cash Provided by (Used for) - (44,880) Cash Flows from Investing Activities: - 6,871 55,063 Investment income received - 6,871 55,715 Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities: 6,871 <			Employee Benefits	Central Service		
Cash paid to other suppliers of goods or services (6,758) (453,320) Cash payment to employees 14,837 (58,427) Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities 6,813 (25,936) Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: - - Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital - - Financing Activities - - Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital - - Financing Activities - - Purchase and construction of capital assets - - - Sale of capital assets - - - - Payment on capital lease payable - (37,665) - </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>						
goods or services (6,758) (453,320) Cash payment to employees 14,837 (58,427) Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities 6,813 (25,936) Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: - - Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital - - Financing Activities - - Purchase and construction of capital assets - - Payment on capital lease payable - (37,665) Interest and fiscal charges - (7,215) Net Cash Provided by (Used for) - (44,880) Cash Flows from Investing Activities - (44,880) Net Cash Provided by (Used for) - (55,063) Cash Flows from Investing Activities - (55,063) Investment income received - 6,871 55,063 Investment income received - 6,871 55,715 Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 13,684 (15,101) Cash and Cash Equivalents at Enginning of Year - 75,555 120,676 <tr< td=""><td></td><td>\$</td><td>(1,266)</td><td>\$</td><td>485,811</td></tr<>		\$	(1,266)	\$	485,811	
Cash payment to employees 14,837 (58,427) Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities 6,813 (25,936) Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: - - Cash received from other funds - - Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities - - Financing Activities: - - Purchase and Construction of capital assets - - Sale of capital assets - - Payment on capital lease payable - (37,665) Interest and fiscal charges - (7,215) Net Cash Provided by (Used for) - (44,880) Cash and Related Financing Activities: - (44,880) Cash Flows from Investing Activities: - 6,871 55,063 Investment income received - 6,871 55,063 Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities: 6,871 55,715 Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 13,684 (15,101) Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year \$89,239 105,575			(6.750)		(452.220)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities: Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Cash received from other funds Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase and construction of capital assets Sale of capital assets Payment on capital lease payable Interest and fiscal charges Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase and charges Activities: Payment on capital lease payable Interest and fiscal charges Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities Maturity (purchase) of investments Investment income received Activities: Maturity (purchase) of investments Investment income received Activities: Acti			, , ,		, , , , ,	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Cash received from other funds Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase and construction of capital assets Sale of capital assets Payment on capital lease payable Interest and fiscal charges Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities Maturity (purchase) of investments Investment income received Activities: Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities: Maturity (purchase) of investments Investment income received Activities: Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities: Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities: Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities: Net Cash And Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Say 239 105,575 Investments Say 239 105,575 Investments						
Cash received from other funds - - - Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities - - Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: - - Purchase and construction of capital assets - - Sale of capital assets - - - Payment on capital lease payable - (37,665) - (7,215) Net Cash Provided by (Used for) - (44,880) - (44,880) Cash Flows from Investing Activities: - (44,880) - 652 Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investments 6,871 55,063 - 652 Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities: 6,871 55,715 - Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 13,684 (15,101) Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year 75,555 120,676 Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year \$ 89,239 \$ 105,575 Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: \$ 89,239 \$ 105,575 Cash and cash equivalents <t< td=""><td>Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities</td><td></td><td>6,813</td><td></td><td>(25,936)</td></t<>	Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		6,813		(25,936)	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Seconciliation of Capital assets Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash Provided by (Used for) Cash Capital and Related Financing Activities Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash Cash Provided by (Used for) Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalent						
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase and construction of capital assets - - Sale of capital assets - - Payment on capital lease payable - (37,665) Interest and fiscal charges - (7,215) Net Cash Provided by (Used for) - (44,880) Cash Flows from Investing Activities: - (44,880) Maturity (purchase) of investments 6,871 55,063 Investment income received - 652 Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities: 6,871 55,715 Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 13,684 (15,101) Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year 75,555 120,676 Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year \$89,239 \$105,575 Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents \$89,239 \$105,575 Investments 106,461 125,950						
Financing Activities: Purchase and construction of capital assets -	Financing Activities		-			
Purchase and construction of capital assets - - Sale of capital assets - - Payment on capital lease payable - (37,665) Interest and fiscal charges - (7,215) Net Cash Provided by (Used for) - (44,880) Capital and Related Financing Activities - (44,880) Cash Flows from Investing Activities: - (44,880) Maturity (purchase) of investments 6,871 55,063 Investment income received - 652 Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities: 6,871 55,715 Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 13,684 (15,101) Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year 75,555 120,676 Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year \$89,239 \$105,575 Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: \$89,239 \$105,575 Cash and cash equivalents \$89,239 \$105,575 Investments 106,461 125,950	•					
Payment on capital lease payable Interest and fiscal charges Interest Cash and Cash Equivalents Interest Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Interest Cash and Cash Equivalents Interest Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Interest Cash and Cash Equivalents Interest Cash and Interest Ca			-		_	
Interest and fiscal charges - (7,215) Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities: Maturity (purchase) of investments Investment income received - 652 Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities: Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year 75,555 120,676 Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year \$89,239 \$105,575 Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash Equiva	_		-		-	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Maturity (purchase) of investments Investment income received Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities: Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents	Payment on capital lease payable		-		(37,665)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Maturity (purchase) of investments Investment income received Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities: Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet:	Interest and fiscal charges				(7,215)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Maturity (purchase) of investments Investment income received Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities: Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 13,684 (15,101) Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Seconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents	Net Cash Provided by (Used for)					
Maturity (purchase) of investments6,87155,063Investment income received-652Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities:6,87155,715Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents13,684(15,101)Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year75,555120,676Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year\$ 89,239\$ 105,575Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents\$ 89,239\$ 105,575Investments\$ 89,239\$ 105,575	Capital and Related Financing Activities				(44,880)	
Investment income received - 652 Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities: 6,871 55,715 Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 13,684 (15,101) Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year 75,555 120,676 Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year \$89,239 \$105,575 Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents \$89,239 \$105,575 Investments \$89,239 \$105,575	Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities:6,87155,715Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents13,684(15,101)Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year75,555120,676Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year\$ 89,239\$ 105,575Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Investments\$ 89,239\$ 105,575	Maturity (purchase) of investments		6,871		55,063	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 13,684 (15,101) Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year 75,555 120,676 Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents \$89,239 \$105,575 Investments \$106,461 125,950	Investment income received				652	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year 75,555 120,676 Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year \$89,239 \$105,575 Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents \$89,239 \$105,575 Investments \$106,461 125,950	Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities:		6,871		55,715	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year \$89,239 \$105,575 Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents \$89,239 \$105,575 Investments \$106,461 125,950	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		13,684		(15,101)	
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Investments \$ 89,239 \$ 105,575 106,461 125,950	Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		75,555		120,676	
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 89,239 \$ 105,575 Investments 106,461 125,950	Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	89,239	\$	105,575	
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 89,239 \$ 105,575 Investments 106,461 125,950	Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the balance sheet:					
Investments 106,461 125,950		\$	89.239	\$	105.575	
	•	*		₹'	*	
		\$		\$		

