1 2 3 4 5	SCOTT C. SMITH, Bar No. 120736 scott.smith@bbklaw.com ALISHA WINTERSWYK, Bar No. 240969 alisha.winterswyk@bbklaw.com BEST BEST & KRIEGER LLP 18101 Von Karman Avenue, Suite 1000 Irvine, California 92612 Telephone: (949) 263-2600 Facsimile: (949) 260-0972	EXEMPT FROM FEES PER GOV. CODE § 6103	
6 7 8	Attorneys for Respondents CITY OF SAN CLEMENTE; CITY COUNCIL OF SAN CLEMENTE; and PLANNING COMMISSION OF CITY OF SAN CLEMENTE		
9	SUPERIOR COURT OF	THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
10	COUNTY OF ORANGE	E – CIVIL COMPLEX CENTER	
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12	EMERGENCY SHELTER COALITION, a non-profit organization,	Case No. 30-2019-01080355-CU-WM-CXC	
13	Petitioner,	(CEQA)	
14	·	Assigned to:	
15	V.	Judge Randall J. Sherman, Dept. CX105	
16 17 18	CITY OF SAN CLEMENTE; CITY COUNCIL OF SAN CLEMENTE; and PLANNING COMMISSION OF CITY OF SAN CLEMENTE, Respondents.	NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION OF RESPONDENTS FOR AN ORDER REQUIRING PETITIONER TO PAY THE COSTS THAT THE CITY OF SAN CLEMENTE INCURRED IN PREPARING THE ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD	
19		Date: November 22, 2019	
20		Time: 10:00 a.m. Dept: CX105	
21		[Filed concurrently with Declaration of Alisha M. Winterswyk; [Proposed] Order]	
22		Petition for Writ of Mandate Filed	
23		June 28, 2019	
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	MOTION FOR ORDER REQUIRING PETITI	ONER TO PAY ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD COSTS	

NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION

TO THE COURT, ALL PARTIES, AND COUNSEL OF RECORD:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, on November 22, 2019, at 10:00 a.m., or as soon thereafter as the matter may be heard, in Department CX105 of the above-captioned court located at 751 West Santa Ana Boulevard, Santa Ana, CA 92701, Respondent City of San Clemente ("City") will, and hereby does, move this Court for an order requiring Petitioner Emergency Shelter Coalition ("Petitioner") to (1) pay the City the \$10,516.85 in costs that the City incurred to prepare the administrative record in the above-captioned action; and (2) make this payment no later than November 27, 2019 and before the City releases the administrative record to Petitioner.

This motion is made under Code of Civil Procedure sections 1094.5 and 1094.6, Public Resources Code section 21167.6, and case law interpreting these statutes. In particular, this motion is made on the following grounds:

- 1. California law requires Petitioner to pay the costs of preparing the administrative record. Petitioner filed its petition for writ of mandate in this action under Code of Civil Procedure section 1094.5 and the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"), and both statutes require Petitioner to bear administrative record preparation costs. (Code Civ. Proc., §§ 1094.5, subd. (a) ["the cost of preparing the record shall be borne by the petitioner"], 1094.6, subd. (c); Pub. Resources Code, § 21167.6, subd. (b)(1).) California courts have repeatedly held that a petitioner in a CEQA action is statutorily obligated to pay the costs of preparing the administrative record. (See *Coalition for Adequate Review v. City and County of San Francisco* (2014) 229 Cal.App.4th 1043, 1052-1053 [CEQA's "cost provision, by its plain terms, places the costs an agency incurs in preparing the record on the parties, not the public agency"]; see also *Black Historical Society v. City of San Diego* (2005) 134 Cal.App.4th 670, 677-678.)
- 2. "[A] petitioner can be ordered to pay for a requested record during the early stages of the litigation, before the merits of the case are ever heard." (Coalition for Adequate Review, supra, 229 Cal.App.4th at p. 1053; see also Black Historical Society, supra, 134 Cal.App.4th at pp. 674, 677-678 [trial court issued order requiring the petitioner "to bear the costs of preparing the administrative record," and "[n]othing in this order suggested the City was required to release 55452.02144\32406567.4

the record without prior payment"].) Petitioner here had the option to prepare the administrative record itself, but it elected to burden the City with the task. (Declaration of Alisha Winterswyk ("Winterswyk Decl."), ¶ 2, Exh. 1.) Petitioner should thus be ordered to pay the costs the City incurred in preparing the administrative record before the City releases the record.

- 3. The City reasonably and necessarily incurred over \$10,516.85 in costs preparing the record, and it should not be required to release the Record until Petitioner pays these costs. "[A] public agency can refuse to release a record it has been asked to prepare until the petitioner making the request has paid the agency's preparation costs." (Coalition for Adequate Review, supra, 229 Cal.App.4th at p. 1053.) Here, the City reasonably incurred over \$10,516.85 to prepare an administrative record that entails 1,379 pages. (Winterswyk Decl., ¶ 11.) California law requires Petitioner to pay the City these costs. (Code Civ. Proc., §§ 1094.5, subd. (a), 1094.6, subd. (c); Pub. Resources Code, § 21167.4, subd. (b)(1).)
- 4. The Court has already ordered that, if this Motion is granted, Petitioner must pay the City's administrative record costs by November 27, 2019. (See Winterswyk Decl., Exh. 7 [Notice of Ruling, p. 3:4-5] ["On or before November 27, 2019, Petitioner shall pay the administrative record costs requested by the City."].)

This Motion is based on this Notice of Motion and Motion, the attached Memorandum of Points and Authorities, the Declaration of Alisha M. Winterswyk, all other pleadings and papers on file herein, such evidence and oral argument as may be presented at or before the time of the hearing, and on any other matters properly before the Court at the time of the hearing.

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Dated: October 30, 2019 BEST BEST & KRIEGER LLP

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By: /s/ Alisha Winterswyk SCOTT C. SMITH

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ALISHA WINTERSWYK Attorneys for Respondents CITY OF SAN CLEMENTE; CITY COUNCIL OF SAN CLEMENTE; and PLANNING COMMISSION OF CITY OF

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MOTION FOR ORDER REQUIRING PETITIONER TO PAY ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD COSTS

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

California law is clear: "the cost of preparing the record <u>shall</u> be borne by the petitioner." (Code Civ. Proc., § 1094.5, subd. (a), emphasis added.) Petitioner Emergency Shelter Coalition ("Petitioner") nevertheless refuses to pay this cost—even though Petitioner has cited no authority justifying its refusal. (Declaration of Alisha Winterswyk ("Winterswyk Decl."), ¶ 6.)

Petitioner had the choice under the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA") to prepare the administrative record ("Record") in this action. (Pub. Resources Code, § 21167.6, subd. (b)(2).) Rather than prepare the Record itself, Petitioner elected to burden Respondent City of San Clemente ("City") with the task. (Winterswyk Decl, ¶ 2, Exh. 1.) California law provides that in such circumstance, Petitioner must pay the costs incurred by the City in preparing the Record. (Code Civ. Proc., §§ 1094.5, subd. (a), 1094.6, subd. (c).) Indeed, "a public agency can refuse to release a record it has been asked to prepare until the petitioner making the request has paid the agency's preparation costs." (Coalition for Adequate Review v. City and County of San Francisco (2014) 229 Cal.App.4th 1043, 1053; see also Black Historical Society v. City of San Diego (2005) 134 Cal.App.4th 670, 677-678.)