Information		Employee	Workers'	General	
Technolog	Maintenance Maintenance	Medical	Compensation	Liability	Totals
\$ 1,329,406	\$ 1,663,722	\$ 3,095,325	\$ 541,852	\$ 1,601,258	\$ 8,716,108
(699,279 (730,898		(2,993,218)	(492,935)	(1,802,743) (124,590)	(7,644,159) (899,078)
(100,771	467,816	102,107	48,917	(326,075)	172,871
			114,119	403,000	517,119
		<u> </u>	114,119	403,000	517,119
(36,518) (415,378)	_	_	_	(451,896)
(30,310	30,860	-	-	_	30,860
	, -	-	-	_	(37,665)
					(7,215)
(36,518) (384,518)				(465,916)
93,108	166,734	(28,606)	(42,230)	14,008	264,948
93,100 565	*	(455)	17,535	(500)	33,699
93,673		(29,061)	(24,695)	13,508	298,647
(43,616		73,046	138,341	90,433	522,721
133,793	1,576,422	190,662	302,292	421,218	2,820,618
\$ 90,177	\$ 1,842,356	\$ 263,708	\$ 440,633	\$ 511,651	\$ 3,343,339
\$ 90,177		\$ 263,708	\$ 440,633	\$ 511,651	\$ 3,343,339
107,581	2,197,899	314,600	525,667	617,821	3,995,979
\$ 197,758	\$ 4,040,255	\$ 578,308	\$ 966,300	\$ 1,129,472	\$ 7,339,318

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$		\$	(82,222)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash				
Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:				
Depreciation expense		-		62,956
Change in Assets and Liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(1,266)		356
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		=		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(6,758)		(6,899)
Increase (decrease) in accrued wages		14,837		(49)
Increase (decrease) in OPEB Obligation		=		-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		=		(78)
Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments payable				
Total Adjustments		6,813		56,286
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)				
Operating Activities	\$	6,813	\$	(25,936)
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	\$		\$	(1,940)
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	φ	-	φ	(1,7 4 0)

Information Technology		Fleet Maintenance		Employee Medical		lf-Insurance Workers' empensation	General		Totals
\$ (112,160)	\$	(51,855)	\$	429	\$	(118,505)	\$	(1,885,602)	\$ (2,249,915)
46,199		543,910		-		-		-	653,065
(224)		(2,458)		(12,283)		75,667		-	59,792
-		_		-		, -		2,585	2,585
(40,321)		(21,781)		3,961		(387)		(7,571)	(79,756)
(62)		_		-		_		59	14,785
-		-		110,000		_		-	110,000
5,797		-		-		_		2,614	8,333
 				_		92,142		1,561,840	1,653,982
11,389		519,671		101,678		167,422		1,559,527	2,422,786
\$ (100,771)	\$	467,816	\$	102,107	\$	48,917	\$	(326,075)	\$ 172,871
\$ (2,213)	\$	(24,321)	\$	(2,845)	\$	(4,461)	\$	(6,441)	\$ (42,221)



AGENCY FUNDS

The Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results or operations. The Agency funds are used to account for taxes received for special assessment debt for which the City is not obligated and monies that are held as part of a joint powers authority agreement.

<u>The Street Assessment Collection Fund</u> is used to record collections and payments to the holders of the 1915 Act Assessment Bonds as they pertain to Street Assessments.

<u>The 99-1 AD Collection Fund</u> is used to record collections and payments to the holders of the 1915 Assessment Bonds as they pertain to the 99-1 AD.

<u>The 99-1 CFD Collection Fund</u> is used to record collections and payments to the holders of the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act Bonds.

<u>The 98-1 Reassessment District Public Financing Authority Collection Fund</u> is used to refund the 98-1 Assessment District Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds previously issued to finance public improvements benefiting parcels within the Reassessment District.

<u>The Coastal Animal Service Authority Fund</u> is used to record the assets and liabilities of the joint powers authority that provides and operates an animal sheltering facility located within the City of San Clemente.

Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2013

		Street ssessment ollection		99-1 AD ollection	99-1 CFD Collection		
Assets:							
Taxes receivable	\$	-	\$	740	\$	1,367	
Accounts receivable		-		-		-	
Accrued interest receivable		956		29		3,322	
Restricted cash and investments		223,222		6,738		297,384	
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		92,573		531,778	
Total Assets	\$	224,178	\$	100,080	\$	833,851	
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	377	\$	437	
Accrued wages		-		-		-	
Deposits payable		-		-		-	
Payable to bondholders		224,178		99,703		833,414	
	_		_		_		
Total Liabilities	\$	224,178	\$	100,080	\$	833,851	

			Coastal							
Animal										
98-1 RAD Services										
PF	A Collection		Authority		Totals					
\$	20,412	\$	-	\$	22,519					
	-		47,303		47,303					
	1,146		-		5,453					
	267,555		33,032		827,931					
	1,692,657		-		2,317,008					
\$	1,981,770	\$	80,335	\$	3,220,214					
\$	395	\$	28,388	\$	29,597					
	-		14,389		14,389					
	-		37,558		37,558					
	1,981,375				3,138,670					
φ.	1 0010	4	00.005	φ.						
\$	1,981,770	\$	80,335	\$	3,220,214					

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Agency Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Balance ly 1, 2012	Additions		Deletions		Balance ne 30, 2013
STREET ASSESSMENT COLLE	ECTIO	<u>N</u>					
Assets							
Accrued interest receivable	\$	1,261	\$	956	\$	1,261	\$ 956
Cash and investments		227,610		2,235		6,623	223,222
Total Assets	\$	228,871	\$	3,191	\$	7,884	\$ 224,178
Liabilities							
Payable to bondholders	\$	228,871	\$	1,335	\$	6,028	\$ 224,178
Total Liabilities	\$	228,871	\$	1,335	\$	6,028	\$ 224,178
99-1 AD COLLECTION							
Assets							
Taxes receivable	\$	-	\$	740	\$	_	\$ 740
Accrued interest receivable		603		-		574	29
Cash and investments		108,181		119,358		128,228	99,311
Total Assets	\$	108,784	\$	120,098	\$	128,802	\$ 100,080
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	59,121	\$	58,744	\$ 377
Payable to bondholders	'	108,784		64,941		74,022	99,703
Total Liabilities	\$	108,784	\$	124,062	\$	132,766	\$ 100,080
99-1 CFD COLLECTION Assets							
Taxes receivable	\$	199	\$	1,367	\$	199	\$ 1,367
Accrued interest receivable		6,324		-		3,001	3,323
Cash and investments		825,961		794,175		790,974	829,162
Total Assets	\$	832,484	\$	795,542	\$	794,174	\$ 833,852
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	380,882	\$	380,444	\$ 438
Payable to bondholders		832,484		395,095		394,165	833,414
Total Liabilities	\$	832,484	\$	775,977	\$	774,609	\$ 833,852

(Continued)

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Agency Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Balance July 1, 2012			Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2013		
	- tary 1, 2012			Additions		Detetions		nc 30, 2013	
98-1 RAD PFA COLLECTION									
Assets									
Taxes receivable	\$	17,414	\$	20,412	\$	17,414	\$	20,412	
Accrued interest receivable		2,103		_		957		1,146	
Cash and investments		1,927,057		2,338,351		2,305,196		1,960,212	
Total Assets	\$	1,946,574	\$	2,358,763	\$	2,323,567	\$	1,981,770	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	1,223,155	\$	1,222,760	\$	395	
Payable to bondholders		1,946,574		1,128,670		1,093,869		1,981,375	
Total Liabilities	\$	1,946,574	\$	2,351,825	\$	2,316,629	\$	1,981,770	
COASTAL ANIMAL SERVICES	AU'	<u>THORITY</u>							
Assets									
Accounts receivable	\$	32,629	\$	47,767	\$	33,093	\$	47,303	
Cash and investments		24,060		1,382,417		1,373,445		33,032	
Total Assets	\$	56,689	\$	1,430,184	\$	1,406,538	\$	80,335	
Liabilities							· ·		
Accounts payable	\$	40,645	\$	920,876	\$	933,133	\$	28,388	
Accrued wages		16,044		763,045		764,700		14,389	
Deposits payable		-		1,431,710		1,394,152		37,558	
Total Liabilities	\$	56,689	\$	3,115,631	\$	3,091,985	\$	80,335	
TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS									
Assets	ф	15 (10	ф	22.710	Φ.	15 (10	Φ.	22.510	
Taxes receivable	\$	17,613	\$	22,519	\$	17,613	\$	22,519	
Accounts receivable		32,629		47,767		33,093		47,303	
Accrued interest receivable		10,291		956		5,793		5,454	
Cash and investments	Φ.	3,112,869	Φ.	4,636,536	Φ.	4,604,466	Φ.	3,144,939	
Total Assets	\$	3,173,402	\$	4,707,778	\$	4,660,965	\$	3,220,215	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	40,645	\$	2,584,034	\$	2,595,081	\$	29,598	
Accrued wages		16,044		763,045		764,700		14,389	
Deposits payable				1,431,710		1,394,152		37,558	
Payable to bondholders		3,116,713		1,590,041		1,568,084		3,138,670	
Total Liabilities	\$	3,173,402	\$	6,368,830	\$	6,322,017	\$	3,220,215	

(Concluded)





Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Honorable City Council City of San Clemente San Clemente, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of San Clemente, California (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2013.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

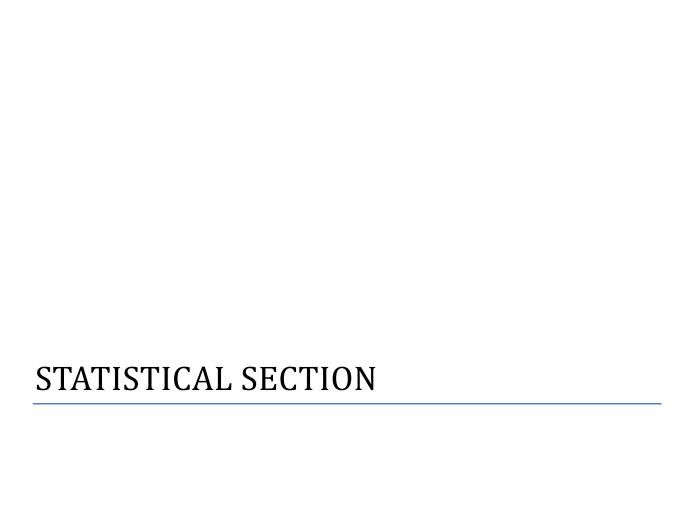
As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

December 11, 2013

Van Laut + Fankhanel, 11P



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of San Clemente's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	134
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	146
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	152
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	156
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	160

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year								
		2004		2005		2006		2007	
Governmental Activities									
Net investment in capital assets	\$	101,368,966	\$	107,200,967	\$	120,396,154	\$	139,240,988	
Restricted		25,407,502		60,646,071		63,848,558		73,257,751	
Unrestricted		64,128,688		34,344,873		36,731,775		32,975,491	
Total governmental activities net position	\$	190,905,156	\$	202,191,911	\$	220,976,487	\$	245,474,230	
Business-type activities									
Net investment in capital assets	\$	122,398,385	\$	122,528,356	\$	128,145,144	\$	138,419,739	
Restricted		34,288,047		35,045,918		37,706,913		43,020,332	
Unrestricted		12,790,969		15,274,346		13,211,871		7,061,711	
Total business-type activities net position	\$	169,477,401	\$	172,848,620	\$	179,063,928	\$	188,501,782	
Primary Government									
Net investment in capital assets	\$	223,767,351	\$	229,729,323	\$	248,541,298	\$	277,660,727	
Restricted		59,695,549		95,691,989		101,555,471		116,278,083	
Unrestricted		76,919,657		49,619,219		49,943,646		40,037,202	
Total primary government net position	\$	360,382,557	\$	375,040,531	\$	400,040,415	\$	433,976,012	

Fiscal Year

 riscar rea										
2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013
\$ 150,591,242	\$	160,753,531	\$	164,975,785	\$	184,880,908	\$	191,342,737	\$	186,634,872
72,576,665		70,789,068		72,358,104		61,254,366		51,568,742		56,226,561
 34,432,738		36,234,606		33,143,594		38,223,976		39,174,674		37,714,193
\$ 257,600,645	\$	267,777,205	\$	270,477,483	\$	284,359,250	\$	282,086,153	\$	280,575,626
\$ 141,188,272	\$	148,073,703	\$	145,862,033	\$	144,382,566	\$	148,528,745	\$	152,088,828
45,175,807		44,132,042		48,219,563		49,019,121		11,604,636		10,969,269
 9,510,733		5,255,209		2,535,183		2,556,796		35,030,472		35,940,828
\$ 195,874,812	\$	197,460,954	\$	196,616,779	\$	195,958,483	\$	195,163,853	\$	198,998,925
\$ 291,779,514	\$	308,827,234	\$	310,837,818	\$	329,263,474	\$	339,871,482	\$	338,723,700
117,752,472		114,921,110		120,577,667		110,273,487		63,173,378		67,195,830
 43,943,471		41,489,815		35,678,777		40,780,772		74,205,146		73,655,021
\$ 453,475,457	\$	465,238,159	\$	467,094,262	\$	480,317,733	\$	477,250,006	\$	479,574,551

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year					
		2004		2005		2006
Expenses						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$	5,271,633	\$	6,714,032	\$	9,648,050
Public safety ¹		13,378,603		14,217,552		
Police						9,565,635
Fire						5,710,457
Economic development ²		13,807,963		16,654,803		
Public works						9,070,583
Community development						5,396,690
Beaches, parks & recreation		7,193,450		8,316,082		8,725,821
Interest and fiscal charges		360,154		345,345		334,736
Total governmental activities expenses		40,011,803		46,247,814		48,451,972
Business-type activities:						
Water		10,244,563		10,636,696		11,829,322
Sewer		6,621,163		7,798,634		8,761,770
Golf		1,897,026		1,934,882		2,197,204
Non-major activities		1,001,525		1,207,503		1,461,065
Total business-type activities expenses		19,764,277		21,577,715		24,249,361
Total primary government expenses		59,776,080		67,825,529		72,701,333
Program Revenues						
Governmental activities:						
Charges for services:						
General government		3,438,615		4,734,491		2,537,862
Public safety ¹		2,699,963		2,039,859		
Police						1,180,869
Fire						582,914
Economic development ²		11,962,370		7,167,035		
Public works						1,320,339
Community development						4,585,546
Beaches, parks & recreation		4,542,378		5,521,121		1,899,328
Operating grants and contributions		677,916		956,864		3,901,444
Capital grants and contributions		3,467,440		326,812		14,557,681
Total governmental activities program revenues		26,788,682		20,746,182		30,565,983
Business-type activities:						
Charges for services:						
Water		12,668,783		12,236,707		10,216,817
Sewer		7,090,001		7,276,394		7,285,939
Golf		2,227,188		2,034,533		2,057,159
Other		2,352,116		2,428,837		1,985,933
Operating grants and contributions		2,140,342		_		_
Capital grants and contributions		-		906,385		4,129,369
Total business-type activities program revenues		26,478,430		24,882,856		25,675,217
Total primary government program revenues		53,267,112		45,629,038		56,241,200
Net (expense)/revenue:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-
Governmental activities		(13,223,121)		(25,501,632)		(17,885,989)
Business-type activities		6,714,153		3,305,141		1,425,856
Total primary government net expense	\$	(6,508,968)	\$	(22,196,491)	\$	(16,460,133)