The City incurred over \$10,516.85 in costs to prepare the Record. (Winterswyk Decl., ¶11.) California law entitles the City to withhold releasing the Record to Petitioner until Petitioner fulfills its statutory obligation and pays the City these costs. (See *Black Historical Society, supra*, 134 Cal.App.4th at pp 677-678; *Coalition for Adequate Review, supra*, 229 Cal.App.4th at p. 1053.) The City therefore requests that the Court grant this Motion and order Petitioner to pay the City, no later than November 27, 2019, the \$10,516.85 in costs that the City incurred preparing the Record.

II. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

A. Petitioner Requested That The City Prepare The Administrative Record

The City adopted Ordinance Nos. 1673 and 1674 ("Ordinances") to protect the public health and safety by designating City-owned property located at 380 Avenida Pico as the sole public area in the city available for camping by persons experiencing homelessness. (Petition, 6

¶ 1.) Petitioner challenged the City's adoption of the Ordinances via a petition for writ of mandate ("Petition") filed on June 28, 2019. (Winterswyk Decl., ¶ 2.) The Petition seeks to set aside the Ordinances alleging, among other things, that the City purportedly did not comply with CEQA before approving the Ordinances. (See Petition, ¶¶ 86-87.)

Concurrent with its filing of the Petition, Petitioner filed a "Request that Respondents Prepare Administrative Record Pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21167.6(a)" ("Request that City Prepare Record"). (Winterswyk Decl., ¶ 2, Exh. 1.) In its Request that City Prepare Record, Petitioner explicitly requested that the City prepare the Record in this action. (*Ibid.*)

B. In Meet And Confer Efforts, Petitioner Refused To Pay Administrative Record Costs And Suggested The City File This Motion

On September 11, 2019, as the parties were negotiating a stipulation regarding preparation of the Record, the City informed Petitioner:

In accordance with Public Resources Code, section 21167.6, the City is preparing the record at ESC's cost and will strive to do so at reasonable cost in light of the scope of the record. The City will provide ESC with a copy of the certified administrative record upon receipt of payment for the same.

(Winterswyk Decl., ¶ 3, Exh. 2 [September 11, 2019 email].)

Petitioner responded on September 17, 2019 by claiming that California law does not require it to pay administrative record preparation costs—a claim Petitioner failed to support with any legal authority. (Winterswyk Decl., ¶ 4, Exh. 3 [Petitioner's September 17, 2019 email].) Later that day, the City provided Petitioner with statutory and decisional authority that unambiguously establishes Petitioner's obligation to pay administrative record preparation costs. (*Id.* at ¶ 5, Exh. 4 [City's September 17, 2019 email].)

Faced with such authority, Petitioner continued to refuse to pay the costs of preparing the Record before the City released to Petitioner a copy of the Record—even though Petitioner could not muster any authority in support of its refusal to pay such costs. Instead, Petitioner suggested that the City file "a costs-related motion with the Court and ask the Court to issue an order 7

requiring ESC to pay costs in the near future." (*Id.* at ¶ 6, Exh. 5 [September 19, 2019 emails].) Moreover, Petitioner baselessly suggested that its obligation to pay the Record preparation costs arises only if the City is the prevailing party in this action—an argument explicitly rejected by California courts. (*Id.* at ¶ 7, Exh. 6 [September 20, 2019 email]; see also *Black Historical Society, supra*, 134 Cal.App.4th at pp. 677-678 [rejecting petitioner's contention that "the record should have been released to it and it was liable for payment only if it failed to prevail on its petition"].)

C. The Court Set The Briefing Schedule For This Motion At A September 20, 2019 Ex Parte Hearing; At The Hearing, The Court Ordered That Petitioner Pay The City's Administrative Record Costs By November 27, 2019 If This Motion Is Granted

Petitioner moved ex parte on September 20, 2019 to obtain a hearing date in this action. (Winterswyk Decl., \P 8.) The City opposed Petitioner's application, arguing (among other things) that the Record had not yet been certified and that Petitioner refused to pay the costs of Record preparation. (*Ibid.*) After hearing oral argument, the Court directed the parties to meet and confer regarding a briefing schedule and hearing date. (*Ibid.*) During these meet and confer efforts, the City again pointed to well-established California law requiring Petitioner to bear the cost of preparing the Record; Petitioner could cite no authority to the contrary, but still refused to comply with its statutory obligation to pay these costs. (*Id.* at \P 9.) The parties eventually agreed to a briefing schedule and a hearing date that took into account that the City would file this Motion, and the Court issued an Order setting a briefing schedule for this Motion. (*Id.* at \P 9, Exh. 7 [Notice of Ruling].)