			Fiscal Year			
2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
\$ 8,618,717	\$ 7,067,972	\$ 8,590,506	\$ 8,197,612	\$ 8,453,237	\$ 7,446,115	\$ 6,194,743
10,111,028	11,432,223	11,643,872	12,295,976	12,051,622	12,120,058	12,141,456
6,193,700	6,396,679	6,646,647	6,931,220	7,074,900	7,441,911	7,723,477
22,373,476	9,824,925	9,651,386	10,665,664	10,407,140	11,467,488	10,729,698
6,515,898	6,180,679	6,372,669	7,524,036	5,327,603	5,335,446	8,027,685
9,519,314	9,817,651	10,258,139	10,173,361	9,926,388	11,832,045	13,092,862
 365,633	326,509	302,728	284,613	307,354	 232,635	147,897
63,697,766	51,046,638	53,465,947	56,072,482	53,548,244	55,875,698	58,057,818
12,039,439	12,347,470	14,918,006	15,128,156	14,604,342	16,649,645	17,583,799
8,261,682	8,544,283	10,410,640	9,739,844	10,706,741	10,560,807	10,956,256
2,152,574	2,260,402	2,286,334	2,163,580	2,135,370	2,191,026	2,274,584
1,493,220	1,927,960	1,808,289	1,982,432	2,070,131	2,080,649	1,839,962
23,946,915	25,080,115	29,423,269	29,014,012	29,516,584	 31,482,127	32,654,601
87,644,681	76,126,753	82,889,216	85,086,494	83,064,828	87,357,825	90,712,419
2,880,811	2,643,881	2,674,407	2,408,851	2,742,791	2,899,751	398,141
, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,		, ,	,
1,068,480	1,012,436	1,167,198	977,562	1,060,857	1,014,471	887,830
637,426	564,867	793,180	823,135	681,144	768,098	834,182
1,154,858	962,317	800,669	879,257	1,277,324	1,146,576	998,914
3,690,114	2,914,280	1,412,939	1,619,726	1,456,230	1,365,793	1,669,416
2,161,531	2,592,051	2,482,348	2,831,200	2,835,372	3,186,014	3,472,211
5,730,426	3,303,950	2,670,368	3,373,731	3,287,276	3,218,852	4,773,534
31,132,043	10,039,908	 10,049,727	 4,463,625	5,694,883	 2,682,033	 1,221,842
48,455,689	 24,033,690	 22,050,836	 17,377,087	 19,035,877	 16,281,588	 14,256,070
12,192,798	12,324,113	12,447,776	12,485,605	13,885,865	16,424,826	18,479,553
7,558,957	8,134,083	8,132,002	8,358,121	8,977,702	9,270,705	10,071,581
2,100,371	2,250,182	2,132,715	2,023,047	2,137,694	2,222,932	2,179,625
2,063,647	2,049,309	2,010,211	1,985,289	2,362,352	2,286,446	2,306,379
-	-	_	-	190,241	248,928	56,500
5,498,771	2,693,366	3,025,094	769,923	1,100,855	47,180	3,439,735
29,414,544	27,451,053	27,747,798	 25,621,985	28,654,709	 30,501,017	36,533,373
77,870,233	51,484,743	51,484,743	51,484,743	51,484,743	46,782,605	50,789,443
(15,242,077)	(27,012,948)	(31,415,111)	(38,695,395)	(34,512,367)	(39,594,110)	(43,801,748)
5,467,629	2,370,938	(1,675,471)	(3,392,027)	(861,875)	(981,110)	3,878,772
\$ (9,774,448)	\$ (24,642,010)	\$ (33,090,582)	\$ (42,087,422)	\$ (35,374,242)	\$ (40,575,220)	\$ (39,922,976)
	 					<u> </u>

137 (Continued)

CHANGES IN NET POSTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued) (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year					
		2004		2005		2006
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets						
Governmental activities:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$	14,619,234	\$	19,904,158	\$	22,663,198
Sales taxes		6,213,258		5,199,568		5,260,019
Sales taxes - in lieu		-		1,625,595		1,375,318
Transient occupancy taxes		1,049,910		1,161,392		1,264,514
Franchise taxes		1,552,704		1,727,451		2,127,233
Other taxes		2,931,927		2,608,978		617,638
Assessments		1,700,901		636,041		668,756
Investment earnings		(189,088)		2,626,787		2,144,246
Miscellaneous		391,678		798,840		4,832
Gain on sale of capital assets		969,853		22,867		(18,819)
Pension side fund payment		-		-		-
Dissolution of the redevelopment agency		-		-		-
Transfers		613,918		692,970		563,630
Total governmental activities		29,854,295		37,004,647		36,670,565
Business-type activities:		_				_
Investment earnings		-		761,419		1,086,795
Gain/Loss on sale of capital assets		-		(2,371)		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		4,266,287
Transfers		(613,918)		(692,970)		(563,630)
Total business-type activities		(613,918)		66,078		4,789,452
Total primary government	\$	29,240,377	\$	37,070,725	\$	41,460,017
Change in Net Assets						
Governmental activities		16,631,174		11,503,015		18,784,576
Business-type activities	_	6,100,235		3,371,219		6,215,308
Total primary government	\$	22,731,409	\$	14,874,234	\$	24,999,884

Notes:

The City of San Clemente implemented GASB 34 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. Information prior to the implementation of GASB 34 is not available.

¹ Public safety was separated for reporting purposes into police and fire in fiscal year 2006.

² Economic development was separated for reporting purposes into public works and community development in fiscal year 2006.

³ The State of California initiated the "triple flip" which caused shifts in property tax, sales taxes and motor vehicle fees (other taxes).

							Fiscal Year						
	2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013
\$	25,502,996	\$	27,691,490	\$	27,676,009	\$	27,114,216	\$	26,543,254	\$	25,704,056	\$	25,613,417
Ψ	5,670,986	Ψ	5,628,813	Ψ	4,530,994	Ψ	4,965,641	Ψ	5,095,486	Ψ	5,375,251	Ψ	5,837,066
	1,643,898		1,981,820		2,014,780		1,308,380		1,604,663		1,694,225		1,743,745
	1,362,015		1,465,852		1,309,644		1,371,937		1,460,880		1,541,248		1,587,576
	3,185,831		2,163,287		2,246,570		2,166,871		2,199,894		2,229,194		2,203,002
	533,679		475,611		1,250,768		1,353,846		1,411,471		1,073,325		1,103,570
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	3,061,219		2,070,969		2,155,014		2,152,699		827,900		1,147,655		3,950,829
	108,176		306,842		42,135		722,562		150,904		144,473		76,641
	-		(2,695,057)		-		-		13,403,427		-		-
	-		-		-		-		(4,754,163)		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		(1,767,179)		-
	(1,328,980)		49,736		365,757		239,521		450,418		178,765		175,375
	39,739,820		39,139,363		41,591,671		41,395,673		48,394,134		37,321,013		42,291,221
	2,822,400		2,747,619 (662,391)		2,208,881		1,406,190		653,997		365,245		131,675
	1,409,345		1,376,100		1,418,489		1,381,183		-		-		-

(239,521)

2,547,852

43,943,525

2,700,278

1,856,103

(844,175)

(450,418)

203,579

48,597,713

13,881,767

13,223,471

(658,296)

(178,765)

186,480

37,507,493

(2,273,097)

(794,630)

\$

(3,067,727)

1,328,980

5,560,725

45,300,545

24,497,743

11,028,354

35,526,097

(49,736)

3,411,592

42,550,955

12,126,415

5,782,530

17,908,945

(365,757)

3,261,613

44,853,284

10,176,560

1,586,142

11,762,702

2,324,545 (Concluded)

(1,510,527)

3,835,072

(175,375)

(43,700)

42,247,521

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Transient Occupancy Tax	Franchise Tax	Other Taxes	Total
2003-2004	\$ 14,619,948	\$ 6,213,258	\$ 1,049,910	\$ 1,552,704	\$ 629,237	\$ 24,065,057
2004-2005	19,622,512	6,610,205	1,161,393	1,727,451	636,963	29,758,524
2005-2006	22,521,783	6,796,295	1,264,514	2,127,233	665,762	33,375,587
2006-2007	25,217,121	7,275,883	1,362,015	3,185,831	662,446	37,703,296
2007-2008	27,473,127	7,621,633	1,465,852	2,168,274	652,684	39,381,570
2008-2009	27,784,818	6,627,774	1,309,644	2,260,966	659,279	38,642,481
2009-2010	25,236,787	5,924,020	1,371,937	2,186,180	717,306	35,436,230
2010-2011	26,677,176	6,979,049	1,460,880	2,199,894	781,700	38,098,699
2011-2012	25,812,484	7,074,047	1,541,248	2,288,084	858,626	37,574,489
2012-2013	27,849,666	7,452,871	1,587,576	2,264,288	863,703	40,018,104

Note:

This schedule provides more detail information on the tax category by major tax type.

In FY 2009-2010, the State of California borrowed \$2.2 million, which was paid back by the State of California in FY 2012-2013.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Transient Occupancy Tax	Franchise Tax	Other Taxes	Motor Vehicle Tax	Total
2003-2004	\$ 14,619,234	\$ 6,213,258	\$ 1,049,910	\$ 1,552,704	\$ 1,859,468	\$ 2,773,360	\$ 28,067,934
2004-2005	19,904,158	6,825,163	1,161,392	1,727,451	1,170,737	1,438,241	32,227,142
2005-2006	22,663,198	6,635,337	1,264,514	2,127,233	166,418	451,220	33,307,920
2006-2007	25,502,996	7,314,884	1,362,015	3,185,831	167,677	366,002	37,899,405
2007-2008	27,691,490	7,610,633	1,465,852	2,163,287	173,020	302,591	39,406,873
2008-2009	27,676,009	6,545,774	1,309,644	2,246,570	1,016,497	234,271	39,028,765
2009-2010	27,114,216	6,274,021	1,371,937	2,166,871	1,149,918	203,928	38,280,891
2010-2011	26,543,254	6,700,149	1,460,880	2,199,894	1,098,104	313,367	38,315,648
2011-2012	25,704,056	7,069,476	1,541,248	2,229,194	1,038,871	34,454	37,617,299
2012-2013	25,613,417	7,580,811	1,587,576	2,203,002	1,068,321	35,249	38,088,376

Note:

This schedule provides more detail information on the tax category by major tax type.

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
	2004			2005		2006		2007
General fund		_		_		_		
Reserved	\$	913,246	\$	3,057,948	\$	6,851,143	\$	7,270,478
Unreserved		13,204,037		24,158,171		21,648,599		18,996,871
Total general fund	\$	14,117,283	\$	27,216,119	\$	28,499,742	\$	26,267,349
All other governmental funds								
Reserved	\$	32,265,740	\$	42,189,068	\$	56,272,435	\$	79,299,565
Unreserved, reported in:								
Special revenue funds		5,056,323		4,019,549		(6,233,102)		(6,051,182)
Capital projects funds		14,624,165		17,134,321		15,506,770		748,444
Debt service funds		-		(1,793,022)		(994,400)		(370,320)
		_		_		_		
Total all other								
governmental funds	\$	51,946,228	\$	61,549,916	\$	64,551,703	\$	73,626,507

General fund

Nonspendable

Committed

Assigned

Unassigned

Total general fund

All other governmental funds

Nonspendable

Restricted

Committed

Assigned

Unassigned

Total all other

governmental funds

^{*} Based on GASB 54, Fund Balance descriptions were changed to reflect new classifications in FY 2011.

Fiscal	Year

	2008		2009		2010		2011*		2012		2013
\$	5,144,358	\$	5,023,665	\$	4,649,496	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
·	20,380,390	·	20,070,766		18,836,396	·	_	·	_		_
\$	25,524,748	\$	25,094,431	\$	23,485,892	\$		\$	_	\$	_
÷		_		_		_		_		_	
\$	81,250,042	\$	79,749,708	\$	69,850,312	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
							-		-		-
	654,026		4,370,589		6,190,722		-		-		-
	(7,833,364)		(11,345,685)		(1,218,011)		-		-		-
	(719,835)		486,740		(2,545,344)		-		-		-
\$	73,350,869	\$	73,261,352	\$	72,277,679	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
$\dot{=}$, ,	÷	, . ,	<u> </u>	, , , , , , , , , ,	÷		÷			
							2011		2012		2012
						Φ.	2011	Φ.	2012	_	2013
						\$	2,169,291	\$	1,800,743	\$	2,001,530
							18,923,274		17,754,373		17,450,954
							3,770,456		7,373,427		7,060,897
							4,110,236		1,528,656		3,592,488
						\$	28,973,257	\$	28,457,199	\$	30,105,869
						\$	2,351,847	\$	2,120,653	\$	2,120,653
						4	31,352,050	4	46,333,348	Ψ	47,664,547
							11,792,319		442,650		77,643
							17,517,914		4,209,482		4,356,356
											4,330,330
							(2,001,968)		26,091		
						¢	61,012,162	Φ	53,132,224	Φ.	54,219,199
						Ψ	01,012,102	Ψ	33,134,444	Ψ	JT, 417,177