Notably, the Court also ordered Petitioner to pay the City's administrative record costs by November 27, 2019 if this Motion is granted. (See Winterswyk Decl., Exh. 7 [Notice of Ruling, p. 3:4-5] ["If the Court orders Petitioner to pay administrative record costs in the above-captioned case before the City releases a copy of the certified administrative record to Petitioner, then the following dates control: ... On or before November 27, 2019, Petitioner shall pay the administrative record costs requested by the City."].)

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D. The City Has Incurred Over \$10,516.85 Preparing The Record, But Petitioner Refuses To Pay Any Amount

The City provided Petitioner with the draft administrative record and index shortly after the ex parte hearing, on September 20, 2019. (Winterswyk Decl., ¶ 10, Exh. 8.) Thereafter, the City yet again sought to avoid this motion and sent Petitioner a meet and confer letter regarding its obligation to pay the costs it incurred in preparing the administrative record. (*Ibid.* [October 8, 2019 Letter].) The letter is replete with statutory and decisional authority that unambiguously establishes Petitioner's statutory obligation to pay the costs incurred by the City in preparing the Record. (*Ibid.*) The letter further provided Petitioner with the costs that the City had incurred to date in preparing the Record, and it urged Petitioner to fulfill its statutory obligation and pay the City these costs. Petitioner has not responded to this letter. (*Ibid.*)

The City has now prepared and certified the Record, which consists of 41 documents and 1379 pages, and it did so at significant cost to its taxpayers. (Winterswyk Decl., ¶ 12.) Notably, the City has incurred over \$10,516.85 in actual and reasonable costs to prepare the Record. (*Id.* at ¶¶ 12-16 [providing breakdown of costs incurred by the City].) California law is clear that Petitioner must pay the City these costs, as discussed below.

III. PETITIONER HAS A STATUTORY OBLIGATION TO PAY THE COST OF PREPARING THE ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD

Petitioner cannot reasonably dispute that it is statutorily required to pay the cost of preparing the administrative record. California law on this issue is clear. Petitioner filed its petition for writ of mandate pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 1094.5 and CEQA, and both statutes require Petitioner to pay the cost of preparing the Record. (Petition, ¶ 7.)

Code of Civil Procedure section 1094.5 provides that "the cost of preparing the record shall be borne by the petitioner." (Code Civ. Proc., § 1094.5, subd. (a), emphasis added.) Code of Civil Procedure section 1094.6, which imposes certain requirements for actions brought under Section 1094.5, further reiterates: "The local agency may recover from the petitioner its actual costs for transcribing or otherwise preparing the record." (Code Civ. Proc., § 1094.6, subd. (c).)

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CEQA similarly requires Petitioner to bear the cost of preparing the Record—especially since Petitioner elected to have the City prepare the administrative record. (Pub. Resources Code, § 21167.6, subd. (b)(1); *Black Historical Society, supra*, 134 Cal.App.4th at pp. 677-678; *Coalition for Adequate Review, supra*, 229 Cal.App.4th at p. 1053; *River Valley Preservation Project v. Metropolitan Transit Dev. Bd.* (1995) 37 Cal.App.4th 154, 182 ("*River Valley*").)