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
	2004	2005	2006	2007						
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 24,065,057	\$ 29,758,524	\$ 33,375,587	\$ 37,703,296						
Licenses and permits	4,345,416	3,201,431	3,271,025	2,782,916						
Fines and forfeits	872,930	913,447	921,583	896,133						
Interest and rentals	1,188,381	4,048,545	3,783,715	6,922,912						
Intergovernmental	6,519,475	5,116,208	6,748,776	8,305,713						
Charges for services	10,555,824	9,721,047	9,096,580	7,577,287						
Developers fees	4,712,400	4,257,756	4,397,324	918,600						
Contributions	239,424	600	10,611	-						
Other	188,133	125,515	191,600	665,580						
Total revenues	52,687,040	57,143,073	61,796,801	65,772,437						
Expenditures										
General government	5,281,848	6,062,696	6,506,896	6,868,943						
Public safety	13,335,293	14,196,737	, ,	, ,						
Police	-,,	,,	9,569,745	10,091,550						
Fire			5,670,855	6,013,151						
Economic development	11,033,231	13,766,323	-,,	-,, -						
Public works	,, -	-,,-	8,520,415	6,569,089						
Community development			5,194,929	5,689,852						
Beaches, parks and recreation	7,024,902	7,281,436	7,763,991	8,633,081						
Capital outlay	8,891,849	9,229,162	11,343,516	13,956,352						
Debt service:	-, ,	-, -, -	,,-	- ,,						
Propery tax shift	72,464	149,284	152,953	26,852						
Principal retirements	156,820	80,000	85,000	95,000						
Interest and fiscal charges	356,256	339,956	331,731	321,686						
Total expenditures	46,152,663	51,105,594	55,140,031	58,265,556						
Excess of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	6,037,479	6,656,770	7,506,881	7,506,881						
Other financing sources (uses)										
Proceeds from debt issue	-	-	-	-						
Advance from component unit	1 102 024	-	-	-						
Sale of capital assets	1,103,924	-	4.515.024	-						
Transfers in	3,651,763	4,861,030	4,515,034	15,653,591						
Transfers out	(3,218,083)	(4,347,450)	(6,886,394)	(16,318,061)						
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,537,604	513,580	(2,371,360)	(664,470)						
Pension side fund payment	-	-	-	-						
Redevelopment agency dissolution	-	-	-	-						
Net change in fund balances	\$ 7,575,083	\$ 7,170,350	\$ 5,135,521	\$ 6,842,411						
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital										
expenditures	1%	1%	1%	1%						

Fiscal Year

	2008		2009		2010	ıl Yea	2011		2012		2013
\$	39,381,570	\$	38,642,481	\$	35,436,230	\$	38,098,699	\$	37,574,489	\$	40,018,104
Ψ	2,095,709	Ψ	1,714,112	Ψ	2,083,840	Ψ	1,903,617	Ψ	892,486	Ψ	1,042,511
	880,206		1,033,082		820,170		931,685		879,981		776,634
	6,480,064		5,700,804		3,998,962		2,780,497		2,615,105		2,441,657
	7,555,145		6,987,223		5,975,543		5,767,169		4,830,480		3,800,465
	6,716,282		6,664,560		6,905,663		7,150,212		7,527,717		5,090,503
	444,916		203,899		238,620		700,150		170,071		1,607,964
	473,262		- 168,956		892,015		1,152,865		- 1,755,948		552,873
	64,027,154		61,115,117		56,351,043		58,484,894		56,246,277		55,330,711
			_			·			_		
	7,169,531		7,311,045		7,740,422		7,274,138		7,308,774		4,962,425
	11,452,808		11,658,831		12,344,203		12,046,529		12,111,299		12,111,439
	6,234,977		6,484,946		6,769,519		6,913,198		7,280,209		7,478,736
	6,996,705		6,477,525		6,995,428		6,863,269		7,124,688		6,553,374
	5,841,406		5,561,874		6,139,496		4,723,758		5,159,664		7,757,417
	8,635,436		9,113,582		8,699,948		8,378,274		9,421,326		10,209,081
	16,702,514		13,515,137		9,353,222		25,632,719		13,793,640		3,059,286
	24,463		504,204		1,052,656		348,788		_		_
	100,000		105,000		115,000		125,000		830,000		95,000
	308,786		291,444		279,293		304,411		226,089		140,683
	63,466,626		61,023,588		59,489,187		72,610,084		63,255,689		52,367,441
	560,528		91,529		(3,138,144)		(14,125,190)		(7,009,412)		2,963,270
	-										
	33,617		35,000		70,952		13,449,123		-		-
	12,485,771		5,154,595		5,967,593		14,490,883		5,603,370		3,617,669
	(14,098,155)		(5,800,958)		(5,492,613)		(14,838,805)		(5,222,775)		(3,845,294
	(1,578,767)		(611,363)		545,932		13,101,201		380,595		(227,625
	-		-		-		(4,754,163)		-		-
	-		-		-		-		(1,767,179)		-
\$	(1,018,239)	\$	(519,834)	\$	(2,592,212)	\$	(5,778,152)	\$	(8,395,996)	\$	2,735,645
	1%		1%		1%		1%		2%		0%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Cit	V		Total Taxable	Total Direct
Fiscal Year	Secured Value		Unsecured Value	Assessed Value	Tax Rate
2003 - 2004	\$ 7,538,235,560	\$	200,444,368	\$ 7,738,679,928	1.00%
2004 - 2005	8,530,666,429		217,632,601	8,748,299,030	1.00%
2005 - 2006	9,766,309,751		233,094,120	9,999,403,871	1.00%
2006 - 2007	11,108,747,093		257,421,073	11,366,168,166	1.00%
2007 - 2008	12,244,044,495		242,931,021	12,486,975,516	1.00%
2008 - 2009	12,583,294,477		271,743,872	12,855,038,349	1.00%
2009 - 2010	12,385,008,657		246,328,189	12,631,336,846	1.00%
2010 - 2011	12,203,096,799		227,107,241	12,430,204,040	1.00%
2011 - 2012	12,125,854,115		230,055,391	12,355,909,506	1.00%
2012 - 2013	12,218,790,644		206,465,908	12,425,256,552	1.00%

NOTE:

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price for the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitation described above.

Source: Orange County Auditor Controller's Office

Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Estimated Taxable Actual Value
\$ 7,738,679,928	100%
8,748,299,030	100%
9,999,403,871	100%
11,366,168,166	100%
12,486,975,516	100%
12,855,038,349	100%
12,631,336,846	100%
12,430,204,040	100%
12,355,909,506	100%
12,425,256,552	100%

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (1)

(per \$100 of assessed value)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fisca	l Year		
	2004	2005		2006	2007
Metropolitan Water District	\$ 0.0061	\$ 0.0058	\$	0.0052	\$ 0.0047
Capistrano Unified School District (various issues)	0.0129	0.0119		0.0108	0.0095
Total Basic Tax Levy per Article 13A of California State Constitution	1.0000	1.0000		1.0000	1.0000
	\$ 1.0190	\$ 1.0177	\$	1.0160	\$ 1.0142

Note:

In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of Capistrano Unified School District bonds.