In *Black Historical Society v. City of San Diego* (2005) 134 Cal.App.4th 670, the petitioner sought to excuse its failure to file its opening brief on the basis that "the City held the administrative record hostage and refused to release it without advance payment." (*Id.* at p. 677.) The petitioner further contended that "the record should have been released to it and it was liable for payment only if it failed to prevail on its petition." (*Ibid.*) The appellate court expressly rejected these arguments. (*Ibid.*) In doing so, the appellate court explained that "statutory law generally requires a petitioner for a writ of mandate to bear the costs of preparing the record." (*Ibid.*, citing Code Civ. Proc., §§ 1094.5, subd. (a), 1094.6, subd. (c); Pub. Resources Code, § 21167.6, subd. (b)(1).)

Similarly, Coalition for Adequate Review v. City and County of San Francisco (2014) 229 Cal.App.4th 1043 reiterates a petitioner's statutory obligation to bear the cost of preparing the administrative record. CEQA statutorily provides: "The parties shall pay any reasonable costs or fees imposed for the preparation of the record of proceedings in conformance with any law or rule of court." (Pub. Resources Code, § 21167.6, subd. (b)(1).) In interpreting this language, Coalition for Adequate Review explained: "The cost provision, by its plain terms, places the costs an agency incurs in preparing the record on the parties, not the public agency." (Coalition for Adequate Review, supra, 229 Cal.App.4th at p. 1052.) The appellate court further explained that the "statutory obligation" of a petitioner to pay record preparation costs implements an "important policy—that public monies should not be used to fund CEQA challenges brought by private parties." (Id. at p. 1058; see also River Valley, supra, 37 Cal.App.4th at p. 182 ["taxpayers ... should not have to bear the cost of preparing the administrative record in a lawsuit brought by a private individual or entity"].)

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Like the petitioners in Black Historical Society, Coalition for Adequate Review, and River Valley, Petitioner here is statutorily obligated to pay the costs of preparing the Record in this (Code Civ. Proc., §§ 1094.5, subd. (a), 1094.6, subd. (c); Pub. Resources Code, § 21167.6, subd. (b)(1).) Petitioner's obligation to pay these costs is especially acute given that it elected to burden the City with preparation of the Record. (Winterswyk Decl., ¶ 2, Exh. 1; River *Valley*, *supra*, 37 Cal.App.4th at p. 182.)

PETITIONER MUST PAY THE CITY'S RECORD PREPARATION COSTS IV. BEFORE THE CITY RELEASES THE RECORD TO PETITIONER

Courts have repeatedly held that, because a petitioner in a CEQA action is required to pay the costs of preparing the administrative record, "a petitioner can be ordered to pay for a requested record during the early stages of the litigation, before the merits of the case are ever heard." (Coalition for Adequate Review, supra, 229 Cal.App.4th at p. 1053; see also Black Historical Society, supra, 134 Cal. App. 4th at pp. 674, 677-678 [trial court issued order requiring the petitioner "to bear the costs of preparing the administrative record," and "[n]othing in this order suggested the City was required to release the record without prior payment"].)

Indeed, "a public agency can refuse to release a record it has been asked to prepare until the petitioner making the request has paid the agency's preparation costs." (Coalition for Adequate Review, supra, 229 Cal.App.4th at p. 1053, citing Black Historical Society, supra, 134 Cal.App.4th at pp. 674, 677-678.)

Here, the Court may properly order Petitioner to pay the City's Record preparation costs before the City releases the Record to Petitioner. (See Coalition for Adequate Review, supra, 229) Cal.App.4th at p. 1053.) And, as discussed above, Petitioner is statutorily required to pay such costs. (Pub. Resources Code, § 21167.6, subd. (b)(1); Black Historical Society, supra, 134 Cal.App.4th at pp 677-678; Coalition for Adequate Review, supra, 229 Cal.App.4th at p. 1053; River Valley, supra, 37 Cal.App.4th at p. 182.) The City thus requests that the Court issue an order requiring Petitioner to pay the City the \$10,516.85 it has incurred in preparing the Record before the City serves a certified copy of the Record on Petitioner. (Winterswyk Decl., ¶ 12.)

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V. THE CITY REASONABLY INCURRED OVER \$10,516.85_IN COSTS PREPARING THE RECORD, AND PETITIONER MUST PAY THESE COSTS

The City has reasonably and necessarily incurred over \$10,516.85 in costs and fees to prepare the 1,379-page Record. (Winterswyk Decl., ¶ 12.) This cost breaks down as follows:

- 1. <u>City Staff costs.</u> The City reasonably and necessarily incurred over \$1,361.95 in City Staff costs, reflecting time City Staff spent collecting documents and compiling the Record. (Winterswyk Decl., ¶ 13.) In particular, City Staff spent 21 hours collecting documents and compiling the Record, and City Staff hourly rates range between \$43.63 and \$105.00. (*Ibid.*) Petitioner is required to pay these costs. (See *River Valley*, *supra*, 37 Cal.App.4th at pp. 180-181.) In *River Valley*, the appellate court upheld the trial court's determination that petitioner was required to pay the public agency the "labor costs" of the public agency's "employees for time spent collecting and indexing [the] record." (*Ibid.*) These labor costs were not minimal, and included 102 hours spent by the public agency's engineer to "review, organize, and index the administrative record." (*Ibid.*) The appellate court held that these costs were necessary and reasonable. (*Id.* at p. 181.)
- 2. <u>Paralegal costs.</u> The City has incurred \$4,432.20 in costs relating to an experienced CEQA paralegal's work to help collect and organize documents, review emails for relevance, privilege and completeness, communicate with City staff regarding the contents of the Record, and index the Record. (Winterswyk Decl., ¶ 14.) In particular, the paralegal's hourly rate is \$166.00, and the paralegal spent 26.7 hours compiling the Record. (*Ibid.*) Petitioner is required to pay these costs. (*River Valley, supra*, 37 Cal.App.4th at pp. 180-181 [upholding trial court determination requiring petitioner to pay public agency's costs in having paralegal spend 35 hours assembling the administrative record].) These costs were reasonably and necessarily incurred, as the City's Staff lacked extensive experience in preparing an administrative record and thus relied heavily on the paralegal, who has over seven years of experience preparing administrative records in CEQA litigation. (Winterswyk Decl., ¶ 14.)
- 3. <u>Attorney costs.</u> The City has incurred over \$2,681.40 in costs relating to attorney review and supervision of the compiling of the Record. (Winterswyk Decl., ¶ 15.) The attorney 12

rate for work on the Record is \$327.00 per hour, and the City's counsel spent over 8.2 hours preparing the Record. (*Ibid.*) Petitioner is required to pay these costs. (*Otay Ranch, L.P. v. County of San Diego* (2014) 230 Cal.App.4th 60, 70-71 ["Code of Civil Procedure sections 1094.5 and 1094.6 require a petitioner to pay 'actual costs' and expenses of preparing the administrative record," and this may include attorneys' fees].) Notably, the \$2,681.40 in costs that the City seeks to recover represents only the time that the City's counsel spent supervising the compiling of the Record and reviewing it to ensure completeness. (Winterswyk Decl., ¶ 15.) The City is not seeking to have Petitioner pay for the vast majority of time that the City's counsel spent on the Record—including time spent substantively analyzing the contents of the Record, time spent researching issues relating to the Record, time spent meeting and conferring on the Record's contents, and time spent preparing this Motion. The City only seeks to recover those attorneys' fees it actually incurred as a result of the City's attorneys supervising compilation of the Record and reviewing it to ensure completeness. (*Id.* at ¶ 15.)