Source: Orange County Auditor Controller's Office

Fiscal Year

2008		2009		2010		2011	2012	2013	
\$ 0.0045	\$	0.0043	\$	\$ 0.0043		0.0037	\$ 0.0037	\$	0.0035
0.0102		0.0097		0.0108		0.0111	0.0110		0.0117
1.0000		1.0000		1.0000		1.0000	 1.0000		1.0000
\$ 1.0147	\$	1.0140	\$	1.0151	\$	1.0148	\$ 1.0147	\$	1.0152

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2	2013			2004		
Taxpayer	Type of Business	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total Taxable Assessed Value	
Suncal Marblehead LLC	Real Estate	\$ 128,995,507	1	1.04%	\$ -			
WNG San Clemente 368 LLC	Real Estate	95,207,663	2	0.77%	-			
Bre Properties Inc	Real Estate	62,635,339	3	0.51%	32,395,468	3	0.42%	
Centro Watt Operating Partnership LLC	Real Estate	49,674,000	4	0.40%	21,588,937	8	0.28%	
SAF Whispering Winds LLC	Real Estate	35,515,437	5	0.29%	-			
Target Corp	Retail Store	28,793,548	6	0.23%	-			
Talega Village Center LLC	Real Estate	27,986,038	7	0.23%	-			
Cox Communications Inc.	Public Utilities	24,857,970	8	0.20%	24,206,251	7	0.31%	
Villa San Clemente LLC	Real Estate	24,632,994	9	0.20%	-			
Won and Jay Inc	Real Estate	22,447,401	10	0.18%	-			
Seacrest San Clemente LP	Real Estate	-			51,916,623	1	0.67%	
Reserve North at Forester	Real Estate	-			39,673,349	2	0.51%	
ICU Medical, Inc.	Medical	-			32,229,032	4	0.42%	
LBK IB Limited Partnership	Real Estate	-			24,937,461	5	0.32%	
W Lyons Homes LLC	Real Estate	-			24,521,828	6	0.32%	
Golf Investments LLC	Golf Course	-			20,808,000	9	0.27%	
Pardee Construction	Construction	 -			20,066,612	10	0.26%	
		\$ 500,745,897		4.05%	\$ 292,343,561		3.78%	

Source: Orange County Assessor's Office

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total Tax				llections in	Total Collection		Outstand Delinquent	Taxes
Fiscal Year	Levy for Fiscal Year	Amount	Percent of Levy	Sı	ıbsequent Years	Amount	Percent of Levy	Amount	Percent of Levy
2003 - 2004	\$ 15,305,359	\$ 14,844,401	98.95%	\$	299,444	\$ 15,143,845	98.94%	\$ 216,357	1.42%
2004 - 2005	21,325,884	21,160,560	128.67%		146,406	21,306,966	99.91%	281,451	1.70%
2005 - 2006	26,319,945	25,908,253	126.66%		248,893	26,157,146	99.38%	440,028	2.13%
2006 - 2007	29,847,548	29,052,670	98.70%		407,428	29,460,098	98.70%	800,561	2.68%
2007 - 2008	32,658,925	31,607,230	96.78%		534,706	32,141,935	98.42%	1,046,334	3.20%
2008 - 2009	32,849,831	32,289,655	98.29%		313,380	32,603,035	99.25%	939,392	2.86%
2009 - 2010	30,873,785	28,108,722	91.04%		675,969	28,784,691	93.23%	633,052	2.05%
2010 - 2011	30,847,755	30,201,236	97.90%		239,066	30,440,302	98.68%	465,959	1.51%
2011 - 2012	30,356,687	29,507,606	97.20%		24,860	29,532,466	97.28%	531,576	1.75%
2012 - 2013	30,608,681	30,528,268	99.74%		444,271	30,972,538	101.19%	451,927	1.48%

Note:

Source: Orange County Auditor Controller's Office

⁽¹⁾ Data for City of San Clemente prior to 2004-2005. Information includes the Redevelopment Agency for 2005-2006. This schedule also include amounts collected by the City and Redevelopment Agency that were passed through to other agencies.

⁽²⁾ Adjustments were made in all years presented to delete penalties and interest collected. Adjustments were made to fiscal years 2004-2005 and 2005-2006 Total Tax Levy to account for ERAF in those years.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Business-Type Governmental Activities Activities Certificates Special Total Percentage Fiscal Capital Primary of Personal of Assessment Capital Per Year Participation Bonds Leases Leases Government Income Capita (1) \$ \$ 2003 - 2004 3,190,000 31,040,000 51,576 6,318 34,287,894 1.43% 543 2004 - 2005 3,110,000 28,805,000 31,070 31,946,070 489 1.22% 2005 - 2006 3,025,000 26,435,000 177,711 29,637,711 1.04% 447 2006 - 2007 2,930,000 147,207 26,982,207 0.89% 400 23,905,000 2007 - 2008 2,830,000 22,960,000 110,278 25,900,278 0.84% 381 2008 - 2009 2,725,000 22,040,000 91,953 24,856,953 0.82% 364 2009 - 2010 340 2,610,000 20,690,000 56,062 23,356,062 0.85% 2010 - 2011 2,485,000 19,490,000 17,929 21,992,929 346 0.76% 2011 - 2012 1,655,000 18,015,000 164,691 19,834,691 0.71% 309 294.57 2012 - 2013 1,560,000 17,325,000 127,026 19,012,026 0.61%

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT

June 30, 2013

Assessed valuation was \$12,506,117,671 in FY 2012-13		Debt
	%	June 30,
	Applicable	2013
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:		
Metropolitan Water District	0.596%	\$ 983,907
Capistrano Unified School District School Facilities Improvement		
District No. 1	22.74%	8,999,684
Santa Margarita Water District CFD No. 99-1	100%	96,210,000
Capistrano Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 90-2	100%	88,175,000
City of San Clemente Communtiy Facilities District No. 99-1	100%	4,850,000
City of San Clemente 1915 Act Bonds	100%	 12,475,000
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSED DEBT		 211,693,591
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:		
Orange County General Fund Obligations	2.923%	5,569,660
Orange County Pension Obligations	2.923%	8,952,776
Orange County Board of Education Certificates of Participation	2.923%	460,957
Municipal Water District of Orange County Water Facilities Corporation	3.508%	352,028
Capistrano Unified School District Certificates of Participation	18.914%	3,713,764
City of San Clemente Certificates of Participation	100%	 1,560,000
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT		20,609,185
LESS: MWDOC WATER FACILITIES CORPORATION (100% SELF-SUPPORT)	ING)	 352,028
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT		\$ 20,257,157
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT		232,302,776
NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT		231,950,748

Note:

For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the city's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therfore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

Source: California Municipal Statistics

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fisc	al Yea	ır	
	2004	 2005		2006	 2007
Assessed valuation	\$ 6,831,695,883	\$ 7,738,679,928	\$	7,707,375,828	\$ 9,999,403,871
Conversion percentage	25%	25%		25%	25%
Adjusted assessed valuation	1,707,923,971	1,934,669,982		1,926,843,957	2,499,850,968
Debt limit percentage	15%	15%		15%	15%
Debt limit	256,188,596	290,200,497		289,026,594	374,977,645
Total net debt applicable to limit	 	 			
Legal debt margin	\$ 256,188,596	\$ 290,200,497	\$	289,026,594	\$ 374,977,645
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0%	0%		0%	0%

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state.