4. <u>Transcription of audio recordings of public meetings</u>. The City incurred \$2,041.30 in costs transcribing two San Clemente City Council meetings (May 21, 2019 and June 4, 2019), the transcripts of which the City has included in the Record. (Winterswyk Decl., ¶ 16.) CEQA requires that these transcripts be included in the Record. (Pub. Resources Code, § 21167.6, subd. (e)(4).) There can thus be no dispute that the City reasonably and necessarily incurred these costs in preparing the Record. Petitioner is responsible for paying these costs. (*River Valley, supra*, 37 Cal.App.4th at p. 182 [petitioner responsible for transcription costs incurred in preparing record].)

The City reasonably and necessarily incurred the costs discussed above in preparing the Record, and Petitioner is thus statutorily required to pay the City these costs. (Code Civ. Proc., §§ 1094.5, subd. (a), 1094.6, subd. (c); Pub. Resources Code, § 21167.6, subd. (b)(1).)

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LAW OFFICES OF BEST BEST & KRIEGER LLP 8101 VON KARMAN AVENUE, SUITE 1000 IRVINE, CALIFORNIA 92612

VI. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

California law categorically provides that Petitioner must pay the costs of preparing the Record. The City thus requests that the Court issue an order requiring Petitioner to (1) pay the City the \$10,516.85 in costs that the City incurred to prepare the Record; and (2) make this payment no later than November 27, 2019 and before the City releases the Record to Petitioner.

Dated: October 30, 2019 BEST BEST & KRIEGER LLP

By: /s/ Alisha Winterswyk

SCOTT C. SMITH
ALISHA WINTERSWYK
Attorneys for Respondents
CITY OF SAN CLEMENTE; CITY
COUNCIL OF SAN CLEMENTE; and
PLANNING COMMISSION OF CITY OF
SAN CLEMENTE

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PROOF OF SERVICE

At the time of service I was over 18 years of age and not a party to this action. My business address is 18101 Von Karman Avenue, Suite 1000, Irvine, California 92612. On October 30, 2019, I served the following document(s):

NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION OF RESPONDENTS FOR AN ORDER REQUIRING PETITIONER TO PAY THE COSTS THAT THE CITY OF SAN CLEMENTE INCURRED IN PREPARING THE ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD

	By fax transmission. Based on an agreement of the parties to accept service by		
_	fax transmission, I faxed the documents to the persons at the fax numbers listed		
	below. No error was reported by the fax machine that I used. A copy of the record		
	of the fax transmission, which I printed out, is attached.		
	•		

addressed to the persons at the addresses listed below (specify one):

Deposited the sealed envelope with the United States Postal Service, with the postage fully prepaid.

By United States mail. I enclosed the documents in a sealed envelope or package

Placed the envelope for collection and mailing, following our ordinary business practices. I am readily familiar with this business's practice for collecting and processing correspondence for mailing. On the same day that correspondence is placed for collection and mailing, it is deposited in the ordinary course of business with the United States Postal Service, in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid.

I am a resident or employed in the county where the mailing occurred. The envelope or package was placed in the mail at Irvine, California.

By personal service. At ____ a.m./p.m., I personally delivered the documents to the persons at the addresses listed below. (1) For a party represented by an attorney, delivery was made to the attorney or at the attorney's office by leaving the documents in an envelope or package clearly labeled to identify the attorney being served with a receptionist or an Individual in charge of the office. (2) For a party, delivery was made to the party or by leaving the documents at the party's residence with some person not less than 18 years of age between the hours of eight in the morning and six in the evening.

By messenger service. I served the documents by placing them in an envelope or package addressed to the persons at the addresses listed below and providing them to a professional messenger service for service. A Declaration of Messenger is attached.

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LAW OFFICES OF BEST BEST & KRIEGER LLP 01 VON KARMAN AVENUE, SUITE 1000 IRVINE, CALIFORNIA 92612

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct. Executed on October 30, 2019, at Irvine, California. /s/ Laura Palmer LAW OFFICES OF BEST BEST & KRIEGER LLP 18101 VON KARMAN AVENUE, SUITE 1000 IRVINE, CALIFORNIA 92612 55452.02144\32406567.4

PROOF OF SERVICE