Source: City Finance Department

Orange County Tax Assessor's Office

Fiscal Year

2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
\$ 12,486,975,516	\$ 12,855,038,349	\$ 12,631,336,846	\$ 12,430,204,040	\$ 12,355,909,506	\$ 12,425,256,552
25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
3,121,743,879	3,213,759,587	3,157,834,212	3,107,551,010	3,088,977,377	3,106,314,138
15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
468,261,582	482,063,938	473,675,132	466,132,652	463,346,606	465,947,121
_	_	_	_	_	_
\$ 468,261,582	\$ 482,063,938	\$ 473,675,132	\$ 466,132,652	\$ 463,346,606	\$ 465,947,121
0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (amounts expressed in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Median Age (5)	Percentage High School Grad or Higher (5)	School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
2003 - 2004	62,988	\$ 2,399,880	\$ 38,101	38	90%	8,733	2.50%
2004 - 2005	65,031	2,613,696	40,192	38	90%	9,072	3.00%
2005 - 2006	66,077	2,861,028	43,298	38	90%	9,361	2.70%
2006 - 2007	66,833	3,031,758	45,363	38	90%	9,468	2.70%
2007 - 2008	67,549	3,096,478	45,840	38	90%	9,550	3.90%
2008 - 2009	68,234	3,025,836	44,345	40	94%	9,659	6.40%
2009 - 2010	68,763	2,751,758	40,018	39	95%	9,700	7.56%
2010 - 2011	63,743	2,890,823	45,509	39	94%	9,743	7.40%
2011 - 2012	64,208	2,787,333	43,411	39	95%	9,757	6.50%
2012 - 2013	64,542	3,091,175	47,894	40	94%	9,244	5.30%

- Sources: (1) State Department of Finance and 2010 U.S. Census
 - (2) Office of Economic Development
 - (3) California Department of Education/Local Unified School District
 - (4) State of California Employment Development Department
 - (5) U.S. Census Bureau

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2013			2004	
Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percent of Total City Employment	Number of Employees	Rank	Percent of Total City Employment
Capistrano Unified School District (CUSD)	573	1	1.94%	Not available		
Saddleback Memorial Medical Center	299	2	1.01%			
City of San Clemente	215	3	0.73%			
Walmart	204	4	0.69%			
Fisherman's Restaurants	187	5	0.63%			
Albertsons	181	6	0.61%			
Lowe's Home Improvement	150	7	0.51%			
ICU Medical	146	8	0.49%			
Target Retail Store	130	9	0.44%			
Quest Diagnostics	116	10	0.39%			

[&]quot;Total Employment" as used above represents the total employment of all employers located within City limits.

Source: State Economic Development Department

City of San Clemente MuniServices, LLC

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Years **Function** General government Public safety Police (contract) Fire (contract) Marine Safety Community Development Engineering Building Code Compliance Planning Administration Public Works Maintenance Beaches, Parks, and Recreation Water Sewer Clean Ocean Storm Drain Utility Solid Waste

Source: City of San Clemente Budget

Golf Course

Total



OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year

riscai i eai				
2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
-	-	-	-	27,776
-	-	-	-	358
21,947	23,623	22,523	20,331	20,652
89	77	81	99	84
2,262	2,324	2,365	2,114	2,283
1,320	1,396	1,647	1,221	1,203
4.63	3.48	2.65	5.27	6.06
3,221	3,704	4,033	568	531
154,560	174,792	170,015	120,903	86,882
3,208	3,414	3,398	1,043	1,238
86,379	73,847	86,564	95,375	95,898
186	95	156	190	24
9,226	8,602	10,333	9,833	9,329
265	117	901	42	33
4,450	4,660	4,708	4,206	4,120
	21,947 89 2,262 1,320 4.63 3,221 154,560 3,208 86,379 186 9,226	21,947 23,623 89 77 2,262 2,324 1,320 1,396 4.63 3.48 3,221 3,704 154,560 174,792 3,208 3,414 86,379 73,847 186 95 9,226 8,602	2004 2005 2006 - - - 21,947 23,623 22,523 89 77 81 2,262 2,324 2,365 1,320 1,396 1,647 4.63 3.48 2.65 3,221 3,704 4,033 154,560 174,792 170,015 3,208 3,414 3,398 86,379 73,847 86,564 186 95 156 9,226 8,602 10,333 265 117 901	2004 2005 2006 2007 - - - - 21,947 23,623 22,523 20,331 89 77 81 99 2,262 2,324 2,365 2,114 1,320 1,396 1,647 1,221 4.63 3.48 2.65 5.27 3,221 3,704 4,033 568 154,560 174,792 170,015 120,903 3,208 3,414 3,398 1,043 86,379 73,847 86,564 95,375 186 95 156 190 9,226 8,602 10,333 9,833 265 117 901 42

N.A. - not available

^{*} The change in amounts during 2007 was due to changes in performance measurement reporting.

^{**} These operating indicators were added in 2012, no data was available prior to 2008.

T 1	***
Fiscal	Year

Fiscal Tear							
2009	2010	2011	2012	2013			
25,351	26,233	25,008	23,651	24,082			
450	404	426	257	487			
22,528	17,855	18,591	17,851	13,713			
70	72	49	72	55			
2,159	2,418	2,084	2,540	2,137			
968	1,361	696	171	917			
4.24	3.50	2.83	1.79	0.69			
514	452	359	519	507			
89,464	104,879	106,809	129,682	106,497			
1,169	694	664	825	916			
95,190	91,834	89,117	90,118	88,177			
27	7	34	27	8			
9,901	8,396	7,266	7,587	8,144			
•	,	,	,	,			
19	3	5	4	6			
4,050	3,971	4,060	3,883	3,859			
•		•					

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 **Function** Public safety Police: Stations 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 3 3 3 Fire stations Highways and streets 134.00 Streets (miles) 132.60 133.10 131.10 131.15 Streetlights 3,183 3,185 3,259 3,259 3,357 Traffic signals 58 69 70 72 68 Beaches, parks and recreation Parks 19 21 21 25 20 Swimming pools 1 2 2 2 1 Libraries 1 1 1 1 1 Community centers 1 1 1 1 1 Municipal golf courses 1 1 1 1 1 Water Water mains (miles) 172.90 172.90 173.10 173.10 206.40 Fire hydrants 2,179 2,224 2,230 2,281 2,230 Maximum daily capacity 12,500 12,500 13,571 12,297 12,600 (thousands of gallons) Sewer Sanitary sewers (miles) 179.15 179.15 179.15 179.15 174.60 Storm sewers (miles) 57.60 57.60 62.50 62.50 62.50 Maximum daily treatment capacity 6,976 6,976 6,976 6,976 6,976 (thousands of gallons)

N.A. - not available

	Tiscui Teur							
2009	2010	2010 2011 2012		2013				
1	1	1	1	1				
3	3	3	3	3				
149.68	134.00	134.00	136.00	136.00				
3,357	3,360	3,404	3,419	3,428				
74	74	74	74	74				
20	19	19	20	20				
1	1	1	3	3				
1	1	1	1	1				
1	1	1	1	1				
1	1	1	1	1				
206.40	206.40	206.40	206.40	206.40				
2,281	2,281	2,281	2,281	2,281				
12,600	12,600	12,600	12,600	86,000				
174.60	174.60	174.60	174.60	174.60				
62.50	62.50	62.50	62.50	62.50				
6,976	6,976	6,976	6,976	6,976				

